"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers, probably followed by fair, Friday; Saturday, fair; moderate, variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,599. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

OLYMPIC'S REPAIRS TO TAKE 3 MONTHS

Perhaps Longer—Divers Report That the Damage Under the Waterline Is Severe.

CRUISER GENERALLY BLAMED

E. W. Sheldon Just Catches Adriatic by Engaging Special Train from Southampton to Liverpool.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 21.—"It is the most cruel case on record," said Harold Sanderson, General Manager of the White Star Line, to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-night on board the world's largest liner, the Olympic, referring to the collision between the Olympic and the British cruiser Hawke yesterday off Cowes.

This sentiment, expressed after Mr. Sanderson had come from a conference of the officials of the line held on board the crippled vessel, exactly expressed the feeling of all those with whom I talked concerning the accident.

Many used stronger language, declaring that the commander of the Hawke must have been crazy, so inexplicable seemed his action.

So far no official statement has been made as to the cause of the accident. Meanwhile, the most feasible explanation is that something went wrong with the hand-steering gear of the Hawke, which was being used at the time of the collision.

No sooner did the Olympic reach her dock here this morning than divers were sent down to ascertain the extent of the damage beneath the waterline. To-night Mr. Sanderson said the result of the examination proved the damage to be very extensive. It has already been decided to patch up the Olympic temporarily prior to sending her to Belfast about two weeks hence.

"It will be all of three months befor she is in commission again," said Mr. Sanderson. "One of the divers, who spent three hours under water examining the injuries, told me the damage was every bit as severe below the waterline as above."

There is a large triangular-shaped hole some twenty feet in height by ten feet broad in the liner's starboard quarter, showing that the impact must have been tremendous.

The Liner Towed Back.

It was shortly after 8 o'clock this morning when the task of towing the Olympic into her Southampton dock began. All night she had been at anchor about a mile off Cowes. The night had passed quietly, the passengers sleeping peacefully in the assurance Capt. Smith had given them that he would have them safe and sound in Southampton this morning.

When THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent arrived off Cowes just before 8 o'clock it was to find the big liner about to commence her return journey. Her decks were alive with passengers, fully resigned to the inevitable. Half a dozen tugs were in attendance, two at the bow and two on either side.

The journey was necessarily slow, for, though the great liner drew but little more aft than forward, the margin of water beneath her keel was very little and the navigation of so huge a vessel was a matter of some difficulty.

The crippled liner presented a very striking spectacle as she crept slowly up the estuary. By 10:30 she was at the entrance to the dock, and fifteen minutes later was safely tied up. She was slightly down at the stern, showing that a good deal of water must have got into the aft holds.

Thus, twenty-four hours after leaving port, the pride of the merchant service, which had set out with every prospect of a record trip across the Atlantic, her every berth occupied, was back again, smashed up and useless for some time to come, and, as everyone aboard loudly declared, through no fault of her own or of her skipper.

Passengers' Views.

The first passenger ashore was Louis F. Swift of Chicago, who, with his wife, was returning home after spending the Summer in Europe. He witnessed the accident and held that the blame rested entirely with the cruiser. "I shall go back to town," said Mr. Smith, "and get away again as soon as I can."

Harry Payne Whitney made the best of the situation. He had made strenuous but futile efforts by wireless while aboard the Olympic to obtain passage on another vessel. "I suppose I shall have to become a permanent Britisher now," he laughingly remarked just before leaving here for London.

Manchesters Meet Zimmerman.

Those on the dock awaiting the arrival of the Olympic included the Duke and Duchess of Manchester. They came down to meet the Duchess's father, Eugene Zimmerman, who was a passenger on the big liner. They had missed seeing him off, arriving too late, but heard of the accident before leaving Southampton, and so waited on. "We were not a bit alarmed," said the Duke, "for we knew every one was safe."

Just then Mr. Zimmerman came ashore. After the greetings were over he said the accident seemed to him to be inexcusable on the Hawke's part. He has arranged to sail by the St. Louis on Saturday.

Describing Capt. Smith as "the

Continued on Page 2.

DIVORCES F. L. WELLMAN.

Wife Gets Decree in Paris—Mrs. Spotswood Also Obtains Freedom.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—It is learned today that a decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Francis Lewis Wellman was rendered by the First Chamber of the Tribunal of the Seine on July 26. The judicial assignation was dated July 4, so that this decree constituted something like a record for quick divorce in Paris.

It was set forth in the decree that Mrs. Wellman, formerly Emma Juch, the prima donna, was married in Stamford, Conn., and that the marriage was a childless one.

The grounds on which the plaintiff obtained a decree "de plano" were that her husband had "addressed insults by letter and had signified to her in coarse terms his intention not to resume living with her." It was ordered by the court that the costs of the suit be paid by Mr. Wellman.

A decree was recently rendered by the Fourth Chamber of the Tribunal of the Seine dissolving the marriage of Katherine von Wolff Spotswood and her husband, Dandridge Spotswood. No other details are obtainable at present.

Francis Lewis Wellman is widely known as a public prosecutor and corporation lawyer. He was admitted to the bar in Boston in 1883. He served as Junior Assistant Corporation Counsel for the City of New York under Corporation Counsels Andrews and Lacombe.

Mr. Wellman was appointed First Assistant District Attorney under De Lancey Nicoll. He conducted the prosecution of many noted prisoners. In 1894 he resigned to enter private practice. He is the author of "The Art of Cross-Examination" and other works on legal subjects.

Emma Juch was one of the best known and most popular sopranos in the United States. Her parents were Germans and she was born in Vienna in 1861. She sang here first in 1885, and continued to be a favorite in many rôles until her marriage to Mr. Wellman.

Mrs. Dandridge Spotswood has lived in Paris for several years. Mr. Spotswood is directly descended from Alexander Spotswood, the first Governor of Virginia. Mrs. Spotswood was Katherine von Wolff, daughter of an aristocratic Austrian who came to this country and fought through the civil war. She was appointed a lady in waiting at the Austrian Court and gave up Court life to marry. At one time she was spoken as as the most beautiful American woman in Paris.

BANK RATES RAISED.

Bank of England's Figure 4 Per Cent. —Increases in Other Capitals.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Bank of England raised its discount rate from 3 to 4 per cent. to-day, a week earlier than last year, in order to protect its reserve against possible unexpected demands before the usual Autumn gold shipments are thoroughly under way.

Curiously, money remains remarkably cheap and plentiful, and the Bank of England's stock of coin and bullion stands near $215,000,000, but a measure of protection is considered necessary in view of the Continental political situation and the advanced bank rates at various capitals.

The fact that London discount dealers forced private rates over the Bank's minimum of 3 per cent., causing an inundation of bills in the Bank of England, was another factor in the adoption of the higher minimum.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The rate of discount of the Bank of France was raised to-day from 3 to 3½ per cent.

VIENNA, Sept. 21.—The rate of discount of the Imperial Bank of Austria was advanced from 4 to 5 per cent. to-day.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 21.—The rate of discount of the Bank of Belgium was raised from 5 to 5½ per cent. to-day.

TROLLEY CAR OVERBOARD.

Laden with Passengers, It Plunges Into a Canal Feeder—Only One Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 21.—Carrying seventeen passengers in addition to the crew, a trolley car on the Prospect Street line of the Trenton & Mercer County Traction Corporation system, plunged front foremost into the feeder of the Delaware & Raritan Canal early this afternoon. The motorman, Chester A. Iron, was the only person injured. His wounds were slight and he refused to be removed to a hospital.

The car was returning from Cadwalader Park, and as it approached the Prospect Street Bridge the latter was turned to permit the passage of a barge. The car, either through the fault of the motorman or the brakes, failed to stop, and the front end plunged into the water. Iron forced a door of the platform open, and, although cut and bruised, swam ashore. Meanwhile the passengers, many of whom were women and children, scrambled wildly for the rear exit, climbing upon the backs of the seats to reach the door.

That no one was seriously hurt is considered remarkable, as the water rushed through the open windows and filled the front part of the car, which was submerged.

WEED TEA MAY PROVE FATAL.

Woman Who Took It for Rheumatism Is Dying—Two Children Made Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Sept. 21.—Mrs. Andrew Kramer and her two children are dying at their home here to-day as a result of drinking a tea made from weeds yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Kramer took the potion for rheumatism and when she was taken ill her two little girls took sips of it before calling the neighbors. Dr. Charles I. Silk worked over the three all night and hopes for the recovery of the youngsters. It is said the mother will not recover.

Mrs. Kramer, who has been troubled with rheumatism for years, was told yesterday by neighbors that a decoction of a certain weed growing in the fields would furnish immediate relief. The plant was gathered in large quantities and yesterday simmered on the stove. Early in the evening the mother drank of the supposed tea and later drank again. The children's curiosity was aroused and when the mother fainted they tasted the deadly cup also.

DEWEY'S PURE CLARET WINES.
A great aid to digestion, with meals. H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y. —Adv.

STEEL TRUST PLANS TO CONFORM TO LAW

Reported to be Negotiating Reorganization with Wickersham to Escape Prosecution.

HEAVY BREAK IN STOCKS

Common Declines 5¼ and Preferred 5⅛ Points—Gary Sheds No Light on Situation—Dissolution Difficult.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—It is understood here that the United States Steel Corporation is following the example of the International Harvester Company in seeking by voluntary dissolution to escape prosecution by the Government. As in the case of the International Harvester Corporation, attorneys of the Steel Trust are reported to be negotiating with Attorney General Wickersham upon a plan of re-organization that will conform to the requirements of the Sherman Anti-Trust act as interpreted by the United States Supreme Court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases.

Soon after the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust decisions were handed down last Spring Solicitor General Lehmann of St. Louis was intrusted with the task of going over an enormous mass of evidence against the Steel Trust and preparing papers in a suit for its dissolution. No further information has reached the public since that time. It is the understanding here now that the proceedings against the Steel Corporation have been held in abeyance pending the outcome of the negotiations for a voluntary dissolution. But neither Mr. Lehmann nor any official of the Department of Justice would discuss the subject to-day.

As in the case of the Harvester Company the negotiations are understood to have been conducted quietly and directly with Attorney General Wickersham at his Summer home in Cedarhurst, L. I. In neither instance has any intimation of the details of the proposed scheme of dissolution become public. It is assumed that the Attorney General will consent to nothing less than what the Supreme Court directed with reference to the Standard Oil and Tobacco Companies. This would require the disintegration of the Harvester and Steel combinations into their original component parts. It would mean, for instance, that the Steel Corporation would have to restore the independence of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, which it took over with President Roosevelt's approval during the panic of 1907.

The United States Steel Corporation was publicly assailed throughout the Summer in the hearings held by the Special House Committee appointed to investigate the steel business. Evidence was then submitted tending, in the opinion of many lawyers, to prove flagrant violation of the anti-trust law by the Steel Corporation. This committee is planning to reopen these hearings the latter part of next month. Andrew Carnegie and J. P. Morgan are then expected to be the chief witnesses. From the complexion of this committee only a stinging report characterizing the Steel Corporation as a bad trust and a dangerous monopoly can be expected. In view of the activity in Congress and the known labors of Solicitor General Lehmann the opinion here is that the steel combination is making an effort "to get in out of the wet" in the least expensive and most expeditious manner possible.

Progressives of both parties eagerly await information as to the precise details of the Attorney General's action. Apparently this official is about to promulgate an executive "rule of reason" of far-reaching effect, which either may prove another immunity device or else the most important solution of the trust problem yet devised. It is the understanding that Mr. Wickersham will take whatever agreement is made to the United States courts, and obtain a decree enjoining the trust to carry out its terms.

Although there was no official information made public in this city yesterday concerning the negotiations of the United States Steel Corporation with the Department of Justice or the attitude of the company's officials toward dissolution along the lines which the International Harvester Company is working out, the general uneasiness over the outcome resulted in declines of 5¼ and 5⅛ points in the common and preferred shares, respectively, the heaviest losses in any one day since 1907. Trading in these issues was in enormous volume, the common stock transactions numbering 576,400 shares, nearly one-half of all the business done in the day's session on the Stock Exchange, while 52,720 preferred shares were sold.

The common stock touched 58, the lowest point since May, 1909, before the dividend had been raised from 2 per cent. to 5 per cent. This level represents a decline of 24¼ points in the shares from the high point reached in February, and 36⅞ points below the stock's high record of 94⅞, made a little less than a year ago. The preferred shares for several years past have been regarded more in the light of an investment than a speculative issue, and such activity as that which appeared yesterday is unprecedented. At the point reached yesterday, 104¼, the stock reached its lowest level since the Summer of 1908, when it was on its way up from the drop to 79½ in the panic of 1907. At yesterday's lowest price the stock is 26¾ points below its high level of 131, reached last Fall.

Selling orders apparently came from all over the country and abroad over night, and almost at the opening, the preferred dropped 4½ points, and the common 1¼ points. There was some betterment after the first hour, when supporting orders appeared, and the comparative steadiness of the general market was demonstrated.

Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Steel Corporation, did not appear at his office at 71 Broadway until noon. He was awaited by a crowd of news seekers, but politely refused to throw any light on the situation. "I cannot say anything," he announced, and shut himself up in his office.

In the lack of knowledge of just what was taking place in the corporation's affairs, the Street inclined to the gloomiest view of the outlook. Rumors were as various as the possibilities of the situation. It was reported in some quarters that papers for a suit to dissolve the company were already drawn up. On the other hand, the belief that the corporation would follow the lead of the International Harvester Company and voluntarily separate itself into its component parts was discredited. In usually well-informed quarters it was conceded that a Government suit against the company was expected, but that it was an open question whether a fight would be made against a dissolution.

The news of Chairman Gary's non-commital attitude coming over the news tickers in the noon hour was coincident with another selling movement in the steel shares, which put them down to the low levels of the day. It was taken as a strong indication that a dissolution was to be looked for, whether voluntary or as the result of a Government suit.

Whatever the course decided upon by the Steel Corporation the actual division of the company would undoubtedly come about through the courts. The problem of dividing the company's properties among its shareholders is highly complicated by the immense variety of properties owned, the great number of underlying securities, and the fact that the corporation itself has two classes of stock and two classes of bonds. The bonds amount to $465,189,500, and there is $131,130,661 in subsidiary bonds and $3,097,792 purchase money obligations. The preferred stock amounts to $360,281,100 and the common stock to $508,302,500, making the total securities $1,468,001,553.

GEORGE ADE'S FABLES.
His revival of the work in which he made his first success has been greeted with delight by his admirers. The fourth of his "1911 model" fables will appear in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

ADMITS HE KILLED MAN IN FREIGHT CAR

Isaac Weiss, a Homeless Cripple, Was Robbing His Victim When Pistol Went Off.

INSISTS IT WAS ACCIDENTAL

Dead Man Was Known to Him Only as "Dick," and Had Befriended Him —Tells Under Examination.

Within twenty-four hours after the discovery on Wednesday evening of the body of a murdered man in a sealed freight car of the New York, Ontario & Western Railroad in the Pennsylvania Railroad yard in Jersey City the Newark police had arrested a man on suspicion who has since confessed that he was the slayer.

"Yes, yes, I killed him, but I shot him accidentally," he cried. "I was robbing him and didn't mean to do it."

The prisoner is Isaac Weiss, 16 years old, who said he lived last at 95 Rivington Street, Manhattan. He was arrested in the railroad yards in Waverly because he answered the description of the person who had been seen with the murdered man in an East Ferry Street saloon on Tuesday evening. He admitted at once to the police that he had met a stranger that evening in East Ferry Street, and that they had had several drinks together, but he declared that they had parted and he had seen the man no more.

This story Weiss stuck to when questioned in the Fourth Precinct Station, but when taken to Police Headquarters he failed to substantiate several points, and these were used by Capt. Carroll to extort his confession.

After he had been allowed to regain his composure Weiss was questioned again, and told a circumstantial story of his acquaintance with the man he had killed, but he declared he knew nothing about him except that he was a mechanic and had said to call him "Dick." He had also told of having a trunk in a house in West Thirty-seventh Street and of some person he wanted to shoot or to "beat up."

Despite the seeming clearness of his story at some points and an amazing amount of detail as to the movements of himself and the companion he said he "accidentally" killed while robbing him, but his tale was so full of discrepancies that the police were not inclined to give it full credence. The detectives expressed belief that his nerves are unstrung and that he may be romancing.

Weiss said he first became acquainted with "Dick" about a year ago in the Bronx. The man was good to him, giving him food, drink, and money, and they met several times. Later he said he met "Dick" on Tuesday in a Twenty-third Street ferryboat going to Jersey City, and again that they met in the freight yards and started together for Newark without any special object in view.

"Dick," he said, had been drinking. They got a ride on a wagon over the plank road to the eastern section of Newark, where, leaving the wagon, they visited several saloons, "Dick" paying for everything. Late at night they went to the freight siding of the Passaic & Waverly branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad and went to sleep in an empty box car. Weiss said he was the first to awaken on Wednesday morning. "Dick" was still sleeping heavily, so Weiss decided to rob him, as he knew the man still had money. While examining "Dick's" clothing he saw a pistol sticking out of a hip pocket. He drew it out, and while looking it over pressed the trigger. The bullet struck "Dick" in the breast, and after a groan and a violent convulsion he continued apparently to sleep.

Weiss said he did not know the man was dead and continued to strip him of his valuables, but all he found, he declares, was $2. He left the freight car and started back to Newark. He said he wandered around all of Wednesday and spent the $2. At night he slept in a lumber yard near the West Newark terminal of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and there he was found by Policeman Honiss.

Weiss said he tossed the pistol into the meadows not far from the place where he killed "Dick," and promised to point out the spot to detectives.

The story of the lad corresponds almost exactly with such facts as were known before his confession. He wears a steel brace on one of his legs, walks with a limp, and is clothed exactly as was the person seen to leave the freight car shortly before the murder was discovered and who applied for alms to the canal lock tender. He also told the exact conditions on the freight siding between the Passaic River and the car house at the time of the murder, railroad men and others corroborating him as to a loaded lumber car and one filled with leather goods.

Throughout his talk with the detectives after his first admission of guilt, he frequently asked them to believe him when he said that the shooting was accidental.

"He was always good to me," he said, "and I had no reason to kill him. I did want his money, but I did not want to go out drinking with him again."

Weiss says that up to a little more than a year ago he lived at 209 East 110th Street, New York. Both his parents died, and, without home, relatives, or friends, he since then has supported himself by panhandling." He says he lived several months ago in New York at 95 Rivington Street, and had a card showing that he had received treatment in the Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital, 126 East Fifty-ninth Street, Manhattan.

Investigation was begun last night of the portions of his story having New York ends. The New York police have asked for finger prints of the murdered man to determine if he is a member of a New York gang who may have been killed in a quarrel for spoils.

SUES PASTOR FOR RENT.

Stamford Church Trustee Also Withholds Salary Claimed by Clergyman.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 21.—The Rev. George E. Davis, pastor of the Methodist Protestant Church here, has been sued for fourteen months' rent by George A. Rogers, one of the Trustees. Mr. Davis, unable to pay the rent, has moved out of the parsonage and is now seeking to settle the matter. Mr. Rogers has withheld $350 salary claimed by the clergyman.

Mr. Davis admits that he owes the rent bill, but he says he has been unable to meet it because his salary of $800 a year has been paid him in small installments and that he has had much sickness in his family.

Mr. Davis has been twenty-five years a minister in the Methodist Protestant Church. He has been here two years. The little church is quite split up over the trouble. Mr. Davis leaves the church next Sunday. He intends joining the Baptists.

BANKER YOUNG SUED, NEW LAW DISCLOSES

Dr. Baruch's Side of Litigation Over His Stock Deals Helped to Publicity.

GUARANTEED SPECULATION

He Was Never to Lose in Wall Street, Doctor Says—Wants an Accounting —Denial by the Banker.

What counsel for George W. Young, husband of Mme. Nordica and head of the banking firm of George W. Young & Co., declare to be an obvious attempt on the part of Dr. Emanuel Baruch of 57 East Seventy-seventh Street to take advantage of the new law requiring the filing of all papers in Supreme Court actions in the office of the County Clerk with the subsequent probability of their discovery there by the newspapers, was revealed yesterday when there was filed an amended complaint in a suit brought by Dr. Baruch for an accounting by Mr. Young of all financial transactions performed by him on behalf of Dr. Baruch. The complaint charges Mr. Young with bad faith in his dealings with the physician and with having used for his own benefit the property and assets of the physician committed to his care under an agreement by which Mr. Young was to act as Dr. Baruch's financial agent.

The amended complaint, however, differs by not so much as a single comma from the complaint served originally on Mr. Young's attorney, so far as Howard C. Dickinson, Mr. Young's present counsel, says he can find out by a perusal of the papers in the case. The original complaint, a duplicate of the one now become a public document, was served on James Russell Soley of 26 Exchange Place, then counsel for Mr. Young, in December of last year. It was never made public.

Mr. Soley served his answer to the complaint on Dr. Baruch's counsel and the matter was closed so far as Mr. Young or his attorneys were concerned until the case should reach the courts. On Sept. 11 last, however, Mr. Soley died and Mr. Young was left temporarily, therefore, without counsel. He knew nothing of the filing of the amended complaint until notified of it last night by the newspapers. He immediately retained Howard C. Dickinson of Kearny & Dickinson, 115 Broadway, a son-in-law of Mr. Soley.

Mr. Young Sued First.

Mr. Dickinson started an immediate investigation which resulted in his issuing this statement on behalf of Mr. Young late last night:

"The truth of the matter is this: Mr. Young brought suit against Dr. Baruch in November of last year to recover between $70,000 and $80,000, money which he had advanced to the physician to extricate him from financial entanglements incidental to his stock speculations. Mr. Young advanced this money simply because Dr. Baruch was a friend and had been his physician at times, and also because Dr. Baruch on a former occasion had appealed for $15,000 to assist him in a stock transaction and had returned the money promptly.

"Dr. Baruch's reply to this suit was the filing of a complaint in a suit brought by himself to compel an accounting by Mr. Young alleging that the latter had agreed to act as his financial agent and to guarantee him against loss. The nature of Dr. Baruch's suit was such that it appealed to James Russell Soley, Mr. Young's lawyer, as advisable for legal reasons to withdraw Mr. Young's suit and submit it as an answer to Dr. Baruch's suit in order that the matter might be thrashed out in court and a money judgment rendered in favor of Mr. Young if he were successful. With the consent of Dr. Baruch's attorney, this was done.

"Dr. Baruch's case was still pending on Sept. 11 last when Mr. Soley died, leaving Mr. Young temporarily without counsel. Late on Wednesday afternoon Dr. Baruch's counsel, Max Steuer of 115 Broadway, attempted to serve in the office of Mr. Soley the amended complaint in his action against Mr. Young which is now on record. Russell H. Robbins, an associate of Mr. Soley's, returned the complaint, refusing to accept service, and notifying Mr. Steuer that Mr. Soley was dead and that meantime Mr. Young had appointed no new counsel.

"Now, then, despite this refusal of Mr. Robbins, a copy of the amended complaint was filed in the County Clerk's office. It was on last Sept. 1 that the new law relative to the filing of papers became operative. Prior to that date papers were served only on opposing counsel, and thus might never become public. It is obvious, I think, that Mr. Steuer simply took advantage of this new law to place his papers where they could not fail of discovery by the newspapers, for I assure you that the original and the amended complaint might be one document, so far as they differ one from the other. At least, so I am constrained to believe after an examination of the papers in the case.

"Now as to Dr. Baruch's allegations. We have already filed an answer to Dr. Baruch's original complaint, and our answer to this so-called amended but actually unchanged document must be the same. We simply deny all of Dr. Baruch's allegations in so far as they reflect on Mr. Young, while admitting certain minor points as to his some-time services for the doctor."

Dr. Baruch's Complaint.

Dr. Baruch bases his complaint partly on the statement that Mr. Young, when assuming the stewardship of his financial affairs, guaranteed him against loss. The trust was undertaken, says the physician, in return for medical services extending from about 1903 or 1904 to 1907, when, he says, Mr. Young was in constant need of professional attention. It was agreed between them, says the physician, that he was to make no charge for his services, and that Mr. Young in return was to look after his investments and speculations.

The physician declares that he removed all his accounts from the offices of other brokers and transferred them to Post & Flagg, 88 Wall Street, at the instance of Mr. Young. He says he also transferred a large sum of money to them, and later gave $9,000 to Mr. Young for the purchase of stock of the Washington Traction Company of Washington, D. C. He says he believes that Mr. Young realized large profits from this venture, but he charges that Mr. Young has pursued a course of loading in the physician's account all transactions resulting in losses while concealing those which resulted in a profit.

He says that at Mr. Young's instance he opened an account with George W. Young & Co., and that this resulted in a loss for which Mr. Young did not reimburse him, though under the agreement, which the physician alleges was made, he should have done so.

The doctor says that he frequently protested to Mr. Young against the size of the transactions into which the banker entered, but that his qualms were invariably met by Mr. Young's assurances that he need have no worry, since the banker was guaranteeing him against loss. Some of the stock which he says Mr. Young bought for him was that of the Interborough and Metropolitan Railway Companies, in which Mr. Young was a Director.

Several notes which the physician says he made at Mr. Young's direction figure

Continued on Page 2.

FOUND IN LOUVRE ATTICS.

Some of 32 Missing Pictures There, Others in Officials' Rooms.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—After a thorough search all over the Louvre to-day the thirty-two missing pictures of the Sauraegot collection of forty-two paintings were discovered.

Some of the canvases had been relegated to attics and others were adorning the offices of various officials.

The inquiry was due to an urgent order from the Ministry of Fine Arts following the publication of a story that the thirty-two pictures had vanished.

MACKAY STOPS $5 DINNER.

Sure He Has Friends Who Shouldn't Spend So Much to Welcome Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., Sept. 21.—Clarence H. Mackay, head of the Postal Telegraph service, has sent word here that he would prefer a simpler demonstration of welcome than the $5 a plate dinner which residents of this village were arranging for him, and the committee in charge is now very much in the air.

Mr. Mackay has been abroad most of the Summer. It was first planned to welcome him on his return with an informal reception and present him with a loving cup. This idea grew to the size of a big dinner, and the committee wrote Mr. Mackay about it. His reply was to the effect that he felt sure he had many friends who should not care to spend so much on a dinner, and that such a situation would embarrass him.

BOTH COFFEE AND SUGAR UP.

New Prices Recorded and Refined Sugar Expected to Advance.

Coffee and sugar, which have been climbing higher and higher in price with companionable consistency for some months, each yesterday made new records for nearly a generation.

Coffee, that is the contracts traded in on the Coffee Exchange, sold above 12 cents a pound for the first time in sixteen years. This is about 2¾ cents a pound higher than the price level last Winter, when it was at its lowest for 1911.

Sugar, too, is up about 2¾ cents a pound and, although granulated remained yesterday at 6.75 cents a pound, as quoted by the American Sugar Refining Company and as high as 7.50 cents on the quotations of some of the other refiners, an advance of 17 points was made in the raw sugar coming in from Cuba. This sold at 5.92 cents, and an advance is expected to follow in refined sugar.

SHOT BY FIVE IN A TAXICAB.

Youth Wounded by Men He Never Saw Before, and Without Provocation.

Frank Mullen, a driver, of 352 East Thirty-second Street is in Bellevue Hospital with a bullet wound in his thigh as a result of a shooting which the police were unable last night to explain. Mullen, who was taken to the hospital by two young men who appeared after the shooting, said he was walking up and down in front of his home last evening when a black taxicab containing five men drove past.

Without the slightest provocation or the exchange of a single word, he said, the men fired five shots at him, one of which struck his thigh. Then, he says, the taxicab sped on.

Policeman Ryan, a block away, heard the shots and saw the taxicab speeding in Thirty-second Street. He gave chase, but the taxicab turned into First Avenue and escaped. Its rear light was out and the policeman could not see the number. The taxicab was traced as far as Avenue A and Twenty-third Street, where trace of it was lost.

APPRAISER HAS GUN TO SELL

Purchaser at Clearance Sale May Find Trouble Under Sullivan Law.

The law division at the Custom House is somewhat puzzled by the position the Federal Government finds itself in with relation to the Sullivan gun law. On Oct. 3 in the seizure room of the Appraiser's Stores, Christopher and Washington Streets, there will be a sale of some 1,468 abandoned or seized articles. One entry on the list is a shotgun. This is of American make, valued at $19, and was evidently left behind by some one, for it is not dutiable. If this gun is sold the officials are trying to figure out how the purchaser can carry it away without being arrested under the law. The officials believe the gun may have been left by the owner because of the new law.

The list of articles to be disposed of includes 35,000 feet of moving-picture films, a diamond brooch with two diamonds missing; a new gown of sea green and lace, one pair of pink tights, cigarettes by the hundreds, and a steamer chair tagged with the name of Lady Herbert and addressed to 511 Fifth Avenue.

CHENG-TU RELIEVED.

Fifteen Hundred Troops from Tibet Arrive—The Foreigners Safe.

CHUNG-KING, Sept. 21.—Cheng-Tu, the capital of Sze-Chuen, which had been under siege by revolutionary forces for several weeks, has been relieved. Fifteen hundred troops have arrived there from Tibet.

The foreigners are safe and the gates of the city have been reopened.

The telegraph lines are being repaired.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Apparently the uprising in Sze-Chuen has nearly run its course. There is a marked movement toward the restoration of peaceful conditions.

Admiral Murdock from his temporary flagship, the New Orleans, at Han-Kow, has cabled to the Navy Department that official and private reports agree that order has been restored at Cheng-Tu. He adds that doubtless the crisis is now over.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 21.—A general meeting of the International Famine Committe was held here to-day.

The committee will endeavor to influence the Chinese Government to undertake permanent preventive measures against famine, as well as continue to gather funds throughout the world to distribute among the famine and flood sufferers.

The people are starving in Manchuria and in the Provinces of Pe-chi-Li and Kwang-Tung, as well as in the districts of the Yang-tse-Kiang.

We photograph your home, your family, your business, exteriors, interiors, anything. 'Phone Chelsea 2383. Underwood & Underwood.—Adv.

RECIPROCITY THROWN OUT BY CANADIANS

Conservative Landslide Overwhelms Laurier Government and Taft Trade Agreement.

HAVE MAJORITY OF FIFTY

Seven of Laurier's Cabinet Defeated, Including Fielding, Reciprocity Negotiator.

BORDEN WINS IN HALIFAX

Premier Laurier Twice Elected, but Conservatives Gain—Farmers Against Reciprocity.

BORDEN TO BE PREMIER

Will Lead Big Majority in New Parliament Committed Against American Trade Agreement.

TAFT IS DISAPPOINTED

President Says He Had Hoped to See Reciprocity Justify Itself, but Accepts Canada's Answer.

PRESIDENT TAFT DISAPPOINTED.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Sept. 21.—President Taft heard the returns from the Canadian election here to-night while attending a dinner given by the citizens of the city.

"I have just been informed that reciprocity has failed in Canada," he said. "For me it is a great disappointment. I had hoped that it would be put through to prove the correctness of my judgment that it would be a good thing for both countries. It takes two to make a bargain, and if Canada declines we can still go on doing business at the old stand."

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 21.—The Liberal Government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and with it the Taft reciprocity agreement between the United States and Canada, was overwhelmingly defeated in the elections held to-day. The result is a landslide for the Conservatives, who have wiped out a Liberal majority of 45 in the Dominion Parliament and will come to Ottawa with a still greater majority of their own.

The majority was 50 at 10 P. M., with returns in for 212 out of 221 members.

The figures then stood: Conservatives, 131, Liberals 81.

The Liberals lost ground in practically every Province of the Dominion. Where they won their majorities were small. Where the Conservatives won their majorities were tremendous. In Ontario, the leading Province of Canada, where the anti-reciprocity sentiment was the strongest, the Conservatives made almost a clean sweep. Even Quebec has largely forsaken Laurier, and the Nationalists led by Henri Bourassa have captured many seats. Seven of Laurier's Cabinet Ministers have been defeated, including W. S. Fielding and William Paterson, negotiators of the reciprocity agreement. The other Ministers among the fallen are Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia, in Nova Scotia; George P. Graham, Minister of Railways and Canals, in Brockville; W. Mackenzie-King, Minister of Labor, in Berlin, and Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, in Quebec.

Borden's Defeat Disputed.

Robert L. Borden, leader of the victorious opposition, was returned from Halifax by a majority of 200. He will in a short time become Prime Minister of Canada, and as such will be supported by a working majority of members far more than ample for his purposes.

The Government defeat means that the Fielding-Knox reciprocity agreement, ratified by the American Congress in extra session, will not be introduced when the twelfth Parliament assembles next month and that a revired basis of trade with the United States, looking to closer commercial relations, will not be possible in the immediate future. The Conservatives are committed to a policy of trade expansion within the Empire and a closed door against the United States.

It is expected that Sir Wilfrid will tender to the Governor General, Earl Grey, his resignation from office within the next two weeks, although not required to do so until defeated by an adverse vote in the House. Owing to the decisive nature of the defeat and the fact that Earl Grey is to leave Canada early in October, and to the necessity for passing the supply bill which was not put through last session, it is not unlikely that Premier Laurier will wind up his affairs as speedily as possible and tender the resignation of his government in order that a session of Parliament may be summoned within a short time and the new Governor General, the Duke of Connaught, spared the trouble involved in a change of administration. The first business of the new Government will be to put the supply bill through the House, as the public service of the country requires an imme-

diate vote of money. It is not unlikely that the session will be short and may be called early next year.

Although re-elected in two constituencies in Quebec, the defeat of the Liberal party also means the retirement from public life of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who for nearly two decades has directed the destinies of the Dominion. Several times during the bitter campaign which preceded to-day's election the venerable Premier said that defeat of his party at the polls meant the end of his career, that he never would consent to lead a minority in opposition to a conservative Government.

The Loss in Quebec.

A Liberal membership of fifty-three from Quebec was cut down to thirty-six, which, taken alone, seriously threatened the supremacy of the party. But it was in Ontario that the Conservatives won their greatest victory. Spurred on by appeals to patriotism and the cry that reciprocity was the entering wedge for annexation, the Conservatives swept nearly everything before them. That province, which in the last Parliament was represented by 35 Liberals and 51 Conservatives, will send a delegation to the next composed of 13 Liberals and 75 Conservatives. A notable feature of the defeat was the opposition's capture of two hitherto Liberal seats in Saskatchewan.

Montreal, where the manufacturers are stronger than in any other section of the dominion, has elected 6 Conservatives, while Toronto has elected 4, some of the candidates receiving majorities of 5,000. It is the biggest landslide against any Canadian Government since 1891.

The results at 10 o'clock to-night, with a few of the distant constituencies estimated, were:

	Liberals.	Conservatives.
Ontario	13	70
Quebec	38	27
Nova Scotia	10	8
New Brunswick	8	5
Prince Edward Island	2	2
Manitoba	2	9
Saskatchewan	7	3
Alberta	4	1
British Columbia	0	6
Total	81	131

Opposition majority, 50.

Following was the representation of the provinces in the last Parliament:

	Liberals.	Conservatives.
British Columbia	2	5
Yukon	1	0
Saskatchewan	9	1
Alberta	4	3
Manitoba	2	8
Ontario	36	50
Quebec	53	12
New Brunswick	11	2
Nova Scotia	12	6
Prince Edward Island	3	1
Totals	133	88

"There is no doubt but that we have been decisively defeated," declared Sir Wilfrid Laurier early in the evening at Quebec to a group of friends who had gathered with him to hear the returns. "I gladly lay down the Premiership, a burden which I have carried for fifteen years. We believe that in making the reciprocity arrangement we had done something which would be greatly to the benefit of the people of Canada.

"The electors have declared otherwise, and I bow to their decision. I regret that we have been unable to carry reciprocity, which I still believe would have promoted the material advancement of Canada and would have promoted the growing friendship between the United States and Great Britain. However, the country has spoken. We must bow to the inevitable, and I cheerfully do so."

Farmers Against Reciprocity.

The landslide was not expected by either side. The Liberals were confident that they would be returned by the people with an increased majority, for they believed that reciprocity would be most acceptable to the Canadian electors. While the Conservatives claimed that they would have a majority, they did not expect that it would be so large or that the general verdict of the country would be given so decisively against the Government.

They feared that reciprocity would prove popular with the farmers of Ontario and the farmers and fishermen of the Maritime Provinces, and while confident that they would win the cities they were doubtful of the result in rural constituencies. However, in Ontario especially the agricultural vote went almost solidly against reciprocity, and in the Maritime Provinces it did not prove to be the popular issue expected. The farmers and fishermen of the East do not appear to have placed the high value upon the American market which was expected.

Those of the thirteen Laurier Ministers who survive the landslide are William Pugsley of New Brunswick, Minister of Public Works; Charles Murphy of Ontario, Secretary of State; Frank Oliver of Alberta, Minister of the Interior; Premier Laurier, Rudolphe Lemeiux, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and Dr. Boland, Postmaster General in the Province of Quebec. A. B. Aylesworth, Minister of Justice, did not seek re-election, as he had decided to retire from public life, and Sir Richard Cartwright, Minister of Trade and Commerce, who is a member of the Canadian Senate, was not required to go before the electors. Jacques Bureau, Solicitor General, who is regarded as a semi-member of the administration, was also defeated.

Although the majority of seats won by the Conservatives is over half a hundred, the popular majority against the Government and reciprocity is even more overwhelming. Where Liberal seats were retained or won from the Opposition it was generally done by an exceedingly small margin. The Conservatives everywhere were retained by majorities larger than have ever been given before in a Canadian election.

It has been an axiom in Canadian politics that no party could succeed without a majority in the Province of Quebec, but the results of to-day's voting have destroyed this theory, for the Government, though defeated, retained a majority in Quebec. Many who believed that the Conservatives would win expected the majority to be comparatively small, that the result would be that the French nationalist group of the opposition would hold the balance of power, and that Henri Bourassa, their leader, would seek election in some constituency within a short time and make his appearance in Parliament to direct them. If this had been the case they would have occupied the position which the Irish Party have sometimes had in the British Parliament, and might have made the position of the Prime Minister an exceedingly difficult one.

The splendid majority obtained by R. L. Borden in the English Provinces will make him practically independent of the French group, for he has a working majority without them. The effect of this will be to greatly minimize the Nationalist Party, which Mr. Bourassa has been creating for eight years past.

The great Conservative following, which has been sent to Mr. Borden by the Province of Ontario make it certain that this Province will dominate Canadian affairs for some time to come. The retirement from public life of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, now nearing his seventieth birthday, will soon be announced. The veteran Premier several times within the past few years announced his intention of asking his party to relieve him of the leadership. Liberal members of Parliament remaining will be called upon to choose his successor. The defeat of so many leading Cabinet Ministers makes it difficult to foresee upon whom the choice will fall. Mr. Fielding, Mr. Graham, and Mr. Fisher have been spoken of as possible successors to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but they have all been beaten.

The result of the election works so complete a disorganization of the Liberals that the Conservatives will probably remain in office for many years before their authority can be seriously challenged.

The former Conservative Government held office for eighteen years, and the Laurier Government, which has just been turned out, followed with fifteen years of power. The present indications are that the Borden Government may equal the record of either of its predecessors.

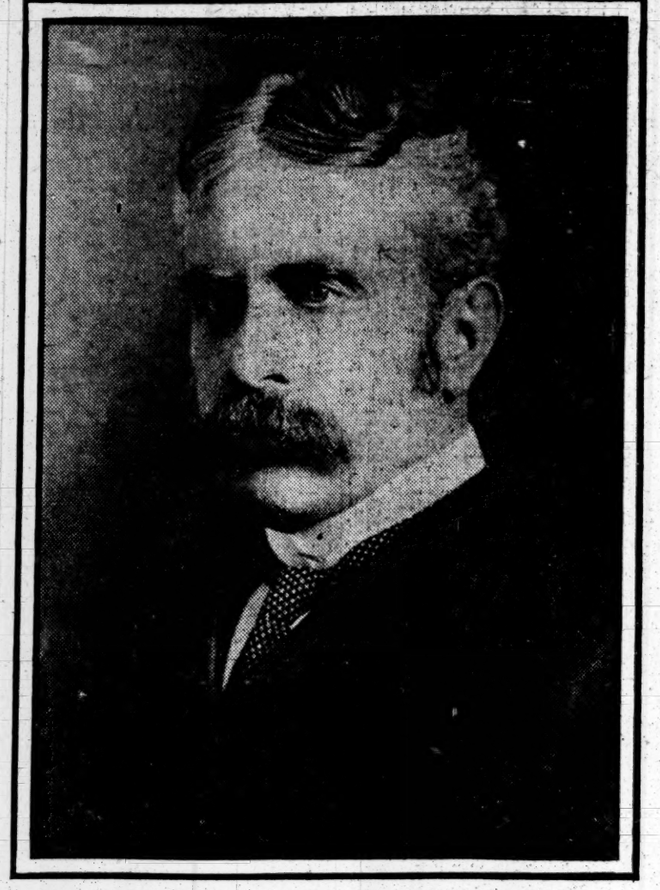
The only consolation the Laurier Government is able to take out of the situation is that it went down to defeat after the hardest of fights and upon one of the greatest issues that has ever been placed before the Canadian electors. The verdict is looked upon as a triumph for the cause of protection and a victory for the manufacturers of Canada, who were openly and avowedly opposed to the Government because they feared the removal of duties upon natural products would be followed by an attack upon the protection which Canadian manufacturers have enjoyed for many years. By many the result of the election is regarded as a triumph for the industrial and commercial classes over the agricultural class in Canada. But this view can hardly be accepted, for, although the farmers as a representative body last year asked for reciprocity with the United States, the returns show that they could not have voted for it, but, instead, voted for the views held by the manufacturers.

It had been anticipated that the cities would go against the Government and reciprocity, and in a large measure they did so. It had also been expected, by the Liberals at least, that the rural portions of the country would take the opposite view and vote for reciprocity, to obtain free admission to the United States for their products. In this the Liberals were deceived, for the rural constituencies followed the example of the cities and declared against the Government.

In the formation of the Government Mr. Borden will be confronted with some difficulties, owing to the fact that there are many men in the Conservative Party, both in Parliament and in the provincial Legislatures, who have served long and faithfully and will be looking for substantial rewards. It will be his unpleasant duty to disappoint some such men, as every Premier has had to do under similar circumstances.

Among these who may find places as Ministers in the new administration are H. B. Ames of St. Antoine, Judge Doherty of Montreal, George Perley of Argenteuil, Premier Hazen of New Brunswick, George E. Foster, who had been with the former Conservative Government; Thomas Crothers of West Elgin, W. S. Middleboro of East Gray, A. S. Goodeve of British Columbia, and Robert Rogers, now Minister of Public Works in the Manitoba Provincial Government. Dr. Thomas Sproule of South Gray is not unlikely to be chosen as Speaker of the incoming House of Commons.

Canada's Next Premier.



Robert L. Borden, Leader of the Victorious Anti-Reciprocity Forces.

BORDEN SAVES HIS SEAT.

Nova Scotia Rejects Two Laurier Ministers, Elects R. L. Borden.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 21.—Nova Scotia furnished probably as many surprises in to-day's balloting as any province in Canada. First, W. S. Fielding, Finance Minister of the Dominion, and who next to Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself was the most important Canadian instrumental in arranging the proposed reciprocity agreement with the United States, was defeated for re-election to Parliament in Shelburne-Queens by F. B. McCurdy, a prominent Halifax banker. Mr. Fielding is Sir Wilfrid Laurier's right-hand man and has been mentioned as his successor as Prime Minister.

An election result which was entirely unexpected by either party was the overthrow of Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia and Defense in Kings County, which Sir Frederick had represented in Parliament for twenty years. Sir Frederick is a graduate of Harvard University. He is a cousin of the Conservative leader.

After the hottest political fight in the history of Nova Scotia, the two parties split even, the Liberals electing nine members and the Conservatives nine. The Conservatives made good gains, capturing three seats held by the Liberals in the last House, the standing then being twelve Liberals and six Conservatives.

In Halifax R. L. Borden, the leader of the Conservatives, was elected by 200 majority; his running mate, A. B. Crosby, being defeated by Dr. E. Blackadder with a majority of 100.

A large vote was polled and the annexation and loyalty cries played an important part.

The Conservatives had many demonstrations here and throughout the province when they learned of the heavy Liberal losses, although there were general expressions of regret among the party followers that their leader had fallen again in Halifax. Mr. Borden's friends admitted to-day that had the Conservatives again lost in the struggle for the control of the Government, he would have retired from the leadership.

BORDEN TO REVISE TARIFF.

Other Knotty Questions Await Settlement by New Regime.

OTTAWA, Sept. 21.—Among the most disappointed men over the result of the election is Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia, who has been a Minister of the Crown ever since the Laurier Government took office, being one of the five original Ministers whom Sir Wilfrid called to his council upon his accession to office. He has suffered the humiliation of having been defeated by a twenty-one-year-old college student and the disappointment of not going to London as Canadian High Commissioner in succession to Lord Strathcona, which place he was mentioned for had the Liberal Government been sustained.

The Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, is in a somewhat similar plight. He was defeated by a young lawyer who has barely passed his majority.

Several large questions will immediately require the attention of the Borden Government. Although reciprocity dies a natural death, the Conservatives are likely, within a short time, to give their attention to the revision of the Canadian tariff. Mr. Borden has indicated in his election addresses that the first step in this direction will be the appointment of a Tariff Board to take up and study the situation in Canada.

His Government will also have to deal with the tenders for the construction of ten vessels for the Canadian navy, a project which he has condemned and which has been denounced by the French Nationalists of Quebec. He will also have to deal with tenders for an $8,000,000 harbor and drydock at St. John, N. B., to form the outlet for the National Transcontinental Railway, to be completed within a few years, which Mr. Borden and his Conservative followers have denounced as an improvident undertaking. Projects for the construction of a Georgian Bay Canal, the enlargement of the Welland Canal and the deepening of the St. Lawrence route are other legacies from the Laurier Government.

Mr. Borden promised if elected to increase Government ownership of public utilities, such as railways, telegraphs and telephones; aid the West in the establishment of terminal elevators under Government construction; help the Hudson Bay Railroad to develop terminals on Hudson Bay, and to provide a fleet on the route between Hudson Bay ports and Europe to carry during Summer and Fall the wheat and cattle of the West.

USED CLARK'S SPEECH.

Speaker Gave Conservatives a Slogan —How Result Affects Taft.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Official Washington closely followed the returns from Canada to-night, but remained silent as the figures poured in, showing the Laurier party had been defeated and reciprocity rejected. The unofficial view was that as Canada had rejected the agreement, there was nothing for the Administration to do but to "make the best of the matter."

That the rejection of the Canadian agreement will have a strong bearing upon the campaign of President Taft for renomination and re-election is not doubted. Some of the Old Guard Republicans who supported the agreement "against their better judgment" are saying that its defeat will strengthen the Taft Administration by removing the only issue on which they were in disagreement with the President. Most of the insurgent Republicans opposed the agreement, and they believe their position has been made much stronger by the result of the election in Canada to-day.

Friends of the Canadian agreement do not hesitate to charge the defeat of the Laurier Government to the annexation bogy. One of the excuses for this issue was suggested by a speech of Champ Clark of Missouri, which he delivered in favor of the agreement during the last session of the Sixty-first Congress:

> I am for it because I hope to see the day when the American flag will float over every square foot of the British-North American possessions clear to the north pole. They are people of our blood. They speak our language. Their institutions are much like ours. They are trained in the difficult art of self-government. My judgment is that if the treaty of 1854 had never been abrogated the chances of a consolidation of these two countries would have been much greater than they are now.

The Canadian press accepted Mr. Clark's statement as a confession that the real motive of the United States was to promote annexation. It was in vain that Mr. Clark explained that the remark was "semi-jocular," although representing his personal desire.

HEAVY BETTING IN MONTREAL.

Half Million in Wagers Laid—Three Hundred Chinamen Vote.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—The betting in Montreal last night covered a wide range of odds, with Liberal money most in evidence. A local paper records a bet of $10,000 to $1,000 that the Government will be returned. Considerable money was placed at the leading hotels at evens.

A well-known brokerage firm posted a notice of $10,000 to bet on the Government's return, at various odds, based on the size of the majority. Its office was besieged by men anxious to bet, many of whom were turned away on the ground that they came too late and that the bets had already been covered.

A sporting authority in Montreal estimates that $500,000 was placed in election wagers in this city.

A feature of the polling in Montreal was the voting of 300 Chinamen in a district otherwise almost wholly French. These Orientals enjoy the right of franchise because they were born in Hongkong, and are therefore British subjects.

To-day's vote was taken in 214 of the 221 constituencies. Seven did not vote. Three of these counties gave their decision on nomination day, a week ago. They returned Government supporters by acclamation. In the remaining four, owing to wilderness conditions which retard official election preparations, voting has been deferred for two weeks.

A Montreal French newspaper devised a novel scheme for letting the people of this city know the result of the election. It arranged with the public lighting companies to shut off the lights in the entire city at 9 o'clock for an interval of ten seconds if Laurier wins and for two intervals of ten seconds each if Borden is the victor. Inasmuch as more than 90 per cent. of the houses of Montreal are lighted with electricity, the citizens will be apprised which way the country went without leaving their homes.

CANADIANS WATCH BULLETINS.

A. V. Bickford, Who Voted in Toronto in the Morning, Loses $2,000.

Canadians to the number of 200 or more gathered at THE TIMES bulletin boards to receive the returns. They were strong advocates of reciprocity.

"Tut, tut, tut," was a murmured chorus at 7:45 o'clock, when the returns from the larger cities were in, showing strong Conservative gains.

"Oh, my! Oh, my!" echoed the crowd again at 8:45, when the lead for the Conservatives was approaching the number required to yield a Conservative majority.

There were many animated discussions of the issues as those closest to the bulletin boards read the messages even before the machines could turn them up into place werere all could see them. The bulletins could scarcely be believed.

"Wait for the West. That'll show 'em," was a cry frequently heard.

There was a moment of tense interest as the date line "Victoria, B. C." was printed upon the bulletin board. The crowd was hopeful for a moment, and then became more dejected than ever as the rest of the bulletin made it plain that the "Minister of Inland Revenue" was going down to defeat.

At 9:30 o'clock, when the bulletins made it certain that reciprocity and Laurier were defeated, there was a general disposition to blame the result on hostility to the Government, regardless of the reciprocity issue. Many of those in the crowd remarked that Laurier had served since 1896, and the people no doubt wanted to make a change.

"Reciprocity will win a little later," they murmured, "for many of the Conservatives favor it, and the Tory sentiment is on the wane."

There was one man in the crowd who had voted for reciprocity. He was A. V. Bickford, who had come from Toronto on a train leaving there at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. He remained until the last bulletin was put up, declaring that he had bet $2,000 that reciprocity would win and couldn't comprehend what was the matter with his countrymen that they should turn against it.

MAKE TARIFF REVISION MORE URGENT, SAYS UNDERWOOD.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 21.—The news of the defeat of the Liberal Party in Canada came as a great surprise to me. I regret the defeat of the reciprocity agreement, believing, as I do, that it would have resulted in great benefit to the people of the United States and to the people of the Dominion of Canada. I suppose the result of the election will end all negotiations for a reciprocity agreement between the two countries for the present, but I hope that at some time in the future a reciprocity agreement will be concluded between the two countries. The defeat of the reciprocity agreement makes the immediate downward revision of our tariff laws all the more imperative.

O. W. UNDERWOOD,
Chairman of Ways and Means Committee, United States House of Representatives.

GLOOM AT CANADIAN CLUB.

J. E. McLean Voices Dismay of Members Who Favored Reciprocity.

The Canadian Club had arranged to receive the returns at the Hotel Flanders, on West Forty-seventh Street, between Sixth Avenue and Broadway. As the telegrams were received announcing that every hour showed a larger majority against the Government gloom settled upon the gathering. A slight show of animation greeted the report that the Liberals had recaptured Drummondville and Arthabaska, the home constituency of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the defection of which at a bye-election last year from the Liberal ranks was the first sign of the fall of the Premier. As the announcements were made that Minister after Minister had been defeated, low whistles expressed the dismay and surprise of the members of the club.

Sharon Graham, President of the club, who had been announcing the returns, called on J. E. McLean to speak as the orator of the club.

"I am called the orator of the club," began Mr. McLean, "as a result of the disappointment of the President at the result of the election. But if reciprocity has been defeated, it is only a set-back, and if America had not meen the initiator of the movement the result might have been different. It has been said that the men of Ontario are more English than the English themselves, and they are certainly more Scotch than the Irish, and, like all Scotchmen, are very reluctant to give up anything they possess.

"The Canadian Club, I believe, is 98 per cent. in favor of reciprocity, and we feel that the reciprocity question has not been presented fairly. An advantage was taken to raise the annexation bogy, but we believed that reciprocity would be the first step toward an alliance of all English-speaking nations. A campaign of education will begin and it will carry reciprocity yet."

Oscar Gaudette, a French-Canadian lawyer of Montreal, also spoke in his own language in favor of reciprocity.

PREMIER LAURIER'S CAREER.

Liberal Leader Has Been Active in Canadian Politics Since 1871.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been Prime Minister of the Dominion of Canada for fifteen years. He has always in life and in politics built his career by the harmonizing of apparently antagonistic tendencies. Of French descent, born in a village in Quebec in 1841, and reared a French Catholic, he did not speak a word of English until he was 12 years old, and then learned the language from a Scotch Presbyterian shopkeeper. He was leader of the Liberal Party, a Free Trader, and the head of a strong protectionist Government. Though standing for Canadian nationality, and helping in a large measure to create a nation out of a colony, he was yet a thorough and sincere imperialist.

He was educated at the McGill University, and was called to the bar in 1864, and for a while thereafter was editor of a French-Canadian newspaper. In 1871 he was elected to the Quebec Provincial Assembly, and three years later he entered the Federal Parliament at Ottawa. In 1877 he became Minister of Inland Revenue in the Mackenzie Ministry. He was elected to Parliament again for Quebec East in 1878, 1882, 1887, and 1891. Since 1891 he had been leader of the Liberal Party. He was Premier since 1896, succeeding Sir C. Tupper, and was the first French Canadian to hold that post.

HELD FOR CHECK FRAUDS.

New York Youth Taken to Pittsburgh —Passed Checks on Banks Here.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 21.—Clarence F. Meason, alias Charles F. Murphy, a New York youth, was brought here to-night from Buffalo to answer a charge of passing a certified check on the Manhattan Trust Company of New York City. He was arrested in Buffalo while trying to pass another check.

Before being brought here the prisoner attempted to commit suicide by leaping from the top grating of his cell and striking his head on the concrete floor.

He is also charged by the Wilson Tailoring Company of Pittsburgh with passing a check for $50 on that firm.

In the prisoner's pockets were found certified checks stamped with a duplicate of the cashiers' stamps of the National City Bank of New York, the Manhattan Trust Company, and the Columbia Trust Company, also of New York City. Detectives who brought the youth here from Buffalo say that the prisoner had revealed the hiding places of the duplicate rubber stamps, which, he said, he had made in Philadelphia.

The police also found a list of cities and leading hotels in the prisoner's pockets. He stopped in leading hotels in his travels. Letters and cards in his pockets indicate that his address is either 35 East Sixty-fifth Street or 712 Greenwich Street, New York City. Letters are addressed to Clarence J. Meason at the latter address and to Murphy at the former.

RAILROAD STRIKE MAY GROW.

Lackawanna Building, Bridge, and Signal Men Told to be Ready.

SCRANTON, Penn., Sept. 21.—The spread of the strike of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western switchmen to the building, bridge and signal men is threatened. The former have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to join the trackmen in case of emergency. The signal men have already been set to work to tend the switch lights, a duty that devolved upon the trackmen. Eleven of the signal men who refused to obey the order here have been discharged, according to the trackmen's statement, but the company denies it.

Gov. Wilson has instructed Labor Commissioner Bryant to co-operate with Commissioner Williams of New York to try to efect an adjustment. Gov. Tener wrote to President Lowe of the Trackmen's Union to-day, saying he would inform himself fully of the situation at once.

There has been no trouble of any kind consequent on the strike anywhere on the system. Not even an arrest for trespassing has been made.

The company says that the strikers are returning to work, while the men declare that the ranks of the strikers are widening daily.

WAR ENGINE KILLS SIX.

Explodes While Being Tested—Inventor One of Those Injured.

MILAN, Sept. 21.—A war engine invented by Marquis Imperiali, while undergoing tests at Montichiari to-day, exploded with terrific force.

Six persons were killed and sixteen were seriously injured. One of the injured is the Marquis.

TAFT IS SURPRISED AT LAURIER DEFEAT

Returns Received at Kalamazoo While Attending Citizens' Dinner in His Honor.

FELT SURE OF RECIPROCITY

Deeply Chagrined When Annexation Bogey Was Brought Into Campaign—Tried to Counteract It.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Sept. 21.—President Taft heard the returns from the Canadian election here to-night, while attending a dinner given by the citizens. He was greatly disappointed at the result.

There was much speculation as to what effect the result of the election will have upon the President's reception in the insurgent and agricultural States, which he soon will visit, and where he has been bitterly opposed because of his advocacy of the reciprocity pact.

The President was taken completely by surprise and this made his disappointment all the more bitter.

When the first returns began to come in, indicating that the Conservatives had made decided gains, Mr. Taft remained hopeful that the results in the Western provinces would materially change the situation. As the Conservative victory continued to grow, however, he gave up all hope.

Few of the guests knew that the President was receiving the returns from across the border, and they did not appreciate what the play of his countenance meant as the little white slips of paper containing Associated Press bulletins were passed to him across the speaker's table.

Mr. Taft proved a good loser, however, for when he rose to speak, his characteristic smile had not deserted him, and he spoke in a happy vein for a few minutes preceding his more serious discussion of the arbitration treaties.

The President had confidently predicted to his friends as late as to-day that reciprocity would win in Canada. He had refrained from discussing the issue in any of his public utterances while the elections were pending in Canada, despite the pressure that had been brought to bear upon him since the beginning of his present tour.

This afternoon at Battle Creek, however, with the assurance that whatever he might say could not be misconstrued, inasmuch as the Dominion polls were about to close, Mr. Taft launched into a reciprocity speech. He spoke with the confidence of one who believed victory to be in sight.

Among the Michigan leaders who had accompanied the President through the State during the past four days there was some discussion as to Mr. Taft's probable attitude, the consensus of opinion being that he would take the ground that the United States had done its share in attempting to bring about closer trade relations which he believed would benefit both countries, and while he regretted that Canada had not seen fit to ratify the agreement at the polls he did not believe that the existing relations would be strained in any way.

There seems to be an impression here, however, that Canada will have to seek such an agreement in the future, if there is to be one, and that the United States then will be in a position to drive a hard bargain.

President Taft was deeply chagrined when the annexation bugaboo was brought into the discussion of reciprocity, and believes it had much to do with deciding the issue in Canada, the Opposition leaders having used it in every possible way. The President in his speech at Battle Creek to-day took occasion again to dispel this bugaboo, as he has at frequent times in the past.

There was no one associated with the President willing to-night to discuss the probable effect of the Canadian election upon politics in this country.

OLYMPIC'S REPAIRS TO TAKE 3 MONTHS

Continued from Page 1.

greatest Captain on the ocean," John J. Sinclair of New York, who was returning home with his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Raymond, told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that there was "absolutely no confusion and no nonsense after the collision," adding:

"I saw the affair, and it seemed to me that the man in charge of the cruiser must have gone crazy. She was running parallel with us when all of a sudden she turned at right angles and came straight for us. Please say for me that the officers and men of the Olympic, from Capt. Smith down, behaved splendidly. In fact, there was so little excitement that I met a well-known man an hour after the accident who told me he had slept all through it, and did not know anything had happened until he came on deck and found us anchored."

Dozens of similar testimonials to the behavior of the crew were given by passengers, among them being Justice Isaac Kapper, who hopes to get away by the St. Louis on Saturday, as he is due to sit in court on the first Monday in October. Justice Irving Lehman of New York is in a similar predicament.

One of the well-known Americans whom the delay will affect is Father Patrick O'Callaghan of Chicago, who was one of the twelve delegates appointed by President Taft to attend the Anti-Alcoholic conference at The Hague. Father O'Callaghan spoke highly of conditions on board after the accident, adding that in his opinion the cruiser was solely to blame.

W. B. Pollock, Marine Superintendent of the New York Central Railway, who expected to pick up W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central, at Cherbourg, expressed the opinion that "something must have been wrong with the steering gear of the cruiser, or else the fellow in charge was crazy."

The White Star officials here did everything to make the lot of the passengers as happy as possible.

Every vacant berth on all liners sailing in the next ten days has been taken by the White Star Company in an effort to accommodate the delayed travelers. While the accident means hardship for many, all seem to recognize that the hard luck hit the White Star people the hardest, and to be content to leave arrangements to them.

All the third-class passengers, numbering 600, are being taken care of by the White Star Company, which is accommodating them at its large emigrant home in Southampton.

HIRES A SPECIAL TRAIN.

Edward W. Sheldon Rushes to Liverpool and Catches the Adriatic.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 21.—One of the first passengers to land from the Olympic was Edward W. Sheldon, President of the United States Trust Company. After his baggage had been placed on a London special train, he ascertained that there was a chance of catching the Adriatic, which was due to leave Liverpool at 6:30 to-night. Having made up his mind, Mr. Sheldon started to act. He saw the railway officials and learned that a special train could reach Liverpool in about six hours.

Without delay a train, consisting of a coach, engine, and guard's van, was made up and the baggage was reclaimed after much difficulty. Then Mr. Sheldon discovered that he had not cash to pay for the special—£78 plus the ordinary first-class fare. The railway officials would not take his check.

Just as it began to look as if the gallant effort was frustrated, William B. Boulton, a shipowner of New York, heard of Mr. Sheldon's plight. He had only £25 on him, but an idea occurred to him and, going back aboard the Olympic, he got hold of the Second Steward, explained matters to him, and obtained the Steward's personal guarantee to the railway officials that Mr. Sheldon's check would be duly honored.

The special got away at 12:23. In the journey to Liverpool it went over three railroad systems without changing, taking the Southwestern to Cheltenham, then the Midland to Birmingham, and the Northwestern to Liverpool.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 21.—Edward W. Sheldon of New York, who engaged a special train at Southampton in an endeavor to catch the Adriatic, accomplished his purpose.

Mr. Sheldon arrived at the Liverpool terminus at 6:22 P. M., but there was two and a half miles of dock railway to traverse to the landing stage alongside which lay the Adriatic, due to sail soon after 6:30.

Seventeen minutes were occupied by Mr. Sheldon's special in reaching the Riverside Station, and at 6:39, as the train was drawing up he was standing by a window looking at the last pile of luggage swinging aboard the Adriatic, and holding the carriage door half open, he was out before the train quite stopped, rushed down to the stage, and hurried up the gangway, which was immediately drawn up. The Adriatic then cast off.

Another Olympic passenger who sailed by the Adriatic was Thomas Magee, whose exploit in getting off the Olympic in a row boat was described yesterday. After obtaining accommodations on the Adriatic for himself, his wife, and Mr. and Mrs. Gibson, friends, Mr. Magee returned to the Olympic and told those on board that there was still one berth left. Several passengers bid against one another for an option and it was secured for £60 by J. L. Werts.

Mr. Magee was the hero of the hour in London to-day, the papers publishing interviews and photographs and giving a timetable of his doings from the moment of the collision till he left Euston Station.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 21.—It is expected that all of the Olympic's cabin passengers will get away within ten days. The American liner St. Louis will take a few on Saturday, and others will go on the Holland-American steamer Noordam, sailing on Sunday; on the White Star liner Arabic, sailing next Tuesday; Majestic, sailing Wednesday; Cedric, sailing Thursday, and on the American liner New York, which is scheduled to sail on Sept. 30. The third-class passengers will proceed on the St. Louis and the Majestic.

A naval inquiry will be held at Portsmouth soon in order to fix the blame for yesterday's collision. However, as was the case when the steamer St. Paul collided with the British cruiser Gladiator, the decision of the naval court will be withheld until the civil courts decide the question of damages between the two vessels.

The damage done to the Hawke's hull was found to-day to be very serious below the water line. It is estimated that twenty feet of the cruiser's bow will have to be replaced.

The Hawke, which is lying at Portsmouth, attracted many curious persons throughout the day. The cruiser is so badly damaged that she has kept her pumps going, and her collision mats remain in place. Like the Olympic, she will have to be in dock for some months for repairs.

CHERBOURG, Sept. 21.—Some of those who had booked passage on the Olympic from this port found accommodations on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., which sailed to-day for New York.

These include Charles Page Bryan, who was recently appointed American Ambassador to Japan; Hamilton Fish, Jr., and Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins and Miss Elkins.

RUSH FOR BERTHS IN LONDON.

Stories of Big Bonuses Offered for Passages on American-Bound Liners.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—It will probably be two weeks before all the Olympic's passengers are provided with berths on other outgoing steamers.

When the main body of the Olympic's passengers arrived in London this afternoon the White Star Line's offices were besieged by many who had driven straight there from the station, and the scenes in Cockspur Street in the West End, and Leadenhall Street in the City, with taxicabs and other conveyances piled high with luggage, suggested railway termini rather than shipping offices.

Special staffs of clerks dealt with the applicants, who were all eager to obtain the earliest available accommodations, and who advanced all kinds of reasons why they should receive preference.

The company as soon as it was aware of the collision booked all the vacant accommodations on liners due to sail within the next week, but at this season these vacancies are not numerous and one of the chief clerks said he expected that a good number of the Olympic's passengers would have to spend from a week to a fortnight longer in Europe than they had intended.

First come first served is the principle on which the company is allotting such accommodation as is available. Already reports are current of big sums offered as bonuses for cabins whose present owners are willing to postpone their departure.

Advertisement of
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Edited by Bauman

TO-DAY is the heyday of *brown* for Lounge-About Suits. London pets it and New York pets it. The "gala" tailors are guarding their winsomest shades of brown like a treasure chest. No use! Stein-Bloch has them all, and *they're here.*

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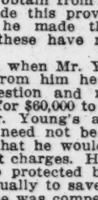

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CAN'T FIND MISS BURKHARDT.

Subpoena Servers Want to Summon Her to Union Bank Inquiry.

Process servers have been trying in vain for several days to subpoena Miss Louise Burkhardt, former secretary to David A. Sullivan of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank, to appear at the Brooklyn Union Bank inquiry. It was learned yesterday that she came to Brooklyn on Wednesday, but went away again.

In view of Gov. Dix's decision not to issue an executive subpoena for Edward M. Grout, who refuses to testify, the Union Bank depositors and the investigators are looking forward to what action the Grand Jury will take in the matter of the Grout administration of the bank. Assemblyman Goldstein, chief investigator, will be in Brooklyn to-day to assist in the presentation of the evidence gathered by the bank probers to the Grand Jury.

BANKER YOUNG SUED, NEW LAW DISCLOSES

Continued from Page 1.

in his complaint. These, he says, were made to enable Mr. Young to obtain loans from the Windsor Trust Company, of which he was a Director, and were made necessary by the law which limits the amount of loans which a Director of any company may obtain from that company. It was to evade this provision that Dr. Baruch says he made the notes. He charges that these have not been fully paid.

He says that when Mr. Young required more money from him he acted on the banker's suggestion and mortgaged his property here for $60,000 to Post & Flagg, relying on Mr. Young's assurance that the mortgage need not be paid when it fell due, and that he would be protected against interest charges. He declares that he was not so protected by Mr. Young, and that eventually to save himself from a foreclosure he was compelled to borrow $45,000, the accommodation costing him another $5,000.

He charges that Mr. Young has made large secret profits by the manipulation of his account, and he asks for an accounting on the ground that he fears the banker may repeat with the account now in his hands the tactics which the physician declares he followed in connection with the account at Post & Flagg's.

Mr. Young's Denial.

Counsel for Mr. Young denied absolutely the incident of the notes on the Windsor Trust Company, as well as Dr. Baruch's charges of faithless stewardship. The banker admits that he acted as broker for the physician in some matters, but declares that he rendered accurate reports to him, and that at present the balance of nearly $80,000 is due to Mr. Young.

Dr. Baruch has figured in other suits resulting from his entrances into the stock market. In October last he was fined $50 for contempt of court by Supreme Court Justice Bijur. At that time the physician failed to appear on Sept. 6 for examination before trial in a suit brought against him by Ulman & Co., brokers, to recover $2,227. His attorney submitted that the physician had started on that day for a month's rest in Canada and so could not be at the hearing. He exhibited souvenir post cards which he said had been sent by the physician from Niagara Falls to prove his contention. It was shown, however, that on the day after his alleged departure the physician had written a prescription here in New York. It was explained then on his behalf that he had been summoned home hurriedly by the serious illness of his mother.

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GROSSCUP HOLDS UP HIS RESIGNATION

Demands Inquiry Into Charges Made Against Him Before Quitting Bench.

WILL TURN OVER HIS BOOKS

Declares His Clerk's Desk Was Looted to Get Information Against Him, but This Is Denied.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 21.—Judge Peter S. Grosscup of the United States Court of Appeals withdrew his resignation to-day and challenged any one who had charges against him to make them public. Furthermore, he offered to appoint a committee of three to conduct the inquiry, and said he would turn over his books and personal memoranda to them.

This action was taken by the jurist because of attacks made on him since he announced his intention to quit the bench on Oct. 3. The Judge was informed that information concerning him collected by Lawrence Richie, former Secret Service operative, and others, the past two years, had been rejected by the Eastern magazine which instituted the inquiry, and that the detectives' report had been sold to a Chicago morning paper.

Judge Grosscup declared he would remain on the bench long enough to vindicate himself and punish any one who brought false charges against him.

"When these charges by Richie and others have been brought out," said the Judge, "I will submit to a committee a statement of everything I have in the world and the sources from which it came. I will furnish whatever means are needed to ascertain the truth of my statement. I will defend my personal integrity. I don't intend to resign with any clouds hanging over me."

The jurist defended Marshall Sampsell, his former court clerk and receiver for traction properties. He disclosed the fact that some one had rifled the desk of Sampsell's office and obtained papers bearing on financial transactions in which Judge Grosscup was believed to be involved.

"There was no need to loot my office," he said. "I'll show everything. Sampsell got $18,000 a year as receiver, and if any one can show that he got more than that it will be a great surprise to me. The burglary of Mr. Sampsell's desk was wholly unwarranted, as the information could have been easily obtained by merely asking for it. I am not afraid of anything that Richie or others may have. My conscience is clear and I court an investigation."

Judge Grosscup declared that he had never received word that President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham had heard complaints about his conduct on the bench. He admitted that a complaint had gone to Col. Roosevelt while he was President, and that this had been filed in the Department of Justice, although he had entered a remonstrance.

Friends of Richie, and the magazine writer under whose direction Richie worked, insisted yesterday that the information obtained from Sampsell's office was not stolen, but was obtained indirectly from Sampsell himself.

Trumbull White, editor of Everybody's Magazine, admitted in New York to-night that Richie had been employed by his magazine at various times. But, he added: "Considering the matter purely in the light of academic philosophy, I should think that if a magazine had a publication to make concerning Judge Grosscup, or contemplated announcing a forthcoming publication, and if such publication or announcement would result in keeping Judge Grosscup on the bench, the latter fact would be the best possible reason for making neither the announcement nor the publication."

The circumstantial story which connected Judge Grosscup with a visit to New York, said to have been made by Attorney John S. Miller and Attorney Moritz Rosenthal, defendant's counsel in the Standard Oil case, after the reversal of the $29,000,000 fine, was denied by Attorney Miller last night. Attorney Miller admitted that he went east the day after the Landis decision was reversed by the Court of Appeals. He insisted that he did not meet Grosscup on that trip. According to the accounts published at the time—August, 1908—Judge Grosscup, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Rosenthal went to New York at practically the same time and met at a Broadway hotel. Later Judge Grosscup went to Pittsfield, Mass., and stayed at the home of H. W. Bishop, a Master of Chancery in the Federal Court in Chicago. He was reported to have met E. Parmalee Prentiss, son-in-law of John D. Rockefeller, at Pittsfield. Mr. Miller denies that he met Judge Grosscup on this occasion.

PLAN TO RETAIN NAVY YARDS.

Movement Afoot to Block Meyer's Intention to Close Southern Stations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—A movement is said to be afoot to block the plan of Secretary Meyer to practically close some of the smaller Southern navy yards and stations in the interest of economy. At present appropriations for the actual maintenance of the navy yards and docks are made in a lump sum and it is left to the Secretary of the Navy to disburse this among the different yards in his discretion. The appropriation for the current fiscal year under the head of maintenance was $1,290,000. Opponents of the Secretary's plan are expected to urge that, instead of making this lump appropriation, Congress shall itself specify the exact amount of money to be expended at each yard and station for maintenance. This would deprive the Secretary of any discretionary power.

However, aside from the mere maintenance of the yards, large sums of money are spent therein for work upon naval vessels undergoing repairs, and it is contended that, if Congress once embarks upon this policy of dictating expenditures in navy yards, it may have to go further and prescribe just what ships are to be repaired in each yard.

Secretary Meyer has prepared much data during his European trip to support his contention that the smaller yards should be abandoned, and there is prospect of a lively contest on this point at the next session of Congress.

Admit Black Tea, Rule Out Green.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 21.—On telegraphic orders from the Treasury Department at Washington, 1,000,000 pounds of black tea, held up at this port several weeks as containing artificial coloring matter, has been delivered to its consignees. A million pounds of green tea, held up on a similar charge, was ordered held for shipment outside this country. The ruling of the Treasury Department was made on the ground that the black tea was merely "faced" with coloring matter, which did not permeate it, while the green tea was permeated by the coloring matter. Each shipment is valued at $250,000.

TO SAVE PROTECTION HIS DUTY, TAFT SAYS

No Tariff Reductions Without Expert Investigation to Show New Duties Don't Hurt Industries.

HENCE HIS TARIFF VETOES

President Tells Grand Rapids No Revision Without Tariff Board Approval Is Issue on Which He Stands.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 21.—President Taft made his first speech of his Western trip on the tariff and his vetoes of the wool, cotton and farmers' free list bills here to-day. The President attacked the Democrats and "Insurgent" Republicans in the Senate and House who put those bills through Congress at the special session; defended his own course in vetoing them, and declared that he was unalterably opposed to revision of the tariff except upon information secured by the Tariff Board. He defined clearly his own position with regard to tariff revision, and made it plain that even if political defeat stared him in the face he would not alter his policy. The President predicted that revising the tariff with "blacksmiths' tools" such as he said the coalition of Democrats and "Insurgents" used, will lead inevitably to a revulsion of feeling and recurrence of the higher rates and the "old system of high tariffs."

"This," said the President, "I would deprecate and so far as I can with the powers given me by the Constitution, I propose to stop such a movement and to secure a reduction in accordance with the principles of the Republican platform and on information accurate and impartial. If that policy is not approved by the electorate, then, of course, those of us who are now in office must give way to men who will carry out a different policy, but while we are in office our position ought clearly to be understood. We follow this policy not only because we are pledged to it, but because we believe it right, because we believe that a full discussion and a close perception on the part of the people will convince them ultimately to approve and adopt it."

President Taft quoted from the platforms of the Republican party in Ohio, New York, Wisconsin, Iowa and Kansas, to show that his party in those States had adopted the idea of a permanent body which should make a scientific investigation of the tariff, and upon whose researches and data future revisions should be based. In effect he charged the Insurgents with bad faith in having advocated the creation of the Tariff Board and then with not wishing to wait for its report. In speaking of his efforts for such a board, the President said:

"I have had in the past the hearty support not only of the regular Republicans, but also, and even with more emphasis, those who call themselves Progressive Republicans."

The President's special car over the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad reached this place at 6:40 A. M., and the local programme filled his time till he left Grand Rapids at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Greeted at his car by a reception committee headed by Senator William Alden Smith, he was taken to the Kent Country Club, where breakfast was served, a large party of leading citizens being present. Mr. Taft went next to the Michigan State Soldiers' Home, made a speech there, and motored back to the city to the open-air mass meeting in Campau Square, where he spoke from a covered stand to a crowd which stretched a hundred yards in each direction and had, in spite of the rain, waited for more than an hour to hear him. Mr. Taft said he ought to take his hat off to such a throng, but requested permission to wear it. The crowd assented with a cheer.

Mr. Taft said in part:

"My Fellow Citizens: I am going to tell you in as simple a way as I can why I vetoed the three Tariff bills which Congress submitted to me for signature at the close of this extra session. I called the session to secure the enactment in law of the Canadian reciprocity treaty. This was done on July 22. Thereafter the Wool bill, the Free List bill, and the Cotton bill were presented to me for signature, and I returned them without my approval, and explained my reasons for so doing in a special message on each bill.

"What I say here will be in large part a résumé of those messages, with some additional suggestions that the less formal character of this address permits. I am not going to discuss the Payne bill, except to say that the controversy over its merits and demerits developed a very strong sentiment among Republicans, and, indeed, among many Democrats, that a bureau or commission or board of competent persons should be constituted to make investigation into the facts concerning the dutiable articles in the tariff, and to report them in such a way that Congress and the public might be reliably advised of the probable effect of any proposed revision of the tariff in the future.

"It was properly felt that even when full opportunity for hearings were given as they had been by the committees of the House and the Senate, in the case of the Payne bill, the advocates of the protected interests would have the advantage over the consuming public, who would not organize to secure and present the evidence in their behalf for lower duties needed to secure a just judgment. The Payne bill offered an opportunity to me to appoint a board of competent persons to assist me in the administration of the revenue laws and especially of the maximum and minimum clause of that act; and the revenue laws were of sufficient latitude to enable me to direct this board to make a 'glossary' of the tariff terms and a kind of encyclopedia which would furnish a guide to the understanding of the tariff, and also to proceed to determine the comparative difference between the cost of production of dutiable articles under the various tariff schedules in this country and abroad.

"At the extra session of 1909 Congress had given me $75,000 which I could spend for this purpose; at the regular session of the same Congress, the Sixty-first, the appropriation was enlarged to $250,000 to cover expenses down to July 1, 1911. Meantime the movement for a permanent Tariff Commission or Board to effect these general purposes acquired great momentum. Business associations the country over united to form a special society for the promotion of such legislation, and the campaign for it was carried on with both houses of Congress. I gave the project as strong support as possible, and made a number of public addresses in support of it, and sent a specific recommendation of the plan in a Congressional message. The Republican conventions of twenty-eight States adopted resolutions strongly advocating a statutory Tariff Commission, and deprecating any future revision until needed evidence had been gathered and impartial conclusions drawn as to the facts upon which such revision could be properly made."

Here the President quoted the resolutions from Ohio, New York, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Kansas upon this point. He proceeded:

Tariff Board Legislation.

"Of course with Republicans, in order to secure a proper revision on the basis to which they were committed, it was essential to know from an unbiased source the difference between the costs of foreign and home production, for this was the limit of protection which the moderate protectionists among them and the last party platform had set. They did not wish to injure the important industries of the country by taking away from them the measure of protection needed to enable them to live against foreign competition, but they did intend in the next revision not to give them more than this.

"Of course, the Democrats recognized no such measure of protection as just, but many of them contended that such a commission was necessary to secure the facts upon which a proper tariff for revenue only could be framed. The result was that by Republican and Democratic votes, and among the Republicans the so-called progressive or insurgent Republicans were the most earnest in its support, a bill creating a permanent tariff board of five, to be appointed by the President, with power to summon witnesses and secure their evidence under oath, was passed by the House. No more than three members of the same political party could be appointed as members of the board. The investigations to be undertaken and the reports to be made were set out in the act and included as proper subject matter the comparative costs of home and foreign production. The board was to report to the President and to Congress as either directed.

"The bill went to the Senate and was there amended in a few unimportant particulars, one requiring confirmation of the appointment of the members by the Senate and another modifying in some respect the inquisitorial powers of the board. These changes necessitated a return of the bill to the house for its concurrence in the amendments. A large majority favored concurrence, but a small minority was able to beat the bill by filibustering in the last hours of the session. In the uncertainty as to the passage of the bill both houses had provided $225,000 for me to continue the Tariff Board then existing if the bill for the other board failed of passage. In this appropriation bill the statutory Tariff Board, if established, was directed to investigate and report upon Schedule K on wool and woolens by Dec. 1, 1911. This direction was the result of an amendment offered by a Democratic Senator.

"Upon the failure of the bill for a statutory board, and in an earnest effort to enable Congress to act with accurate knowledge on Schedule K, and, indeed, on Schedule I—on cotton manufactures—I issued an order to the Tariff Board already appointed to continue the necessary investigations of these schedules and to report upon the same on Dec. 1 next. In order to make as good a substitute for the statutory Tariff Board as I could I added two competent Democrats to the board. The board consists of two professors of economics of the highest standing, one at Yale and one at the University of Virginia, a former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury in charge of customs, the proprietor and editor of an agricultural and stock-raising newspaper—an authority on these subjects—and a former Democratic Congressman of great ability and experience from Georgia. Except the former Assistant Secretary, who is a Republican, and the former Congressman, it is hard to say that the members have any politics at all, certainly none which will prevent impartial investigation and judgment. They are to report on the 'glossary' and the facts as to the comparative cost of foreign and domestic production after investigations made by experts in their employ. They have eighty persons under them working hard to complete the work marked out for them.

All Republicans Committed To Protection.

"I have gone over with care this history of the movement for a Tariff Board in order to show how fully committed I am to the proposition that we ought not to have any revision of a schedule of the tariff without accurate information as to the operation and effect of the proposed changes, and further to show that in this view I have had in the past the hearty support not only of the regular Republicans, but also, and even with more emphasis, those who call themselves progressive Republicans.

"Second. I also wish to point out that all Republicans of whatever shade are committed to the maintenance of our protected industries to the point of retaining duties on imported articles which shall equal the differences in the cost of production at home and abroad.

"Third. Except for the extra session called only to pass upon the Reciprocity bill, the first time that the Sixty-second Congress could consider and pass upon tariff schedules would be in December, and at that time its predecessor, by consent of both parties, had fixed as the proper time at which a full report as to the most objectionable schedule ought to be reported. With the money granted me by Congress I had provided a board, non-partisan, and with the same personnel as the statutory board would have had, to make a report not only upon wool, but also upon cotton.

"Although many of the Democrats had assisted in the support of the statutory Tariff Board bill and had advocated such a means of securing accurate information in respect of the probable operation of the proposed revision, the House at once began to make a record for political purposes by passing three tariff bills, the Wool bill, the Free List bill, and the Cotton bill. They gave no public hearings of any kind on either of these bills and they presented no satisfactory information upon which the effect of any of them upon the industries involved could be judged. Their investigations may have been sufficient to satisfy the conscience of a tariff-for-revenue man who believes in any reduction, however great, of existing duties, but for one pledged as I am to maintain a tariff high enough to enable existing industries to live the case is different.

"The Wool bill proposed a revenue duty of 20 per cent. upon raw wool instead of 11 cents a pound, a reduction of considerably more than 50 per cent. of the present duty, and an average duty of 50 per cent. on woolen cloth and manufactures. This was avowedly a tariff for revenue and was not drawn for the purpose of protecting the industries. It passed the House and went to the Senate, where an insurgent Republican Senator proposed a substitute in which the duty on wool of the first class was fixed at 40 per cent., and of a second class, or carpet wools, at 10 per cent., and the average percentage on the woolen manufactures was made 60 per cent. ad valorem. It was claimed by its author to be a protection bill. It was never submitted to a committee, no evidence was ever taken in regard to it, and it was evolved from the independent investigation of a single Senator.

"A majority of the insurgents and the Democrats in the Senate compromised on a bill which made the tax on raw wool, first class, 35 per cent.; second class, 10 per cent., and the average duty on woolens 55 per cent. The bill, against the vote of nearly all of the regular Republicans and some insurgent Republicans, passed the Senate and was sent to conference, where a bill was agreed upon in which the duty was 29 per cent. on raw wool, and an average of 49 per cent. on woolens. This bill had the effect of raising the duty on carpet wools, as fixed in the Senate, 19 per cent., and as fixed in the House, 9 per cent. Here was the first case presented to me. There was nothing in the record in either the House or Senate from which I could obtain any information as to the effect of this bill upon the wool and woolen industry of this country. I submit that the history of its making shows no principle whatever in the bill except a compromise between two opposing principles for the purpose of passing the bill, without any indication as to its effect on the industry to which it applies.

Feared for Woolen Industry.

"This bill reduced the duty on woolens to an average of 49 per cent., with a duty on the raw material wool of 29 per cent. The Wilson bill, passed in 1894, had reduced the duty to 50 per cent., with no duty on the raw wool at all, a much more favorable arrangement to the manufacturers than in the present bill, and yet the years of the Wilson bill were years of disaster to the woolen manufacturers. It may be that other causes than the tariff contributed to the failure of woolen mills in the time of the Wilson bill, and it may well be that conditions in the woolen business have changed so that it does not need as much protection as then; but I had no adequate information, and had been furnished none, upon which I could say that the bill presented to me was in accord with the Republican platform of protection upon which I was elected, and to which I am in honor bound to square my official act and policy.

"In the absence of such adequate information, and with the prospect of securing it in three months, it became my bounden duty to withhold my approval of the bill. What was the necessity for such great haste in passing the bill at an extra session called for another purpose? The bill as it passed the House provided it should go into effect Jan. 1, 1912. The bill as it passed the Senate contained a similar provision. When the bill went into conference, I am informed that the suggestion was made that the date of Jan. 1, 1912, for its taking effect would furnish a strong argument for delaying its passage until after Dec. 1, when the Tariff Board could report. The date of taking effect was thereupon changed to Oct. 15, 1911. Such care was not taken with the Free List bill or the Cotton bill, both of which were made to take effect Jan. 1, 1912.

"Schedule K had been in force so long and its percentages were so nign in many respects that I had not hesitated in times past to say that it ought to be reduced, and to explain how it came not to be reduced in the Payne bill as it ought to have been. But it is one thing to know that a schedule of this sort is too high, and it is a very different thing in such a complicated schedule to know upon what items the reductions should be made and how great the reductions ought to be. If the principle to which I am committed, and to which the party is committed in the strong terms of the resolutions, which I have quoted above, was to be observed as a policy at all, here was the occasion for following it. If I had allowed the Wool bill to become a law, the progress made in public opinion toward a better method of revising the tariff would have been entirely lost and the policy cast to the winds.

"Some defense is made of the bill on the ground that the Committee on Ways and Means had considered it carefully in committee for a month or more, but the point is that the bill they prepared is not this bill. It is changed in all of its rates and materially changed to meet by compromise a bill that was never in committee at all, and the blending was done, as was said, with 'blacksmith's tools.' The House bill was a free-trade or at least an anti-protection bill; what the hybrid was, who could tell? In view of the enormous value of the wool and woolen industry which might be disastrously affected by the bill, was it asking too much to delay the bill, under the circumstances, for ninety days merely to secure accurate information? I thought not. Indeed, I could find no argument which would satisfy my conscience in signing the bill.

Joker in Free List Bill.

"The Free List bill was called the 'Farmers' Free List,' for the purpose of giving an impression that it was passed to compensate the farmers for some sort of injury supposed to be done by the Canadian reciprocity treaty. This reason was finally repudiated by the leader of the Democracy on the floor of the House of Representatives, and is certainly not true. There was nothing in the Canadian reciprocity bill that required any compensation to the farmers, for in a very short period after actual operation it will appear that they, as well as everybody else, have been improved in condition by our larger trade with Canada.

"But the bill was framed and came to me in a form calculated to mislead as to its effect. In the first clause all agricultural implements were declared to be free, and a great many were named. These same implements were named in the Payne bill, and were made free in that bill from any country which permitted our agricultural implements to enter it without duty. This opened to England the market of the United States for agricultural implements. As a matter of fact, the price of agricultural implements in America is cheaper, as shown by a report of the Bureau of Trade Relations of the State Department, to the American farmers than to any farmers in the world. England is the one country that exports agricultural implements to any great extent, and so successful is the competition against her in this country of American agricultural implements that practically very few have come in from England. This first clause, therefore, of the Free List bill offers no boon to the farmers at all, although apparently drawn for the purpose of inducing them to think so. It does contain some very general words at the close of the specially mentioned articles which by interpretation might be made to include 150 different articles used on the farm, but used in other vocations also. And these articles—the hammers, the tools, the cutlery, and the machinery of various kinds—are now dutiable under the metal schedule. To admit them under this clause would be to destroy entirely the symmetry of the metal schedule and produce such a confusion as seriously to interfere with the administration of the Tariff act.

"Another clause provides for the admission of barbed-wire fencing free, and then all wire and other material which could be used for fencing, and includes wire rods and wire rope. To let in barbed-wire fencing alone would be unimportant to producers, but the framing of the amending clause is such that if it were to go into law it would have a serious effect upon the metal schedule and would utterly destroy the principle which was followed in its framing and would make free of duty some of the most highly wrought articles under the metal schedule not used by farmers at all. Then there is a clause admitting jute and cotton bagging free, and materials from which made, which would allow common cotton cloth to come in free for any purpose, although under the cotton schedule, even as proposed to be amended by this Congress, cotton cloth is to pay a certain amount of duty.

"The bill also puts boots and shoes of all kinds on the free list. It did not put on the free list, except some kinds of leather, the materials which went into shoes. In other words, it put on the free list the finished product and continued to tax the raw materials. This would be such a burden on our manufacturers that its injustice must appeal to every one. The fact is that under the Dingley bill imported shoes were taxed 25 per cent. ad valorem, while in the Payne bill the duty was reduced from 25 per cent. to 10 per cent., the duty on hides was reduced from 15 per cent. to nothing, and the duty on leather was reduced to 5 per cent. No evidence was taken as to what effect this putting of shoes on the free list would have on the very highly important shoe industry of the country, and as it violated the first principles of justice in a tariff—namely, of putting the finished product on the free list and taxing the materials—it did not and could not commend itself to one who was pledged to the support of a moderate protective tariff.

Gave Canada Something for Nothing.

"Finally, the free list has two clauses affecting meat and flour. As they went through the House they put meat on the free list and flour on the free list. In the Senate, however, an amendment was put on limiting the operation of these two clauses to imports from those countries with which we have a reciprocal relation and which admit certain agricultural products of ours free. This limitation made Canada the only country which would be affected by the provisions of the clause. Now, in our negotiations with Canada for reciprocity we attempted to secure free meat and free flour. Canada would not consent to this, because she feared the effect of our competition with her meat and flour. This showed that importations of meat and flour from Canada without duty would not have any effect to lower the price in this country of either in normal times. But this free-list bill was giving Canada something for nothing. This Congress at the close of the act approving the Canadian reciprocity agreement directed me to continue negotiations and expand its terms, and yet in these provisions it proposed to deprive me of using the concessions of free meat and free flour to secure concessions from Canada. Thus the bill was so loosely drawn, it was draw on such a wrong principle, and with so little information, and it purported to do so many things which it did not do, that I had no hesitation in vetoing it.

"Finally, the cotton bill came to me. This bill differed from the others in being a bill for which the Democrats alone, and not the insurgent Republicans, were responsible. It had passed the House on the report of the Ways and Means Committee made without the taking of any evidence of persons interested in the manufacture or any one else; it had completely changed the method of classifying cottons, classifying them according to the threads in the yarn instead of by the threads of the piece and the specific duty upon the square yard, as in the present bill. This was a most important change, and it had been adopted after an informal communication in writing with the Bureau of Standards and after an adverse report by the Treasury experts. The bill was adopted avowedly as a free-trade bill by the House. It came to the Senate, and was passed in the form in which it passed the House, except that certain amendments were added. One was an amendment cutting down the metal schedule by a sweeping reduction of 30 per cent. and the other was an amendment of the chemical schedule with a purported reduction ad valorem of 25 per cent.

"So hastily was the bill thrown together, so little attention was paid to the consideration of it in the Senate, especially in the chemical schedule, that the most ludicrous results were reached. In the first place, although the amendments radically changed the metal and chemical schedules, no change was made in the title, which still read, 'An act to reduce duties on cotton manufactures.' An amendment was introduced in order to make certain that in the cotton and chemical schedules there must be a reduction of all rates to not more than 30 per cent. ad valorem, but it was so placed in the act that by its language it could only apply to goods already in the Custom House, upon which duty had not been paid. The calculations by which the specific duties in the chemical schedule were transmitted into ad valorem rates and then reduced 25 per cent. were exceedingly faulty. The Senator who proposed the reductions said that he had secured the services of a statistician at the Treasury Department, who had done the work as he told him to do it, and that that was all he knew about it.

"Senator Williams, a Democratic member of the Committee on Finance of the Senate, objected to this method of adopting a most important schedule. The chemical schedule is the first schedule in the list. It has eighty-five items, and of these sixty-six have specific duties. It affects many millions of imports. Nevertheless, the bill went through, and it went back to the House and was submitted to two days' examination by the Ways and Means Committee of that body.

Cotton Bill Open Door for Alcohol.

"Then it passed the House under a rule that permitted no amendments whatever. I had the bill examined by experts, especially with respect to the chemical schedule, and even in the very short time I had I found the greatest confusion produced by the amendment. Upon a number of the articles the reduction was greatly more than the proposed 25 per cent., reaching in some cases 75 and 100 per cent., and on other articles, instead of being a decrease, there was an increase all the way from 5 to 400 per cent. The bill was supposed to be a concession to the North Carolina cotton interests, and to be intended to cheapen the bleaching, dyeing, and coloring materials needed in that business. The very comical effect of the bill as amended was that instead of reducing the duty on bleaching powder 25 per cent. it increased it 40 per cent. But even a more serious defect in the bill was in those changes affecting the alcoholic compounds contained in four or five items, in respect to which in the Payne bill and in all previous tariff bills, in order to prevent the use of these items to import alcohol at a small duty, compensatory duties had been imposed of about forty cents a pound, or $4.60 a gallon. Under the provisions of the new bill, these alcoholic compounds and articles containing alcohol would come in at a duty, making the tax on the alcohol from eight to ten cents a gallon, while the internal revenue tax on alcohol in this country is $1.10 per proof gallon, and the duty imposed on it as an import is $2.60 a gallon. The opportunities for the introduction of cheap alcohol and the danger of evasion, or the breaking down of the internal revenue law by such a change in the chemical schedule, I need hardly elaborate. The bill was impossible, and of course I vetoed it. There was in the passage of the bill, in the amendments, and in the general treatment an indication that the support of the bill was based rather on a desire to make a political record in favor of lower duties than upon a serious proposal to change the law. At least this is the only explanation that can be offered of the careless, inartificial, and altogether unsatisfactory character of the three bills.

"I have gone into this matter at considerable detail in order that my position with respect to these bills and the general treatment of the tariff may be understood. I am in favor of the reduction of the tariff wherever it can be done and still give a living measure of protection to those industries of the country that need it. But I insist that we have reached now a point in the history of tariffmaking when every one ought to realize that the tariff should not be changed and business disturbed, except upon information which shall enable us to pass bills that will disturb it least.

"Our whole business system rests upon the protective tariff basis. The real hope of men who are in favor of lowering duties is to pursue the policy of securing accurate information to keep the tariff rates down as low as possible consistent with the life of the business protected. The natural operation of the tariff under those conditions and American ingenuity is to continue to reduce the cost of production, and that in itself will secure, if we adhere to the policy, a reduction of the tariff rates from time to time; but to cut them now 'with blacksmith's tools' is to invite in the next two or four years a revulsion of feeling, and then a recurrence of higher rates and the old system of high tariffs. This I would deprecate, and so far as I can with the powers given me by the Constitution I propose to stop such a movement and to secure a reduction in accordance with the principles of the Republican platform, and on information accurate and impartial. If that policy is not approved by the electorate, then, of course, those of us who are now in office must give way to men who will carry out a different policy; but while we are in office our position ought clearly to be understood. We follow this policy not only because we are pledged to it but because we believe it right, because we believe that a full discussion and a clear perception on the part of the people will convince them ultimately to approve and adopt it."

Following breakfast at the Country Club this morning the President went out in the rain, took off his cutaway coat and silk hat and drove two golf balls from the first tee. They were gathered up as souvenirs by the officers of the club. During his tour of the city the President stopped several times to greet crowds of school children, and in order that they might get a better look at him, climbed out from his covered machine and stood bareheaded on the running board.

Mr. Taft before leaving this afternoon for Kalamazoo made other talks at the Central High School and at the Ladies' Literary Club.

TORPEDO BOAT'S FAST TRIP.

Leaves Norfolk at 1 P. M. Wednesday and Reaches Narragansett at 6 A. M. Thursday.

NEWPORT, Sept. 21.—The torpedo destroyer Trippe arrived from Norfolk, Va., to-day, breaking all speed records by war craft between the two places. The Trippe left Norfolk Wednesday at 1 P. M., and moored at the torpedo station, Narragansett Bay, at 6 A. M. to-day.

The weather was good and the destroyer came through over a smooth sea for the greater part of the trip. Lieut. Frank D. Berrien commands the Trippe, which is to have her final power trials here.

International Aviation Meet

(Sanctioned by the Aero Club of America.)
3 P. M. Sat. & Sun. and 3:30 P. M. other days.

Saturday, Sept. 23d, to Oct. 1st

On the grounds of the Aero Club of New York,
NASSAU BOULEVARD, LONG ISLAND

Special train service starting 1 P. M. and running frequently from Penn. Station and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, to Nassau Boulevard Station. Round trip 75c.

Automobile Road: Queensborough Bridge, Hoffman Boulevard and Jericho Turnpike—18 miles. Free Bridge. Perfect Road. No Dust.

Racing in the air. Handicap, speed and heat races.
All competitors flying at the same time.

Claude Grahame-White, Harry N. Atwood, Earle L. Ovington, T. O. M. Sopwith, Geo. W. Beatty and 30 other world famous aviators.

To-morrow, Army and Navy Day. U. S. Daily Postal Service by Aeroplane.

General Admission.....50c
Reserved Grand Stand Seats..$2.00
Parking Space.....$5.00
Good Seats.....$1.00
Box Seats.....$3.00
Private Automobile "Boxes".$12.00

Ticket Office, 337 5th Ave., (cor. 33d St.) 'phone 5982 Mad. Sq., or Tyson's. McBride's and any of the leading ticket offices and hotels.

SAVINGS IN BANKS GROW.

Increased Over $100,011,229 Last Year —7,493,458 Depositors.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Though the number of depositors in the 638 mutual savings banks in the United States increased only 11,809 during the last fiscal year, the deposits, according to a preliminary statement from the Controller of the Currency to-day, increased more than $100,011,229.

The number of depositors on June 7 last were 7,493,458, the average deposit account increasing from $449 to $462, an average growth of about $13. All but twenty-one of these banks are in Eastern States.

Col. Ruhlen on Retired List.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Almost ranking officer of his grade, Col. George Ruhlen, Assistant Quartermaster General of the army, was placed on the retired list to-day on account of age. Col. Ruhlen was born in Germany, was graduated from the Military Academy, to which he was appointed from Ohio, in 1888, and made an excellent record during the Spanish-American war.

ANSWERS WOMEN ACCUSERS.

Chicago Man Gets Affidavits to Offset Charges They Made.

Judge Foster, in General Sessions, granted an appeal yesterday afternoon to David Soloman, said to be a wealthy furrier of Chicago, who on Tuesday night was brought before Magistrate Krotel in the Night Court on a charge of having used offensive language to two women. The name of David Soloman is said to conceal the identity of a man well known in Chicago.

Soloman's attorney offered in court yesterday two affidavits, tending to show that the story told to Magistrate Krotel by the young women, Miss Pearl Turner of 398 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, and Miss Evelyn Burke of 139 East Seventeenth Street, was subject to doubt. Miss Turner said that she was employed by the New York Telephone Company. One of the affidavits offers a letter from an official of that company, denying that she is employed there. Isidor Abrahams, a salesman for a hair goods house at 116 East Fourth Street, makes affidavit that he knows both the women, and that they are employed by a Mme. Esther, who runs a manicure parlor on the second floor of 408 Sixth Avenue.

The case was put on the calendar of General Sessions.

"Clothes do not make the Man" but they help—at Saks'

¶ Now, human nature is too complex for any six syllables to fit it. Clothes do not necessarily make the man, but they do in many cases.

¶ Tolstoy worked in the garb of a moujik, but he superimposed his genius on the world in spite of his clothes. Yet a well-fitting suit of clothes would not have dimmed his genius.

¶ The fact is, this world is full of contradictions, and clothes cannot be regarded as an infallible index to character. But, on the other hand, it is a fact that human opinions are largely influenced by clothes. And that is reason enough why a man should get the best while he is about it.

We have now arrived at Saks'

¶ **Where** many different models of suits are already assembled on our counters, in an inconceivable variety of fabrics and colorings—

¶ **Where** every garment is the product of the hour, and is in every essential the finest example of its own particular style—

¶ **Where** individuality of lines and perfection of workmanship and finish find their highest expression, and—

¶ **Where** the advantages of Saks direct tailoring over the middleman's methods are strikingly illustrated in the palpable superiority of our productions and the logical economy of our prices.

Suits 15.00 to 50.00

Overcoats 15.00 to 43.00

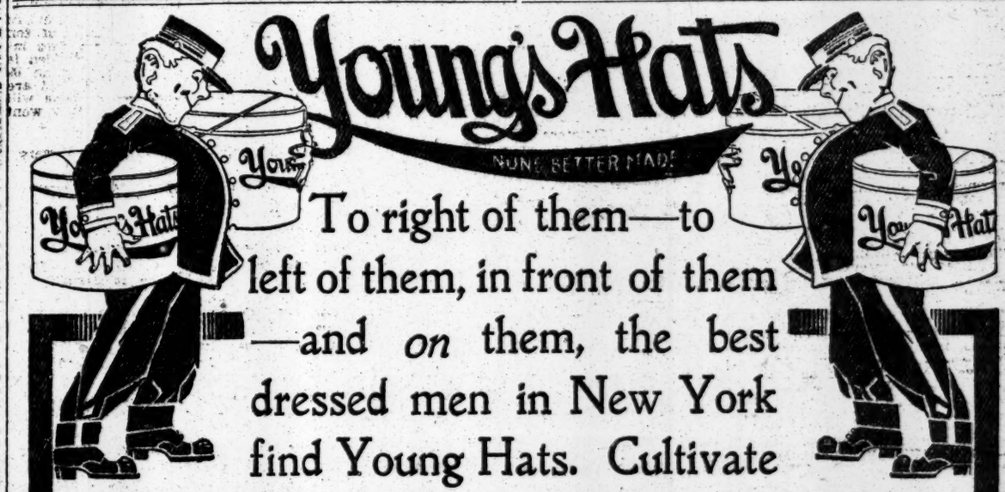
Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street.

YOU DO NOT PAY

for a name when dealing with us, and save about one-half. We are the largest tailoring establishment in the World and our styles and tailoring cannot be surpassed. Samples and Portfolio of Fashions mailed to any address.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.



To right of them—to left of them, in front of them—and *on* them, the best dressed men in New York find Young Hats. Cultivate a knowledge of these stylish and well-made Hats and you will be loyal for all time. *We* know that they are right—we want *you* to know.

Derbies & Soft Hats, in the latest Young designs, $3 & $4.

Broadway at Dey Street.
Broadway at 28th Street.
Broadway at 14th Street.
Broadway at Beaver Street
Fifth Ave. at 42d Street.
Broadway at 36th Street.
Broadway at Houston Street.
Only Brooklyn Store:
371 Fulton St., Opp. City Hall.

W. R. HEARST BUYS A FAMOUS CASTLE

Is to Have Fifteenth Century English Building Removed to This Country.

INDIGNATION IS AROUSED

Tattershall Castle Is the Finest Extant Example of a Brick Structure of Its Period.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 22.—Tattershall Castle, which was built in the fifteenth century by Lord Cromwell, Lord Treasurer of England, and which is regarded as the finest extant example of a brick building of that period in this country, has, according to reports published here yesterday, been bought by William Randolph Hearst, who intends to remove it stone by stone and brick by brick for re-erection in the United States.

The Times this morning states that there is no confirmation of the report of the sale, but at the same time publishes a telegram from Sir Henry Knollys, who says the rumor is fully believed in the neighborhood of the castle, and "arouses extreme indignation." He adds:

"The brickwork of the tower is in a solid state of preservation. To tear it into pieces for transport to some American city must needs wring the heart of any Englishman who in these days, when so much that is honored is being overthrown, prizes the monumental records of a nobler time."

Tattershall Castle has been before the public eye for some weeks past. It is situated near Boston, Lincolnshire, and contains some famous chimneypieces, beautifully decorated with heraldic shields and badges.

Five years ago the castle was sold to Ernest Terah Hooley, who sold it to another man, whose name is unknown, but from whom certain art dealers obtained options on the chimneypieces. The process of removing them began some time ago and an outcry was raised to prevent them from being sold out of the country. Letters by the score were written to the papers urging their purchase, and Sir Francis Trippel offered to loan to the National Trust £5,000 without interest to purchase the castle.

The Council of the National Trust met and debated the offer, but decided against accepting it on the ground that three of the four mantelpieces had been damaged and only one was in perfect condition.

Yesterday's announcement of the sale of the castle came on top of this decision. The Evening News stated that an American, later said to be Mr. Hearst, went to see the castle last Sunday, and concluded the purchase yesterday.

IRISH STRIKE CALLED.

Railways Show No Sign of Yielding—Export Trade Has Ceased.

DUBLIN, Sept. 21.—The Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants to-night called a general strike on the Irish railways.

Far from the companies showing any sign of yielding they began to-day to lock out large bodies of men employed in the locomotive and other works, and sent out an order to the strikers to return their uniforms.

The Irish export trade, on which the bulk of the people are dependent for a livelihood, has practically ceased.

The Board of Trade's representative, Mr. Mitchell, is still endeavoring to effect a settlement.

PHILIPPINE FAMINE PERIL.

Rice Dearer Than Ever Before—Government to Buy Shipload in Rangoon.

MANILA, Sept. 21.—Danger of a famine in the Philippines on account of the failure of the rice crop has become so threatening that Gov. Gen. Forbes to-day decided to order the purchase by the Government of an entire shipload of the cereal in Rangoon.

The cargo will be sold to the people at cost.

The price of the staple on the markets here has advanced far above all previous records, with only a small supply in sight.

AGAIN CONFER ON MOROCCO.

German and French Statesmen Believed to be Near Agreement.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—Minister of Foreign Affairs, Herr von Kiderlen-Wächter, and the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, conferred again to-day on the compromise proposals regarding the economic status of Morocco, further progress toward the settlement of which question is reported.

The newspapers are highly optimistic.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The Cabinet will meet to-morrow and examine the latest suggestions from Berlin, which, it is expected, will be received here by courier to-night.

LESS CHOLERA IN ITALY.

Figures for Week Ending Sept. 17 Show Decrease—Cases in Sardinia.

CHIASSO, Switzerland, Sept. 21.—According to an official communication from the Italian Government, the cholera cases in Italy are decreasing. From Sept. 10 to Sept. 17, inclusive, there were 1,007 cases and 320 deaths. For the first time since the epidemic began the disease has made its appearance in Sardinia, nineteen deaths out of a total of fifty-four cases at Cagliari being reported.

The larger number of cases were in the following provinces: Naples, 33 cases, 10 deaths; Palermo, 53 cases, 20 deaths; Catania, 74 cases, 33 deaths, Bari, 133 cases, 28 deaths; Caserta, 73 cases, 20 deaths; Foggia, 30 cases, 15 deaths; Venice, 22 cases, 6 deaths; Rome, 11 cases, 5 deaths.

AMEND COTTON BILL PLAN.

English Committee Alters It to Meet American Objections.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The cotton bills of lading conference committee announces that the new system for verifying through bills of lading has been amended to meet the American objections.

Recover $150,000 from Wreck.

SEATTLE, Sept. 21.—Divers recovered $150,000 in gold from the wreck of the steamship Ramona, which foundered on Spanish Island, Alaska, recently. They also brought up baggage and mails. The ship is a total loss.

SPAIN QUIETING DOWN.

Strike a Fiasco—Premier Canalejas's Prestige Heightened.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—The general strike, which began this morning, appears up to the present to be even a greater failure than the authorities thought it would be. Only a few workmen have gone out in Madrid, and such dispatches as have been received here from the provinces show that not only have no new strikes started, but that many of those which were in operation yesterday have been stopped by the men's leaders.

It is announced that the royal family will return to San Sebastian on Monday.

The prompt and vigorous yet moderate manner in which Premier Canalejas has handled an exceedingly difficult situation has greatly impressed the people throughout the peninsula. The Premier is considered to have dealt a severe blow to the troublesome revolutionary and anarchistic element with a minimum of bloodshed, thereby strengthening the position of the Government at home and the prestige of the country abroad.

Conditions in the capital to-day were practically normal. A few unsuccessful attempts were made to persuade men engaged in construction work to quit, but the police interfered and dispersed the agitators without difficulty. The chauffeurs announced that they had joined the strike, and Premier Canalejas promptly arrested the President of the union and dissolved the organization.

The strikes have seriously interfered with the publication of the newspapers. El Pais, the Correspondencia de Espana, and La Manana were not issued to-day. El Imparcial and El Liberal appeared, but with fewer than their usual number of pages.

All suspected persons, including the Republican and Socialist leaders Perez Galdos, Perez Agua, and Pablo Iglesias, are under constant surveillance. Many houses have been searched and arms seized, and the prisons are filled with political suspects and rioters.

FERROL, Sept. 21.—Food supplies are becoming scarce, but the situation on the whole in this city is improved.

Many workmen have returned to their tasks at the arsenal, owing to the threat that their privileges as Government employes would be suppressed if they continued on strike.

WARRANT FOR THAW'S FRIEND

Lees, Who Investigated Matteawan, Accused of Threats by Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 21.—Norman A. Lees, who is credited with having caused the recent shake-up at the Matteawan State Hospital, and who has been one of Harry Thaw's intimate friends, will face City Judge Spratt here to-morrow morning on a charge of making threats to kill his wife.

Mrs. Lees obtained a warrant for her husband's arrest this afternoon. Lees was not arrested, but was notified by a policeman to appear in court at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning to answer the charges made by his wife.

In her complaint Mrs. Lees says that her husband has frequently within the last year threatened to kill her. She says that he has threatened to throw her off the second story of the porch of the Lees apartment, and has even declared that he would have her committed to an asylum. Mrs. Lees says that her husband has repeatedly shown her commitment papers filled out ready to be signed in court in which he made many false accusations regarding her actions and her mental condition.

Mrs. Lees says that as a result of his many threats she is in a constant state of fear for her safety.

The Lees came to Poughkeepsie to live on July 9. This was while the investigation into conditions in Matteawan was at its height. A few weeks ago Lees was summoned to the City Court to explain why he had discharged a revolver through a window of his home, the bullet entering a neighbor's room. He was discharged with a warning after he explained that he was trying to manipulate the revolver. He said he didn't know it was loaded.

G. O. GLAVIS INDICTED.

Charged with Obtaining $650 to Get Evidence Against Lorimer.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—George O. Glavis of Chicago was indicted to-day for alleged false pretenses and embezzlement in obtaining $650 from The Chicago Tribune on the pretext of procuring evidence of alleged corruption against Senator Lorimer of Illinois.

Glavis was alleged to have told John C. O'Loughlin, Washington correspondent of The Tribune, that he knew a woman whose name was not disclosed who had in her possession books, records, and papers which would tend to establish moral turpitude against Senator Lorimer. The indictment set forth that Glavis claimed that these writings would show that while in the lower House of Congress Mr. Lorimer had received large sums of money from Street & Smith, publishers, in consideration of aid rendered to magazine interests in respect to admitting them to the mailing privilege. The indictment averred that there were no such records as claimed in this city, and that Glavis's statements were untrue.

James Keeley, managing editor of The Tribune; John C. O'Loughlin, and A. S. Henning of the Washington office of that paper, and Edward S. Glavis of Fauquier County, Va., a brother of the accused, testified before the Grand Jury. Glavis was recently arrested, pleaded not guilty, and was released on bail.

SAYS HARVESTER SUIT HOLDS

Missouri Ouster Declared Not to be Affected by Trust Reorganization.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 21.—At the request of the Department of Justice, Attorney General Major mailed to Washington to-day a copy of his statement, brief and argument in the State's ouster suit against the International Harvester Company. The company has been found guilty of violating the Missouri anti-trust law by a Commissioner, who heard the evidence, and the case was submitted to the Supreme Court last April.

"The proposed reorganization of the International Harvester Company to conform to recent interpretations of the Sherman anti-trust law will not affect the Missouri case," said the Attorney General. "The Harvester Company was organized in the same manner as the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and its organization cannot stand in the face of the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in that case.

"The ouster suit was brought under the common law and the Missouri anti-trust law, which are broader than the Sherman law."

PASS CEREAL BOND INTEREST

Great Western Company Says It Has No Funds—Sells Plants.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 21.—The Great Western Cereal Company has passed its semi-annual interest on the first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due Sept. 1. The company has notified the trustee, the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, to that effect, and the notification states that the company's mills are closed and it has no funds with which to meet the $20,535 interest due on the bonds.

The Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank holds $755,000 of the $1,000,000 proceeds from the recent sale of three of the company's plants to the Quaker Oats Company, but it is understood that these funds are tied up in litigation. The Great Western Cereal Company, of which Joy Morton is President, confessed to being in a tight place when it disposed of its best plants and the rights to its especial trade marks to its rival a few months ago.

According to the last financial statement, the company has outstanding $975,000 first mortgage bonds, $500,000 preferred and $2,500,000 common stock.

OFFICIALS CONNIVED AT STOLYPIN MURDER

Evidence Said to be So Terrible That Only a Fraction of It Can Ever Be Published.

PLOT TO FREE THE ASSASSIN

12,000 Jews Have Left Kieff—Heliodorus Refuses to Officiate at Stolypin Requiem Mass.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 21.—The inquiry into the assassination of Premier Stolypin at Kieff, with particular reference to the revolutionary and police elements involved, is being conducted personally by the Minister of Justice, M. Chtcheglovitoff.

Already there are indications of many ramifications, and of complicity on the part of prominent officials. Greater sensations than those so far published are promised. Vice Director of the Department of Police Verigin is under strong suspicion by the authorities, who hold that he is in a measure responsible for the outrage.

The protection of the Emperor and Empress and the Cabinet Ministers at Kieff formed a subject of departmental discord. Gov. Gen. Trepoff demanded general oversight of the protective measures, but was overriden by the Director of the Department of Police, Kurloff. Gen. Trepoff then tendered his resignation, which was not accepted. Kurloff, Verigin, Lieut. Col. Spiridovitch of the Secret Service police, and Col. Kuliabko, Chief of the Secret Police, organized the protection, which cost $100,000.

While Verigin and Kurloff were at Kieff on the eve of the Emperor's visit, Dmitry Bogroff was consulted, and the responsible position of guarding the Premier was given to him, as he promised to track two alleged Terrorists, Nina Alexandrovna and Nicholas Jacovlivich. It is incomprehensible to those engaged in the inquiry how a subordinate, as Verigin was, dared to disregard Premier Stolypin's circular regarding revolutionary spies, and allow Bogroff, a spy and an informer, to guard the Premier, without even setting other agents to watch Bogroff.

Verigin was Kurloff's right-hand man, and maintained close relations with Kurloff's family. Kurloff, against M. Stolypin's most determined opposition, married the divorced wife of a young Adjutant. Stolypin, in speaking to the Emperor, made the matter one of personal confidence, but Kurloff's influential supporters at Court overruled the Premier.

The Novoe Vremya says that only a mere fraction of Minister Chtcheglovitoff's findings can ever be published. Patriotic reasons forbid the full exposure of the scandalous criminal intrigues in high Governmental circles leading to Stolypin's sacrifice.

Only Gen. Trepoff's prompt measures in throwing a cordon about the theatre and checking the work of the Secret Police, says The Novoe Vremya, prevented the escape of Bogroff from the hands of justice. Col. Kuliabko made a strenuous but unsuccessful effort to have the prisoner kept at the Secret Police headquarters instead of in the fortress. Had Trepoff surrendered Bogroff to Kuliabko, the paper declares, few details of the crime would ever have become known.

Many alleged accomplices have been traced to the revolutionary side, and a vast number of arrests are being made throughout Russia. The police have been searching in vain in St. Petersburg for a Terrorist bearing the nickname of "Hermann." A domiciliary search has been made in the rooms of the correspondent of a London newspaper and his brother, who reside in the lodgings of the Liberal authoress, Mme. Tyrkova.

It was reported that Bogroff's father was arrested on the frontier while returning to Russia, but a later report said he was in Berlin. Bogroff's parents, upon receiving the news of the crime, addressed a telegram to Mme. Stolypin, expressing abhorrence of their son's act. Bogroff's brother, who was held at the St. Petersburg Secret Police headquarters, has been transferred to the fortress. Bogroff's uncle, a physician, has been arrested at Odessa. Another Bogroff, also a physician, has been arrested at Baku.

Eighty men and thirty women, professed Liberals, are under arrest at Kieff.

Twelve thousand Jews have left Kieff since the assassination, and the exodus continues. Acting Premier Kokovthoff, through a representative, to-day informed a deputation of the leading Jews at Kieff that the Jews themselves created alarm through their cowardice, but that fitting measures against any disorders whatsoever had been taken.

M. Galkin, Chief of the Patriotic League, has been arrested for anti-Jewish discourses.

Heliodorus, the Reactionary priest, declined to officiate at a requiem mass for M. Stolypin at Tsaritsyn, saying: "Stolypin was not of our family or circle. He did us no good and has his own hired mourners and consolers."

MRS. COX LEFT $100,000.

Second National Bank Head a Legatee Under Will of ex-Congressman's Widow

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The will of Mrs. Julia A. Cox, widow of former Representative Cox of New York, has been filed for probate here.

The estate is valued at about $100,000. Mrs. Cox left her husband's manuscripts, copyrights, and other interests in the late representative's publications, and $2,000 in cash to her nephew, William V. Cox, President of the Second National Bank of this city. The nephew is also given $8,000 in trust, to be paid in equal parts to eight sisters and brothers of the testatrix.

The remainder of the estate goes to a sister of Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Elizabeth Hardenburgh of this city.

ACCUSED OF BURNING HOUSE.

Sylvesto, Arrested on J. P. Morgan's Farm, Resists Extradition.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Sept. 21.—Joseph Sylvesto, who is wanted in New Jersey on the charge of arson, is held here pending the arrival of extradition papers.

Sylvesto was arrested on the farm of J. Pierpont Morgan, just below Highland Falls. A fire occurred in a house occupied by Sylvesto in New Jersey, a quantity of bagging being saturated with kerosene oil and ignited. Sylvesto was suspected, and when he disappeared a few days later detectives at Hackensack, N. J., traced him here.

He was arrested and to-day was taken to Highland Falls on request of County Detective Mortimer Cook of Bergen County, N. J., who identified him as the man wanted.

Sylvesto declared his innocence, and would not consent to return to New Jersey without extradition papers.

BIG PHILADELPHIA HOTEL.

C. P. Taft and Rich New Yorker Said to be Concerned in Project.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—A syndicate headed by Charles P. Taft, brother of the President, and including several well-known New York hotel men, is said to be planning the erection of a big hotel in Chestnut Street. It is understood that options have been obtained on several pieces of property, and that a choice of the site will be made shortly by Mr. Taft.

The proposed hotel will contain 750 rooms, making it larger than any already built or projected in the city. The project will mean an investment of several million dollars.

It is said that Mr. Taft has among his associates T. Coleman Du Pont, the wealthy powder manufacturer of Delaware; one of the Vanderbilts, and the owners of one of the finest hotels in New York.

Under consideration as the site of the proposed hotel is the Boothby property in Chestnut Street, below Thirteenth and Market Streets, owned by the Mrs. Sarah Sharp Blackburn estate.

MAY BUY RUSSIAN PLANT.

Directors of Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company to Consider Purchase.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Directors of the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company are to be asked to approve a plan for the acquisition of a controlling interest in the St. Petersburg Pneumatic Tool Company of Russia, which is capitalized at $500,000. The Chicago company already owns both an English and a German company.

Earnings so far this year have shown a slight falling off from 1910, which was a record year for the company. Despite the decrease in earnings, the company is expected to show, after charges, considerably more than twice the $257,951 required to pay the 4 per cent. dividend on the $6,485,800 capital stock.

HIRE BOWERY SECTION MEN.

Lackawanna Takes Carload of Strikebreakers to Elmira.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Sept. 21.—A carload of thirty-seven professional strikebreakers from the Bowery district in New York City arrived in Elmira this morning over the Lackawanna Railroad to take the places of the section men who are out on strike on that line.

The men are quartered in cars in this city at present and are guarded by Lackawanna Railroad police. They will be put on track work between Elmira and Buffalo, where at present only one regular section gang is at work, all other gangs being out on strike. The strikers are watching the strikebreakers, but they have not taken any action in the matter.

GOVERNMENT PACKER GUILTY

James Prin, Appraiser's Stores Employe, Sent to Prison for Theft.

James Prin, the Government packer at the Appraiser's Stores, who was indicted for stealing articles from packages sent to the stores for appraisal, among them a diamond and ruby ring belonging to Mrs. J. P. Morgan, pleaded guilty yesterday to two counts of the indictment before Judge Hough in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court.

On the first count he was sentenced to eleven months' imprisonment in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island and to pay a fine of $500. Sentence on the second count was suspended. Prin is a veteran of the Spanish-American war and had served in the Philippines. He has been four years in the Appraiser's Stores.

BIND, SLASH, AND ROB GIRL.

Tall and Short Man Take Money and Jewels in Her Mother's Absence.

Mrs. Margaret Mauermann rushed weeping into the West 100th Street Police Station last Tuesday afternoon, and reported that while she was away from her home, 169 West Ninety-ninth Street, for half an hour, two men had entered her apartment, gagged and bound and slashed with a razor her sixteen-year-old daughter, Emma, and stole $218, her savings of seven years, and some jewelry.

Lieut. Cain and Detectives Quinn and Fay have been working on the case ever since, but have made little progress. The razor cuts were so shallow they scarcely drew blood, and the zigzag cuts on the girl's right arm and the right side of her neck resemble pin scratches.

The girl said one of the men was tall and the other short, and that both had black mustaches with curling ends. She thought they were Italians. Owing to her meagre description of the men, the detectives will take the girl to Police Headquarters to-day in the hope that she may be able to identify their pictures in the Rogues' Gallery.

UCHIDA LEAVES WASHINGTON

Says He Will Strive to Bind More Closely Japanese-American Ties.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Viscount Uchida, the retiring Japanese Ambassador, accompanied by his wife, left Washington this afternoon for Seattle, where they will embark next Tuesday for Japan. Viscount Uchida will become Minister of Foreign Affairs in the new Cabinet of Marquis Saionji. The affairs of the embassy will be in the hands of First Secretary Hanihara.

"One great satisfaction to me," said the Ambassador, "is that I leave this post with the happy knowledge that our two great countries are on the best of terms and that there is not apparent the most remote possibility of any change in this condition. Always in the future I shall strive to bind these friendly ties closer."

It is understood that the selection of Viscount Uchida's successor will not be made until Viscount Uchida reaches Japan and confers with the Premier.

FOUND POLICEMEN DRINKING.

Schmittberger Captures the Evidence in Brooklyn Saloons.

As a result of Chief Inspector Schmittberger's tour of the precincts in the downtown section of Brooklyn about midnight Wednesday and during the early hours of yesterday morning there are a number of anxious policemen in Brooklyn. He found a few off post and in saloons. To prove his case he took back with him to Headquarters the glasses which contained whisky. These will be used at the trials.

The fixed post was a matter of special study by the Chief Inspector. Whether the fixed posts are to be extended in Brooklyn is a matter of discussion now. Some of the Boards of Trade and Taxpayers' Associations have protested against the lack of police protection. They cite the number of burglaries that have occurred in the last month as proof of insufficient police service. Commissioner Waldo, it is understood, has received many complaints. With the transfer of sixty-five policemen from the suburban precincts to Manhattan yesterday the outlook for more police protection in Brooklyn is not looked upon as good.

Best & Co.

Millinery

FOR SATURDAY ONLY

Girls' Imported Black Velour Hats

best quality, variously trimmed with fancy feathers, ornaments, ribbon cockades, &c.

Price $5.00

Values $7.50 to $9.50

No C. O. D.'s, Credits or Exchanges

OUR stock of Dress and Tailored Hats is most complete, and includes both French and English models, and an excellent assortment of hats at moderate prices.

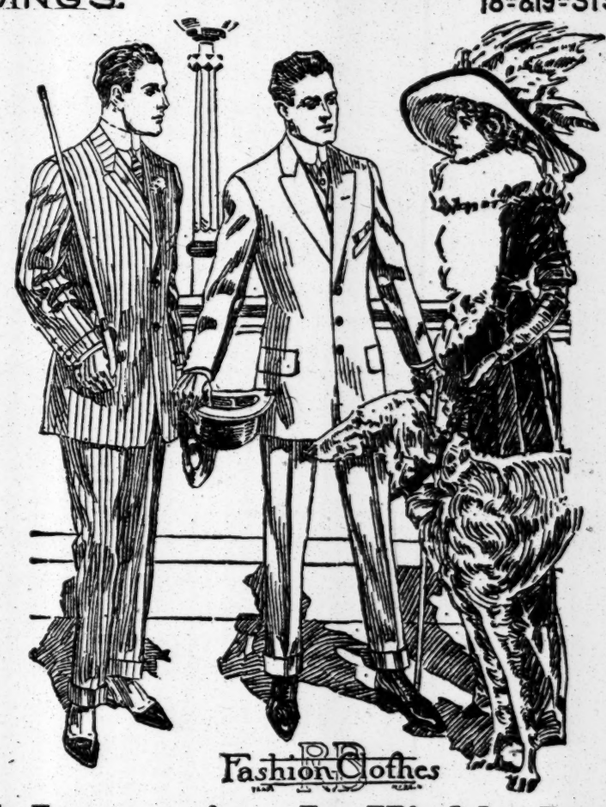
Fifth Ave. at 35th St.

Double Trading Stamps With Purchases Before 12 o'Clock

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.



A Good Impression Is Highly Important

Good clothes win this goal AT ONCE.

The brightest, brainiest chap you know wouldn't be half the social success he is if it were not for his clothes.

Clothes indicate the wearer's degree of taste and refinement. Wear the common sort and you are placed with the "common sort." Wear **"R. B. Fashion Clothes"** and you toe the mark with the unusual fellows—the men who dare and do.

"R. B. Fashion Clothes" are made from specially loomed fabrics into models which echo the ideas of America's most accomplished custom tailors. The tailoring reaches the highest degree of excellence. Their poise and proportion are perfect. We show them in a wonderful variety of fabrics and patterns:

Three favorite models in "R. B. Fashion Clothes" are **"The Maxim," "The Dartmouth"** and **"The Portsmouth."** We describe them below:

"R. B. Fashion Clothes" Our Showing at . . . $20

A style in this assortment for the youth, the young man and the man of middle age—as well as for the elderly man who prefers conservative yet stylish attire

Oxford blue and Oxford gray cheviots are the young man's favorites, while our handsome blue silk-mixed cheviots, blue pencil-striped worsteds, fancy Oxford mixtures, and the stylish brown wale cheviot suits are favored by the best-dressed men in New York.

All are cut in the various "R. B. Fashion Clothes" models. Ours is a wonderfully complete showing.

"R. B. Fashion Clothes" Our Showing at . . . $25

Here you'll find "The Maxim," "The Dartmouth," and "The Portsmouth" models—genuine Donegal tweeds—in two of the richest shades of Cambridge gray and the new shade of brown. These are in "The Maxim" model, which is a two-button long-roll sack style. It's an English model and is the equal in every respect of the custom-tailor's $40 product.

Also at $25—the new Niantic mixtures, in Scotch cheviots; imported fancy cassimeres in the new Oxford blue shades; finest brown wale cheviots, and brown-and-gray wide-wale worsteds.

All sizes for men and youths.

"R. B. Fashion Clothes" Our Showing at . . . $30

This notable display includes 15 decidedly new Fall patterns in "The Maxim," "The Portsmouth," and "The Dartmouth" models.

There are ready for your choosing the soft-roll, English-cut sack suits, the long-roll, 2-button and 3-button styles; all made of the finest English fabrics.

In the new brown shades there are the latest wide-and narrow-wale cheviots and worsteds—some plain weaves, others with stripes; also a rich, new dotted pattern and pencil-stripes.

In the blue shades: finest self-stripe English blue serges and worsteds; blue pencil-stripes, in the Panama weaves; blue wale cheviots and blue invisible plaid cassimeres.

In the gray shades are plain and fancy weaves in popular shades, such as "Oxford" and "Cambridge" gray.

All sizes for men and youths.

These Suits Are Absolutely as Fine as the Finest that Custom Tailors Can Produce.

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Ask for Trading Stamps—We Give Them

Two Wonderful Values

The Brill Twenty Suits
The Brill Special Suits
$15 and $20

They're the pride of the Brill Stores, the best values that $15 or $20 can buy. In no other suits at these prices is there so fine a quality of fabric, tailored with the thoroughness and beauty displayed in these suits.

The tremendous popularity enjoyed by Brill Twenty Suits at $20 and Brill Special $15 Suits makes enormous assortments in them absolutely necessary. Here are browns, grays, blues and dark effects, in English and conservative models.

At $1.35 Shirts of Woven Madras, plain and pleated, $2.50 Values.

Brill Brothers

UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.
BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
Harlem Store Open Every Evening.

TO REPORT CHARTER BILL AS AMENDED

Senate Committee's Changes Include the Elimination of Mayor's Absolute Veto Over Subways.

ANOTHER "JOKER" IS FOUND

Power Given Gaynor to Supervise City Departments Would, It Is Thought, Embarrass Prendergast and Mitchel.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—The Senate Cities Committee, at an executive meeting held this afternoon, decided by a vote of 3 to 2 to report favorably at to-morrow's session the Cullen-Foley New York City Charter bill, with amendments eliminating the Mayor's absolute veto over subway franchises and restoring the supervision of the Municipal Civil Service Commission by the State Civil Service Commission. It was also announced that the Charter bill would be placed on the Senate calendar for final passage on Wednesday of next week. Senators Travis and Rose (Rep.) furnished the opposition.

"I believe that the amendments decided upon at this meeting should meet the objections advanced by Senators Roosevelt and Loomis," said Senator Cullen. He was asked if he believed the Charter bill as amended would be acceptable to the Brooklyn members.

"I cannot speak for the Brooklyn members as a body," was his reply. "But I represent a Brooklyn district myself, and I am satisfied."

Neither Senator Roosevelt nor Senator Loomis was at the Capitol to-day, and the Democratic Senators from Brooklyn have not attended any of the sessions this week, with the exception of Senator Hardin, who left for home yesterday. Senator Roosevelt yesterday said that before he voted on the proposed Charter he must be satisfied that no attempt is made to give the Mayor, by indirection, the powers the latter sought by the "separate-and-additional-approval" provision in subway franchise matters.

On examination of the amended Charter bill, which came from the Public Printer to-day, it was discovered that subsequent to the public hearings a provision was inserted charging the Mayor with the duty of supervising and "informing himself generally" with regard to the conduct of all city departments, including those headed by elective city and borough officials. The opinion was expressed here, after this provision had been discovered, that it would give the Mayor unlimited power to harass Controller Prendergast and President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, with whom he has not been on good terms.

The State Patrolmen's Association, through James W. Griffen, their representative at the Capitol, lodged a protest to-day with Chairman Cullen of the Senate Cities Committee against what the policemen regard as a discrimination against them in the Charter bill. Under its provisions a member of the uniformed police force must serve twenty-two and a half years before he can be retired with a pension on his own application, except where he has sustained injury in the performance of his duty. In the case of firemen, on the other hand, retirement with a pension equaling one-half of their salary can be had after twenty years' service. No change was made in the Charter in regard to the patrolmen's protest.

The Merchants' Association of New York, through its statistician, Frederick E. De Berard, proposed to Senator Cullen an amendment to the three-platoon act to exempt the Traffic Squad in New York City from the provisions of that law which gives policemen an eight-hour day. Commissioner Waldo would like to revive the old system, under which the traffic men worked at their highly specialized police duty ten hours daily, with an hour for luncheon, and their nights and, for the most part, their Sundays to themselves. Senator Cullen told Mr. De Berard that he could not hold out much prospect that the three-platoon act would be amended along the lines suggested by the Merchants' Association.

DIX DEFERS GRESSER RULING.

Won't Allow His Decision to Influence Queens Primaries.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—Developments to-day in the case of Lawrence Gresser, whose removal from the office of President of the Borough of Queens is demanded, confirm the report that Gov. Dix will not allow his decision to be used as a factor in the Queens primaries next Tuesday. It is not expected that the Governor will act on the recommendation for Gresser's removal made by Commissioner Samuel H. Ordway before next Wednesday.

The Governor said to-day that William Church Osborn, his counsel, was comparing the briefs of opposing counsel recently submitted with the testimony taken by Mr. Ordway, and he would wait until Mr. Osborn made a report.

$199,000 State Printing Contract Let.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—The State Printing Board to-day awarded to the Albany Argus Company the contract for the legislative printing for the year beginning Oct. 1 next at $199,000. The other bidders were the Brandow Printing Company, at $220,000, and the J. B. Lyon Company, at $209,000. The Lyon Company, which now has the contract, has done the work for the last three years.

New Peace Body Incorporated.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—The "International Peace Forum," with its principal office in New York City, was incorporated to-day "to promote peace among the nations of mankind and in the industrial world." The Directors include Henry Clews and Alexander S. Cochran of New York, Dr. George E. Reed of Harrisburg, Penn.; William Shanklin of Middletown, and Robert Watchorn of Los Angeles.

For Uniform Automobile Laws.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—With a view to obtaining uniform automobile laws in the various States, Secretary of State Lazansky has called a conference of officials having charge of automobile matters in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Virginia, Delaware, Maryland, and Ohio to meet in his office at the Capitol on Oct. 8 at noon.

NURSE GUILTY OF THEFT.

Helen Watson in Jail Must Answer Another Charge.

Helen Watson, the trained nurse who was arrested on a shoplifting charge in Brooklyn a week ago and later accused of robbing the homes of patients, was found guilty of larceny yesterday in the Court of Special Sessions, Brooklyn. She was remanded to Raymond Street Jail for a week to await sentence.

Miss Watson was employed by William B. Devereaux, Jr., a mining engineer, among others, to take care of his mother at his home in Mamaroneck, N. Y. Mrs. Devereaux died on Sunday, Sept. 10. The nurse left there the next day, and after she was gone, Devereaux discovered that property belonging to him and his mother valued at about $3,000 was missing.

The Mamaroneck authorities want to prosecute the woman as soon as the shoplifting case is disposed of in Brooklyn.

POLICE HUNT FOR GRAY AUTO

Touring Car Occupants Wanted for Killing W. M. Evans in a Collision.

A general alarm has been sent out for the gray touring car which collided with the automobile of Willet M. Evans of 25 Madison Street, Brooklyn, at Ocean and Flatbush Avenues, early yesterday morning. Mr. Evans, who was 60 years old, was killed.

The police have not yet been able to get a very connected story as to how the accident happened, but from what the other occupants of the car say the touring car struck the rear axle of the other car, turning it completely around and jamming it into a telegraph pole.

The three men in the car were hurled about 30 feet, the older Evans's head striking the curb. H. A. McDougal of Delaware County, N. Y., who was in the rear seat of the machine with Mr. Evans, got a compound fracture of the leg. Frank Gibney of 38 Madison Street got a fracture of the arm. Willet C. Evans, son of the man who was killed, was driving the car. He escaped without injury.

Several persons who saw the accident say there were seven persons in the touring car, and that they laughed and waved their handkerchiefs as they sped away after the accident. The police believe they have got four numbers of the license—414-4—the fifth number they could not get.

PRINCETON'S RECORD CLASS.

More Freshmen This Year Than Ever Before—Few Changes in the Faculty.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, Sept. 21.—The largest entering class in the history of the university, numbering 440 freshmen, met in Marquand Chapel this afternoon. Dean Henry Burchard Fine declared the one hundred and sixty-fifth university year opened and welcomed the freshman class. For the last eight years Gov. Wilson had performed this office.

Princeton is without a President, but the Trustees will meet within a month, and it is generally believed it will not go by without an election.

A department of hygiene and physical education has been created, with Dr. Joseph E. Raycroft, formerly of Michigan, in charge. Other new professors are George B. McClellan, who will hold the newly created Chair of Public Affairs; Dr. Frank A. Fetter of Cornell, who succeeds Prof. Winthrop M. Daniels in political economy, and Dr. Stewart Paton, lecturer in biology.

The contract for the foundation of the new Graduate School has been let and work will be begun at once. The excavations have been made, but ground has not been broken yet for the new dormitory adjoining Patton Hall.

DIX CONFERS ON BOXING ROW.

Settlement of O'Neil's Dispute with Dixon Over Garden License Is Likely.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—Gov. Dix to-day conferred with State Athletic Commissioner O'Neil regarding the difference of opinion existing between Commissioners O'Neil and Dixon over the validity of the license granted by the commission to the Madison Square Athletic Club. They also discussed the vacancy caused by the resignation of James E. Sullivan of New York as Chairman of the commission.

Neither the Governor nor Mr. O'Neil would comment on their conference, but it was intimated that, while no definite conclusion had been reached on the matters considered, they would be satisfactorily settled within a short time.

SPEED IN ELECTION DECISION.

Appellate Division Hears Argument on Brooklyn Municipal Court Vacancy.

An appeal from the recent decision of Supreme Court Justice Jaycox granting a peremptory writ of mandamus compelling City Clerk Scully and the Board of Elections to certify to a vacancy on the Sixth District Municipal Court bench, Brooklyn, was argued yesterday before the Appellate Division. The Justices sat especially to consider this case, so that an appeal may be taken to the Court of Appeals and a decision given in time to prepare for the elections on Nov. 7. They reserved decision on yesterday's argument.

The vacancy in this district was caused by the recent death of Judge Fielder, and Judge William S. Shanahan was appointed by the Mayor to fill the place. The Republicans began a contest to hold an election for the office this Fall following an opinion given by the Corporation Counsel that such an election could not be held, and that Judge Shanahan's term of office would run until Jan. 1, 1914.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Callahan represented the City Clerk and the Board of Elections. Former Congressman Charles B. Law and Arnon L. Squires appeared for the petitioners.

REWARD FOR ILLEGAL VOTERS

Woodrow Wilson League in Newark on the Lookout for Primary Frauds.

The Woodrow Wilson Democratic League of Newark has offered a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of any person caught voting illegally at Tuesday's primary election. Posters announcing this will be put up at the various polling places.

The league's action followed the discovery that 5,000 sample ballots mailed to addresses of voters as contained in the poll books have already been returned as undeliverable.

It is planned to investigate by making a canvass of the addresses at which the registry book addresses could not be found and expunge all the names that are found to have no right on the registry.

OFFERS $50,000 TO CONVICT.

New York Firm Would Buy Life-Saving Device of Pardoned Prisoner.

Special to The New York Times.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., Sept. 21.—George Haines, a prisoner in the County Jail, has been notified that he has been granted a pardon by the Board of Pardons at Harrisburg. This spares him seven years of jail life, as Haines has only served two years of a sentence of nine years, imposed on him for horse stealing.

He has also received an offer of $50,000 from a New York firm for Haines's interest in a patent of a device for saving people from drowning, which he invented in prison. The appliance is made to slip over the shoulders and head, and can be adjusted in four seconds.

Haines also has drawings of a device which he calls an aeroplane life preserver, which he will also patent.

Say Cigar Man's Suit Is Baseless.

S. M. Stroock, counsel for the United Cigar Stores Company and the United Merchants' Realty and Improvement Company, said yesterday of the action for $50,000 damages brought in the Supreme Court by Joseph Liebman, that there was no foundation for the claims of Liebman, and that the action would be defended at the proper time and in the proper way.

CONNERS QUITS STATE COMMITTEE

Though Ousted from Control in Erie, Democratic Leaders Fear His Future Course.

PIQUED BY DIX SLIGHTS

Friends Say Governor Did Not Consult Him on Erie Appointments and Patronage Generally.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—William J. Conners, former Chairman of the Democratic State Committee and manager of the Hearst Gubernatorial campaign in 1906, has resigned his membership of the State Committee. By his action, which was announced to-day by Secretary John A. Mason, Mr. Conners retires from active participation in the councils of his party. While the former State leader had been ousted from control in Erie, his home county, Democratic leaders at the capitol are apprehensive as to his future course.

Mr. Conners represented the Forty-eighth Senatorial district in the State Committee. His resignation was dated Sept. 15, four days before the primaries in Buffalo, but it did not reach Mr. Mason at the Executive Chamber until to-day.

In the early days of Gov. Dix's administration, Mr. Conners was a frequent caller on him. For the last few months, however, the Governor has been harshly criticised in the columns of Mr. Conners's Buffalo newspapers. The former State Chairman did not like any of the Governor's appointments nor his approval of some of the bills affecting Buffalo and vicinity.

Friends of Mr. Conners say that the Governor had led Mr. Conners and his Erie County associates on the State Committee to believe that he would consult them on Erie County appointments and State patronage in general. At the outset the Governor found a subordinate position for John T. Maher, Mr. Conners's secretary, and Buffalo Democrats say this was the extent of the patronage given to the former State leader. When a position was sought for a Buffalo man, William H. Fitzpatrick, who ousted Conners from control in Erie County, was consulted, and it is declared that Mr. Conners was ignored.

Mr. Fitzpatrick captured the position of Deputy State Exercise Commissioner of Erie County, that of Sheriff of Erie, which was filled by the Governor, and the office of State Election Commissioner, which was given to Fitzpatrick's brother-in-law. Furthermore, there was important Buffalo legislation, which was enacted in the face of Conners's opposition.

Following upon the humiliation at Albany came the primaries this week, and the Conners forces were defeated in Erie, Buffalo district, in which a contest was made against the Fitzpatrick people. To this combination of circumstances the Democratic politicians at the Capitol attribute the retirement of Mr. Conners.

For many years the former State Chairman has been a political power in Buffalo. He was the undisputed leader of the southside of that city, where he built up a successful business. He became a member of the Executive Committee of the Erie County Committee and was repeatedly elected a delegate to Democratic State conventions.

In 1906 the Democrats were searching for a State Chairman to succeed Cord Myer, and they finally selected Conners. In that year William R. Hearst was the Democratic candidate for Governor against Charles E. Hughes, and it is said he spent many thousands of dollars of his own money to win success for his party.

Considerable opposition against the leadership developed throughout the State. Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, made a combination of forces which compelled Conners to retire as State Chairman. He was succeeded as Chairman by John A. Dix, who remained at the head of the committee until he was nominated for Governor. The latter was succeeded by Winfield A. Huppuch, who also resigned when he was appointed to be a Public Service Commissioner.

Besides that caused by the resignation of Mr. Conners there are two other vacancies on the committee. It is stated here that the committee will not meet again until next Spring.

BUFFALO, Sept. 21.—William J. Conners gave out the following statement regarding his resignation:

"I resigned for three reasons: First, in order to devote more time to my business interests; second, because I desire to be absolutely free and independent as a Democrat in standing by the Democratic pledges and the principles of the Democratic Party as proclaimed in the Democratic State platform of 1910; third, because by resigning from the State committee now I can most effectively reply to accusations made by the dominant forces of the present organization to the effect that I have criticised their defiance and violations of the pledges of the party, owing to personal ambition and personal prejudice.

"These accusations have been made in spite of the fact that I am not seeking any office or desiring to recommend any person for nomination for local or State office."

FOR TWO NEW JUSTICES.

Sullivan Introduces Bill Increasing Supreme Court Here.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—Senator Timothy D. Sullivan to-day introduced a bill providing for two additional Justices of the Supreme Court in New York City, one to be elected this Fall and the other next Fall.

Earlier in the present session Senator Sullivan introduced a bill providing for three additional Justice in New York County, but it was vetoed by Gov. Dix. Later a bill providing for two new Justices of the Supreme Court in the Second (Brooklyn) District was signed by the Governor.

Senator Sullivan hopes to be able to effect the passage of his new bill before the close of the present session.

SAILOR SUES COMMODORE.

Bangsund Says He Lost the Use of His Eye Through Carelessness of Melville.

An action for $10,000 damages because of an injury to his eye has been brought by Ingvard Bangsund against Commodore H. H. Melville, through alleged carelessness on the morning of Aug. 17, aboard a launch of the Commodore's yacht Vergana, in Hungtington Bay, at the international motor boat races of that year. Bangsund says he was a launchman employed on the Vergana, and that because of the injury to his eyes he no longer can obtain employment as a launchman or diver.

Bangsund alleges the Commodore ordered him to go ashore in the launch at 10 P. M. to bring back two women. He found them awaiting him and returned immediately to the yacht. They stayed aboard until 2 o'clock next morning, says Bangsund, and the Commodore and the women drank much intoxicating liquors and champagne.

At 2 o'clock, when they were ready to leave, Bangsund says that Commodore Melville ordered him to take them ashore in the launch.

As the elderly woman was about to step into the launch, Bangsund says, the Commodore let go of her arm, which he was holding, and his companion fell into the launch, clutching an upright of the awning cover as she did so.

Bangsund says he assisted her into a seat, but that just as he got her safely settled in the launch she let go of the upright which she had pressed forward as she fell. This snapped back and hit the launchman in the eye with such force that he was flung over on the engine and fell unconscious. Later he was removed aboard the yacht, while another man took his place in the launch and conveyed the party ashore.

Bangsund says he is entitled to damages because the accident was caused by the carelessness of his employer.

No answer was filed for Commodore Melville, and last night he could not be found at the Automobile Club of America, where he is a member of the motor boat branch, nor at the New York Yacht Club, where he has rooms.

POLICEMAN GETS $5,000 BAIL.

Huntington Is Accused of Sharing in the Robbery of a Russian.

Reuben R. Huntington, a policeman of the Union Market Station, furnished the $5,000 bail yesterday that Judge Swann, in General Sessions, demanded of him when John Horay of 297 Avenue B was found guilty of robbery in which the policeman is alleged to have had an important part.

The complainant in the case is John Kondratiuk, a Russian peasant, who is now in the House of Detention, and will be called to the stand against the policeman to tell the story for the fourth time in court of how he was victimized.

Six policemen of Huntington's precinct testified to an alibi for him in the trial of Horay. The trial of Huntington is expected to bring up the subject of the "system" in the Police Department which aims to protect any policeman charged with breaking the law.

SCORES OF STATE JOBS PUT IN EXEMPT LIST

Civil Service Commission Transfers New Places to the Non-Competitive Schedule.

AWAITS DIX'S APPROVAL

Nearly All of the Clerks Under the Election Law May Be Appointed Without Examination.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—Scores of positions in State and county service, the majority of which were created this year, have been placed in the exempt and non-competitive schedules by the State Civil Service Commission, subject to the approval of Gov. Dix. The salaries range from $1,000 to $4,500 a year.

The positions include two additional chief deputies, two additional confidential clerks, and two additional confidential stenographers to the State Superintendents of Elections; two chief clerks to the Secured Debts Tax Bureau in the office of the State Controller; counsel for the Bureau of Industries and Immigration in the State Labor Department; Inspector of Buildings and Inspector of Supplies for the State Commission in Lunacy; three positions of chief clerk, clerk, or stenographer, to the Boards of Elections in the Counties of Albany, Chautauqua, Nassau, Niagara, Oneida, Onondaga, Orange, Rensselaer, Suffolk, Ulster, and Westchester; twenty-five positions of chief clerks, deputy chief clerks, secretaries, stenographers, and clerks to the New York City Board of Elections; interpreter and transportation attendant to the State Board of Alienists, and two shop foremen, Eastern and Middle Divisions, to the Department of Public Works.

The appointment of Harry P. Willis as chief engineer in the State Department of Highways was approved under suspension of the rule requiring examination, as was also the appointment of Dr. Theodore I. Townsend of New York as first assistant physician at the Binghamton State Hospital.

The application of the State Highway Commission for the classification in the exempt class of six divisions of division engineer was laid on the table.

ROOMMATE AND MONEY GONE.

Thrifty Ribbonmaker Arrives Too Late at Pier in Frantic Pursuit.

Just as the White Star liner Baltic was departing from her North River pier yesterday an excited man raced down the pier demanding loudly that the vessel "come back." Men on the pier restrained him, fearing he would jump into the water after the departing liner.

Calming down, he said he was Morris Abramowitz, a ribbonmaker. Hoping to start business he had saved $200, which he put in his trunk while his roommate looked on.

Abramowitz said he suspected nothing when yesterday morning his roommate picked up his baggage and announced that he was going back to Europe. They parted affectionately, he said, and the friend gave him his photograph. Shortly after the friend left for the steamship pier Abramowitz said he went to his trunk and found his money gone. Then he hurried to the pier, only to find the Baltic going down the river.

KILLED IN JUMP FOR LIFE.

Leaps from Auto to Avoid Train and Is Struck—Companions Escape.

As he jumped from an automobile at the approach of a speeding express train of the Long Island Railroad, James J. Barrett, of 584 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, was killed at the West Main Street crossing, in Centre Moriches, L. I., yesterday afternoon. His four companions, who remained in the automobile, were not hurt, for the car cleared the track by a few inches.

Barrett was employed by the New York Telephone Company, and was engaged in obtaining right of way for new lines. Barrett seemed convinced that nothing could save the automobile from being struck, and when he struck the ground he fell directly on the tracks. Before he could rise the train was upon him.

The four men who escaped death gave their names to no one, but hurried away after seeing that Barrett's body would be cared for.

The crossing where the accident occurred is considered a dangerous one. Two years ago Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hutchings and their daughter were killed there in their automobile.

WE GIVE SURETY STAMPS

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co

Sixth Ave., 20th to 22d St., N. Y.

High Quality. Lowest Prices on Sixth Avenue.

Unusual Offering of

High-Grade Men's Furnishings

O'Neill Main Store—Just Inside 21st St. Door.

Extraordinary Price Savings

For To-day and Saturday

Men's $2.00 Coat Shirts at $1.20

900 new Fall shirts in this season's patterns and colors of imported and domestic madras, woven and printed in the newest stripes and Jacquard effects, hand-finished and laundered; pearl buttons, pleated and plain bosoms, cuffs attached; sizes 14 to 18. Colors guaranteed to be fast ones. These shirts are standard $2 values; our price for this sale, $1.20.

Men's $2.50 Pajamas at $1.45

Made of Doucettine cloth, which is considered by experts as much finer and silkier finish than other plain cloths in the market. They have military collars, silk loops; fine, good size pearl buttons and pockets in white, blue, pink, helio and gray; all sizes to extra large.

Men's $2.00 Pajamas, $1.20

The materials are very fine Jacquard cloth, in a large range of neat designs and colors; beautifully made, large bodies, silk loops; all sizes and extra large.

Men's 50c and 75c New Fall Silk Neckwear, 35c; or 3 for $1.00

1,200 fine silk neckwear of imported and domestic silks. Not left on the shelf goods, but all new Fall silks; full length; large folded four-in-hand shapes; all rich colorings in stripes and figures.

Men's $3.50 Coat Sweaters, $2.25

Made of all wool, Oxford gray, V neck, two pockets, best buttons to match; regular length, perfect fitting; sizes 34 to 44.

Men's $3.75 Terry Robes, $2.65

Made of Jacquard figured Terry cloth of good weight, taped seams, full-cut bodies, round collar, girdle and neck cords to match; sizes to fit small to extra large men; colors gray, light and dark blue, tan, pink and lavender.

Men's $4 Blanket Robes, $2.85

Made of fine soft blankets, not the hard shoddy kind; in new Jacquard designs for the coming season; good colors only; with satin neck block; all bound seams; girdle and neck cords to match; inverted pleat at back; all sizes, from small to large.

Slippers to match if you wish, 50c and $1.00.

Men's $1.00 Crochet Knit Scarfs, 65c

Pure thread silk, plain color crochet weave; the knit scarf that will be popular this Fall; in nineteen different plain colors.

Men's $6 and $7 Shoes at $4.50

O'Neill Main Store—Second Floor.

Made by Newark's leading manufacturers; if we could use the name it would speed you here.

These shoes we bargained for long ago. We place them before you for the first time in all the newest and best leathers; tan Russia calfskin, gun metal calfskin and vici kid, in button and lace styles, several good toes and heels. These are not samples, odd sizes or job lots, but all widths B, C, D, and E, also all sizes from 6 to 10. These shoes retail from coast to coast at $6 and $7 per pair; our price for Friday and Saturday only..... $4.50

All Cars Transfer to

Bloomingdale's

Easy to Reach from Anywhere

Convenient now to Everywhere.

Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street

Women's & Misses' Superior Tailored Fall Suits, $14.75

Plain tailored models; trimmed models. New revers. Guaranteed satin lined. New skirts. Superior materials, which include cheviots, two-toned fabrics, broadcloths, fancy mixtures. Predominant Fall colors, $14.75.

Women's 52-in. Caracul Coats, Leipzig dye, splendid values at..... $39.00
Women's New Chiffon Taffeta Waists, exceptional offering at..... $2.98
Women's and Misses' Fine Reversible Cloth Coats, at..... $15.00

Women's Marabou Boas, 2½ yards long, special value at..... $4.98
Men's $2 Fall Pleated Shirts, sizes 14 to 17½ at..... $1.25
Men's Auto Collar Coat Sweaters, pure wool at..... $2.25

Extra Selected California Blankets; warranted all pure wool, 72x80; pretty pink and blue border, a $10.00 value, pr..... $7.50

Crepe Meteor, 40 inches wide, in evening shades; also white & black; rich lustrous finish; value $2.50; special, yard..... $1.49

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

By Request

The Official Presentation of Continental Modes

In the Salons on our Eighth Floor

Will be continued to-day at 10 A. M. to 12 Noon—2 to 4:30 P. M.

This is in deference to those of our customers who were unable to obtain a satisfactory view, owing to the crowds that have attended each day.

R. H. Macy & Co

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Open 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Every day including Saturday

AUTUMN HEADWEAR

Soft Hats at Macy's 98c to $3.49
Derbies at Macy's $1.88 to $4.49

You might be willing to pay more—but why should you?

Know all men by their hats.

If they betray the tell-tale brim mark on the forehead, they are careless men. They buy any old sort of hat.

We fit men with hats as carefully as we fit them with suits, shoes and shirts.

Every man that walks out of Macy's has bought what is becoming to him.

FOUR KINDS OF MEN

One: The man who has his suits made to measure.
Two: The man who buys "cheap" suits.
Three: The man who buys good suits at high cost.
Four: The man who buys good suits at Macy's.

MAN No. 1 pays unnecessarily for a convenience which he enjoys at Macy's free of charge. We give him practically the same fit without putting him to the trouble of a preliminary measurement.

MAN No. 2 is the most extravagant of all these men. He buys, say, two suits, at, say, $10.00 each, that give him nothing like the service that one Macy suit at $14.75 gives him. Not only that, but he never looks dressed in either of the two cheap suits, even when they are new.

MAN No. 3 is the man to whom this advertisement is chiefly addressed. We offer him suits as good as the suits he has been buying, and we offer him, in addition, the inducement of the "Regular Macy Saving." Those suits for which he pays $30.00 or $35.00 elsewhere, are available to him here for $24.75 and $29.75. Suits that cost him $45.00 elsewhere are his for the asking and fitting at Macy's for $38.50.

MAN No. 4 we hardly need to address at all. Once a man comes to Macy's to buy a suit, he requires no reminding to come to Macy's the next time he wants a suit. Man No. 4 is a man who pays lowest market prices for reliable quality cloth, solid tailoring and authoritative, wearable style.

To MEN No. 1, 2 and 3 we say: "Every suit which we sell as all-wool is **all** wool." No equivocation here.

To MEN No. 1, 2 and 3 we say that when we sell a man a suit, we sell him a suit that fits him, not only in one place, but all over. **We would like to see Men 1, 2 and 3** at their earliest convenience. The proposition we have to offer will surprise them.

MEN'S FALL TOP COATS

The popularity of the Chesterfield model is apparently never to wane. Nor is this to be wondered at. A man is always well dressed in this type of coat (provided it be properly made), and they may be worn anywhere, at any time a topcoat is necessary.

We have them in the new Fall models, made of Oxford and black undressed worsteds, lined with silk, at **$19.75.**

Others made of Oxford, bird's-eye, worsted, silk-lined, at **$27.50.**

For those who lean to the lighter cloth, we have provided coats made of gray mixed tweeds, worsteds and cheviots, at prices ranging from **$14.75** to **$24.75.**

ENGLISH TOP COATS with plain or regulation shoulders, all with the loose easy, hanging "drape" that stamps them "London made." These come in both rough and smooth surface materials; some in most striking colors and patterns; others are fashioned of tweeds and coverts in the "less talkative" gray mixed effects. **$27.74** and **$32.50.**

TOP COATS, made here on English models of imported tweeds and velours; also of exclusive American fabrics, at **$19.75, $24.75** and **$27.74.**

FOR THE MAN WHO SMOKES CIGARETTES

We have the finest cigarette to be obtained in New York City.

"IT IS CALLED PERA"; is made of the finest selected Turkish tobacco, and is imported by us direct, meaning that you save the middleman's profit. These cigarettes come in three sizes—

Size C, plain tipped; box of 10, 37c. Box of 100, $3.69
Size C, gold tipped; box of 10, 39c. Box of 100, $3.89
Size A, plain or gold tipped; Box of 100, $4.96

LITTLE THINGS

That keep big things in order at nominal expense.

TROUSER HANGERS—Some to hold four pair, some wooden, some nickel, some padded, some with hooks for trousers, some specially designed for tourists. Price 6c to 28c. Basement.

TROUSER STRETCHERS, wooden, 49c
PRESS BOARDS, 24-inch..... 64c
TAILORS' PRESS BOARDS, $1.96
FOLDING IRONING BOARDS, convenient for packing into trunk or suit case..... 53c
ELECTRIC IRON..... $3.99

AGAIN PLAN TO USE STEINWAY TUNNEL

Interborough Officials Confer with the Public Service Commissioners.

MAY COST CITY $9,000,000

To Put Tube in Shape to be Connected with Subway Lines—Queens Route of Travel Shifts.

Negotiations were reopened yesterday for the putting of the Steinway Tunnel, between Forty-second Street and Long Island City, to the use of the public. Theodore P. Shonts, President; Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager, and Richard Reed Rogers, counsel of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, called yesterday morning on Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission and were in consultation with him and other Commissioners for more than an hour. Neither Mr. Shonts nor Chairman Willcox would discuss the matter afterward, though Mr. Willcox stated that so far specific terms and conditions had not been discussed.

Another conference is to be held in the next few days, and it is expected that the Interborough will make a fresh proposal to the commission. This will probably stipulate for the purchase of the tunnel by the city, the clearing up of all the legal difficulties that have beset the operation of the tunnel by a new franchise, and its combination with the Manhattan Subway rather than the New York and Queens County trolley lines in Queens, with which it was at first intended to operate it.

If the city buys the tunnel and completes it as an extension to Contract 1 of the Subway, it will be committed to the expenditure of between $8,500,000 and $9,000,000. The actual cost of the tunnel as shown by the books of the Interborough Company was declared by Chief Statistician Weber of the Public Service Commission to be $8,595,516, but from this should be deducted certain charges for the rush work done in the endeavor to complete the work within the limit set by the original franchise and also for certain real estate that he did not consider essential to it.

The Interborough itself offered in 1908 to sell the tunnel to the city for $7,239,476, and these are the latest figures obtainable of the price at which the company holds the tunnel. To complete it, however, it would be necessary to extend it from its present terminus at Park Avenue to 300 feet west of Madison Avenue, and this, with the provision of escalators, the completion of stations, and the installation of proper ventilation and drainage systems, would cost, it is estimated, about $1,500,000.

The Steinway Tunnel could be operated in connection either with the Subway or the New York & Queens County trolley lines, which are owned by the Interborough. The first proposal of the Interborough to the city in 1908 was for granting a through 5-cent fare from any part of the Queens County lines through the tunnel; the second proposal, in 1910, contemplated making the tunnel part of the Subway system.

The tunnel is large enough to take a standard size Subway car, but the radius of its loop at the Manhattan end is not great enough to permit the cars to run around it. There is nothing, however, to prevent the operation on its two tracks of two shuttle cars, between Jackson Avenue, Queens, and the Manhattan terminus. On the other hand, if it is desired to run the Queens County trolleys into the tunnel and bring them under the river to Manhattan, there is already in existence a loop large enough for them at the Jackson Avenue end, and it would be a simple matter to make a direct connection with the trolley lines on the avenue.

It was pointed out yesterday in connection with the choice between these two plans that in the last few months there has been an interesting change in the lines of travel between Queens and Manhattan. When the Queensboro Bridge was opened for street cars the Queens County company ran half its cars across it, diverting them from their old route to the Long Island Ferry Station. In a few weeks, however, it was found that the residents of Flushing preferred to travel to and fro via the Queensboro Bridge and the elevated railroad, and this route rose so steadily in favor that now a mere shuttle service is maintained by the Queens company between the ferry and the bridge plaza, and practically all its cars have been diverted to the northern route.

It is thought likely that if the people of Queens could reach Forty-second Street by the Steinway Tunnel without change of cars or paying an additional fare, the tide of travel would turn along that route. Far more people wish to reach Forty-second Street than Fifty-ninth Street, and if they have to continue their journey downtown from the Grand Central Station the Subway will be a much quicker and more popular route than the elevated from Fifty-ninth Street.

CAR HITS AUTO AT CROSSING.

Disobeyed Full Stop Order, It Is Said —Four Persons Bruised.

Four persons were badly shaken and bruised in an automobile accident at the intersection of Halsey Street and Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, early Wednesday morning. A light touring car attempted to cross Halsey Street just as a Bushwick Avenue street car came along. The cars are supposed to come to a full stop at the crossing, but this one did not, and rammed the automobile, knocking it twenty feet off the track and turning its passengers out upon the pavement. They were A. Miller of 605 Gates Avenue, A. Weekes of 749 Quincey Street, Florence Burnett of 261 Madison Street, and Mabel De Mare of 219 Madison Street.

While two of the passengers suffered from sprained ankles, they refused to allow an ambulance surgeon to be called on account of the publicity that would follow. They proceeded to their homes in carriages, which were summoned by telephone.

The touring car, which was badly smashed, was towed to a Lexington Avenue garage.

NEW 5-CENT ROUTE TO CONEY

Br R. T. Will Open It on Monday, the Service Board Is Informed.

The new 5-cent Coney Island route will be opened on Monday, according to fare schedules filed yesterday with the Public Service Commission by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. On and after Monday eastbound passengers of the Sixty-fifth Street and Bay Ridge line of the Brooklyn Heights Company can transfer at Thirteenth Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street to the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry line of the Nassau Company, and westbound passengers of the Nassau Company's Thirty-ninth Street Ferry line can transfer at Bay Thirty-ninth Street and Ulmer Park to the Sixty-fifth Street and Bay Ridge line of the Brooklyn Heights Company.

Public Service Commission Inspectors, having had their attention turned to the tortuous trolley systems of Brooklyn, have discovered that there are three other 5-cent routes to Coney Island in existence which have been unknown to most people. One starts from Park Row by the Union Street car and goes to Fifth Avenue, thence by the Fifth Avenue car to Thirty-ninth Street, and thence to Coney Island by the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry car. All three lines belong to the Nassau Company.

Another route starts from Park Row by the Vanderbilt Avenue car, and goes to Church Avenue. There a free transfer is made to the Church Avenue car, which is used as far as Thirty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue, where again the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry cars are used.

The third route begins at Delancey Street, whence the Hamburg Avenue cars run over the Williamsburg Bridge to Church Avenue.

DRIVER SHOT THREE TIMES.

Jersey City Police Believe He Is Victim of Strike Dispute.

Frank Somers, a middle-aged teamster, of 244 Varick Street, Jersey City, is dying in the Jersey City Hospital of bullet wounds in the abdomen, shoulder, and leg. Gustave Roede of 299 Van Horne Street and William English of Pine Street, Jersey City, are held by the police as witnesses. Somers declared that he and his companions had been set upon by three men. All said they could not identify their assailants.

The Jersey City police believe that the shooting arose out of the coal drivers' strike. The three men assailed are members of one faction of the strikers, who have been divided since the last election of the Teamsters' Union in Jersey City. In the present strike one of the factions has been opposed to stopping work.

There were indications yesterday that the strike would not be of long duration. The teamsters employed by the L. Wertheim Company went back to work yesterday morning, reducing the number of strikers by one-half. The Burns Brothers Company, whose men started the strike because one of their number had been discharged for remaining more than a quarter of an hour in a saloon, hired no strikebreakers yesterday and did not attempt to move their wagons. They expect that their men will return to work soon. Fifteen men employed by a milling company struck for about two hours yesterday because one of their number had been discharged for lounging in a saloon. At the end of that time they returned to work, with apologies for their hasty action.

RING SWINDLER SENTENCED.

Was a Pickpocket, Too, and Goes to Elmira Reformatory.

Meyer Morakowitz was standing on the corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street one night about two months ago when a man came up and offered to sell him a diamond ring marked "18 Karat" and "price $450" for $2. In the light of the arc lamp the ring made a fine showing, and Morakowitz said he would take it.

"There," said the man, "you have the bargain of a lifetime." With his left hand he stuck the ring into Morakowitz's vest pocket, but at the same moment his right went into Morakowitz's other vest pocket and extracted a watch worth $85 and a chain worth $35.

Two weeks ago Morakoitz saw the man who had robbed him. He called a policeman and had him arrested. In the man's pockets were two rings like the one that had been bought for $2. They were marked "18 Karat" and "Price $450." They were composed of brass and glass, and dear at any price.

Before Judge Swann the man gave his name as Morris Moskowitz and his address at 153 Allen Street. A jury convicted him yesterday, and he was sent to Elmira with an indeterminate sentence.

CHILD DIES IN QUARRY POND.

Tumbles Into It at Play, as Many Others Have Done.

Quarry Pond, a treacherous pool in an old quarry at Elm Park, Borough of Richmond, claimed another child victim yesterday. In the past few years several boys and girls have fallen into the pool while playing about the slippery rocks at its edge and have died before the eyes of their little playmates.

The latest victim was an 8-year-old orphan girl, Julia Ulrich, who lived with her aunt, Mrs. John Nielsen, at 113 Ennis Street, Elm Park. She had stopped to play in the old quarry on her return from school yesterday. The screams of her frightened schoolmates brought Patrolman Hoffman, but when he pulled her out of the water she was dead.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath. Mothers should teach the little ones its daily use.

BUILDING TO ECLIPSE MADISON SQ. GARDEN

New York Central Railroad Prepares to Put Up a Greater Arena for Big Shows.

PLANS DRAWN AND READY

Seating Capacity 13,000—Site Covers an Entire Block, 47th and 48th Sts., Lexington and Park Avenues.

New York is to have a new Madison Square Garden. It will not bear that name and architecturally will be totally different in appearance from the artistic structure which has been the great exhibition headquarters of the city for more than twenty years.

This new building will be constructed by the New York Central Railroad. It will occupy the entire block from Forty-seventh to Forty-eighth Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues, being approximately 200 feet on the avenues and 405 feet on the streets, a plot practically similar in area to that covered by the present Garden. The building will cost, it is estimated, $2,500,000. It has been designed by the New York Central architects, Reed & Stem. They have had charge of all the architectural work for the new Grand Central Station and the other railroad improvements in the Forty-second Street terminal.

Work on the new arena, it was said yesterday, will begin at once, and it is expected that the building will be ready for opening by July 1, 1912.

When the contracts for the sale of the Garden were signed and it became definitely known that the historic building would be torn down early in February for huge loft structures, the railroad officials decided to meet the emergency and provide a building suitable to be the home of the National Horse Shows, the automobile exhibits, and the hundred and one other shows and entertainments which requires a building with as large floor space as Madison Square Garden for their success. The plans have been maturing for several weeks, and yesterday the architects announced that everything was in readiness to go ahead.

The arena of the new building will be of the same size as that of the present Garden. It will be 130 feet 9 inches in length by 113 feet wide. In its seating capacity and other conveniences for a myriad of shows it will be superior to Madison Square Garden. On the main floor there will be 3,688 orchestra seats and 91 boxes, giving 546 extra seats. This is greater by 13 boxes and 1,587 orchestra seats than the Garden. In the first balcony there will be 2,483 seats, as against 1,068 in the Garden, while a second balcony will afford seating accommodations for 1,905, or 565 more than the second balcony in the Garden. The total seating capacity, therefore, of the new Grand Central arena will be 8,622, which is nearly 3,500 more than Madison Square Garden affords. In addition, when the arena, or central floor space, is used for large conventions or other meetings chairs can be placed for 4,460 more persons, giving a seating capacity, when all the available space is utilized, of 13,000.

There will be a mezzanine floor, with over 150 box stalls and large storage facilities, for the use of the horses and other paraphernalia used in the horse shows, circus performances, military tournaments, and horse sales.

One of the most important improvements in the seating arrangement is that the line of vision will be unobstructed from every part of the building. The seats will be built on the cantilever system, adding to the strength of the structure and obviating the use of posts and supports. An elaborate system of interior fireproofing for the staircases and walls has been adopted.

The arena, with its assembling room and balconies, will occupy the greater part of the first three floors of the building. Above these there will be ten additional stories, making the structure thirteen stories in height, similar to the new Manufacturers and Merchants' Building, recently completed on the block immediately to the south. In its general design the architects have planned a building very similar in outward appearance, the idea being to preserve a structural harmony in the series of big buildings to be erected on the vacant blocks over the extended track yards. When the present new building between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets was opened last Spring the New York Central architects had prepared plans for a similar building on the block to the north. The arena features had not then been contemplated, as there was no indication that Madison Square Garden was nearing an immediate sale. The present building has been designed with large exhibition rooms on the lower floor for trade exhibits and entertainments, and it was originally intended to build the adjoining structure on somewhat similar lines, but with greater floor space for exhibits. The original plans, therefore, have simply been altered by providing a large amphitheatre with ample seating capacity.

The ten upper floors will be used as commercial lofts. As an exhibition building Madison Square Garden never paid, and, being a comparatively low structure in a rapidly growing mercantile district, it possessed, outside of the theatre and a few offices in the tower, very little from which any permanent revenue could be derived.

The arena will be primarily a dirt floor, with a track for equine and athletic events. A place will be made in the centre for a large tank, to be used for aquatic events.

A portable floor will be built to provide for dances, balls, and receptions. All the experience of twenty years at Madison Square Garden and the resources of the architects have been drawn upon to provide New York City with a building in keeping with the march of progress and complete in every detail for all requirements.

To manage the exhibition features of the building, the International Exposition Company has been organized, with Samuel A. Miles, an automobile show manager, as President and James C. Young of the old Madison Square Garden Company as Secretary and Treasurer. Other Directors include Charles D. Spratt, Capt. J. A. H. Dressel, C. Holoman, and E. P. V. Richter.

The main entrance to the arena will be in Park Avenue. The site is one of the best and most convenient in the city for the headquarters of the largest and most popular shows. It will be close to the Grand Central Station. The new Lexington Avenue subway will be right in the rear, while the other Subway and surface lines will make it readily accessible from all parts of the city.

It will also be close to the great hotel and theatre centre in the vicinity of Times Square. The managers of many large shows have already applied for early dates in the building.

EAST SIDE'S "LOVERS' LANE."

Don't Spoil Second Avenue for Courtships, Says Father McMahon.

A delegation of Second Avenue residents, headed by the Rev. Father McMahon of the Church of the Epiphany, at 166 Second Avenue, appeared before the Board of Estimate yesterday to protest against the plan of Borough President McAneny to widen that thoroughfare. Father McMahon reasoned that, for sentimental reasons, the avenue should never be turned over altogether to heavy traffic. He thought such a procedure would destroy the ancient and modern use of the avenue as a "lovers' lane." He said:

"For old times' sake, for the sake of sentiment and the old timers who remember when cars even were kept off the street, do not destroy its usefulness. It is needed to-day for a lovers' lane on the east side. We need and hope for more marriages there."

Another public hearing on the matter will be held before it is decided to change the thoroughfare.

Furrier Denies Customs Frauds.

Charles Weinschenker, head of the furriers' firm of Charles Weinschenker & Co., 45 West Twenty-seventh Street, who was arrested on July 1 on the charge of having undervalued imported merchandise, and also indicted for conspiracy, pealed not guilty yesterday before Judge Hough in the United States Circuit Court. He was admitted to $3,000 bail on the undervaluation charge, and will be tried next month. At the time of his arrest the Government seized furs worth $150,000 alleged to have been irregularly imported.

BOMBS SET OFF BY BOYS.

One Lad Admits Exploding Them to See the Panic That Followed.

The police advanced the theory yesterday that many of the bomb explosions in the east side in the last month were not the work of Black Hand extortioners, but were pranks committed by boys or young men who wanted excitement. Detective William Brown arrested yesterday a young man, who Deputy Commissioner Dougherty said, confessed to setting off half a dozen bomos recently and who said that many others had been set by boys, who were amused by the panic that followed.

Walter Mikoluejki, the prisoner, lives with his parents at 1,951 Second Avenue. Detective Brown said the boy bought cartridges from a fire arms company in Broadway, emptied the powder into sections of pipe which he plugged with wood, and fitted with fuses of twisted tissue paper.

One of his bombs, the boy said, was set off Tuesday night in the yard of a public school at 214 East 100th Street. The bomb did great damage and caused the school attendance to fall off for a few days through the fears of parents.

The boy had a cut on his right leg which he said was inflicted by one of his own bombs.

TO FLY HERE FROM EUROPE.

Modest Danish Aviator Expects to Hire Seven Ocean Liners to Help Him.

The Nord Lyset, a Danish newspaper published in Brooklyn, will publish today a letter from a Danish aviator who writes that he has enlisted the necessary financial aid, and has made arrangements to fly next Spring from Copenhagen to New York, resting only at London and Queenstown, and upon ships stationed at intervals across the North Sea and the Atlantic Ocean.

At the modest aviator's request his name is withheld from publication at this time. He says that he has the aid of English and American capital, and will use a biplane of American manufacture. One steamship will be stationed in the middle of the North Sea, and six others will be strung out across the Atlantic at intervals of 500 miles. He expects to fly at the rate of 90 kilometres, or about 56 miles an hour.

In case of accident the Danish airman believes that he can notify the nearest ship of his plight by wireless, and then, by means of pontoons with which his biplane will be equipped, keep afloat until rescued.

The precise date for starting the flight is not announced, nor is the cost of keeping six transatlantic steamships strung out along the course of the airship given.

MME. RIQUE GETS JURY TRIAL

"Soul Education" Must Answer for Practicing Medicine Without a License.

Mme. Adele Marie Riqué, "Counselor and Speaker of the Circle of Universal Soul Freedom," who described her profession as "soul education," and who is now under bail of $500 on the prosaic charge of practicing medicine without a license, obtained a jury trial yesterday from Judge Foster in the Court of General Sessions, taking her case out of Special Sessions.

Mme. Riqué was in the West Side Court on Aug. 29, when two women appeared against her, testifying that they had paid money for a "cure" that did not prove satisfactory. Mirabeau L. Towne, attorney for Mme. Riqué, contended that his client was not giving treatment, but teaching a religious belief, and the money paid was an initiation fee into an order. Mr. Towne was sure that Mme. Riqué never used the word cure or treatment.

Andrew Alexander

Cordovan $7 Bluchers

Men's English cut Bluchers with broad low heels and stout soles—upper is unlined—stitching reinforced—last medium full, with flat tread.

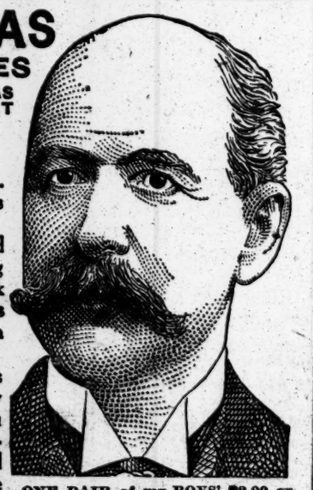
SIXTH AVENUE, AT NINETEENTH STREET.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES

MEN WHO WEAR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES MAKE NO EXPERIMENT

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS



The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Look in my store windows and inspect all the latest shapes, including Short Vamps which make the foot look smaller, also the Conservative Styles which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2.00 or $2.50 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 152 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS GREATER N. Y. STORES:

93 Nassau St. | 1452 Third Ave. | 250 W 125th St. | 478 Fifth Ave.
755 Broadway | 2202 Third Ave. | BROOKLYN | 1779 Pitkin Ave.
853 Broadway | 2779 Third Ave. | 421 Fulton St. | Newark—
1349 Broadway | 356 Sixth Ave. | 703-710 B'dway | 827 Broad St.
1437 Broadway | 345 Eighth Ave. | 1007 Broadway. | Jersey City—
934 Third Ave. | 683 Eighth Ave. | 1367 Broadway. | 18 Newark Ave.

Doing Things By Clear Thinking

The thought comes first.

The better the brain,
The better the thought,
The better the achievement.

A good working brain is built up from food which contains the things brain is made of.

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

is skilfully and scientifically prepared from wheat and barley and contains the "vital" phosphate of potash essential in building up a well-balanced body and brain.

"There's a Reason"

FOR

Grape-Nuts

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

SAVE NINE
With a Stitch in Time

To know of and use a food that will feed and restore brain and nerves before slight nervous troubles end in complete nervous prostration or brain-fag is wise, for unless proper food is supplied daily it is unreasonable to expect the nervous system to answer the demands made upon it.

There is a food, Grape-Nuts, for the particular purpose of restoring weakened nerves or fagged brain to health and strength.

A business man, of Baltimore, who made the trial, says:

"Two years ago my health had become so seriously impaired it was impossible for me to attend to business. At the least exertion my nerves would give way and the condition of my system allowed me little or no rest or sleep at night. Stomach trouble soon followed and I could take no solid food. I tried the best tonics and medicines, but they all failed.

"Finally Grape-Nuts food was recommended and after using it for 10 days I began to feel its good results and at the end of three months I was again a well man—nerves restored to their normal condition, strength renewed, and I was able to do any amount of both mental and physical work without feeling unduly fatigued.

"I know Grape-Nuts built up my brain and nerves and still keep them strong and vigorous, just exactly as food builds up muscles or fat, for instance, and I am glad to have learned this valuable lesson." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Trial 10 days proves things when Grape-Nuts food is used. "There's a Reason."

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

"What a Snappy, Refreshing Drink This Is!"
The Universal Verdict is that

Imperial Gold Label Beer

Bottled only by the Brewers, BEADLESTON & WOERZ New York. Order from any dealer.

is the Best Beer Brewed! It's So Pure and Wholesome!

The Provident Loan Society OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1,000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

OFFICES
MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
Seventh Ave. bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
125th Street cor. Park Avenue
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
BROOKLYN
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

BRONX OFFICE, 148th St. & Courtlandt Av., NOW OPEN

NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.—"Uneeda Biscuit." | NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.—"Uneeda Biscuit."

Soda crackers are extremely sensitive to moisture.

Before the advent of Uneeda Biscuit the only persons who ever tasted fresh, crisp soda crackers were the people in the bakeries.

Imagine their trip from bakery to your table; exposed to air and moisture—kept in grocers' boxes and finally in a paper bag on the shelf in your pantry. Could they be the same as they were the day they were baked?

Now that we have Uneeda Biscuit—we have perfectly baked soda crackers—perfectly kept.

No moisture can reach them—no contaminating influences can affect their flavor—their goodness is imprisoned only to be liberated by you for you when you open the package.

Always in the moisture proof package. Never sold in bulk. 5 cents a package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

SAYS PARENTS KEEP HIS BRIDE FROM HIM

Bachman Therefore Sues Them for $100,000 Damages for Alienation of Her Affections.

RAN OFF TO WED A MONTH AGO

She Was Bertha Clark, a Granddaughter of Sender Jarmulowsky, the East Side Banker.

Bertha Clark, granddaughter of Sender Jarmulowsky, the wealthy east side banker, disappeared from her parents' Summer home in Arverne, L. I., on Aug. 21 last with Daniel H. Bachman, a linen salesman, who lives at the Hotel Belleclaire, in Broadway. Yesterday Bachman started suit for $100,000 against his bride's parents and her uncle, Dr. Harry Jarmulowsky, a son of the banker, for alienation of her affections.

Though married just a month to a day, Bachman says that for seventeen days his bride has been kept from him, and though he has made frequent visits to the home of her parents he has not been allowed to see her.

The marriage of the young couple, both of whom are in their twenties, set all Arverne talking. It was in July that they met for the first time, and in a few days, when Bachman had proposed, Miss Clark accepted, but she did so hesitatingly, for she confessed to Bachman that her parents never would consent to the marriage. She was educated in Switzerland, and her parents had told her that they planned a match for her with a wealthy European, and that she would have to obey them in their choice of a husband.

"But we can run away," the girl suggested, according to Bachman, and he assented eagerly. The girl packed a suitcase and got it out of the house unseen. Then she manufactured some excuse to bring her to town, where Bachman was waiting for her. They hurried to the home of the Rev. L. Zinsler of 77 West 128th Street and were married. Then they set out for Atlantic City. Mr. and Mrs. Clark, the latter a daughter of Banker Jarmulowsky, traced the pair, and Dr. Harry Jarmulowsky and his brother, Louis, hurried to Atlantic City to overtake them.

On the Boardwalk the runaways sighted them and thought for a moment of speaking to them. But Bachman remembered that he had heard how Mr. and Mrs. Clark had taken the marriage; how they had vowed not to receive him, and he decided that discretion was the better part of valor. He and his bride slipped away in the crowd and hurried back to this city, going to the Belleclaire.

There, says Bachman, Dr. Jarmulowsky came to them shortly with pleasant words and an invitation to return to the home of the Clarks. Finally they accepted, and young Mrs. Bachman was received enthusiastically. Her mother refused to speak to him at first, he says, but after several visits he believed that he had won the good will of his mother-in-law until Labor Day came along.

He and his bride had been invited to Arverne for the day, and in the evening Bachman was to start on a business trip through Pennsylvania. He had planned to take his wife with him, and she was enthusiastic at the prospect of the trip. She grew later and later in the afternoon, however, and nearer and nearer to train time without the reappearance of his bride, her mother having taken her upstairs early in the afternoon, saying that she was ill. At last Mrs. Clark appeared and told him that if he wanted to catch his train he would have to hurry.

"But my wife?" demanded Bachman. "She is coming, too."

"She is entirely too ill to travel," he says Mrs. Clark replied. "She will stay here."

Then Bachman says his mother-in-law refused to let him see his wife, though she consented finally that he might accompany Dr. Jarmulowsky to her room. There, he says, the mother stood between him and his wife, who seemed dazed and under her mother's influence, and there she told him that she had decided to remain with her parents.

Since then Bachman says he has never seen her. He cannot get word to her, and, satisfied that his parents-in-law and his bride's uncle have conspired successfully to alienate her affections, he brought suit.

NOT THE SAME LOUIS COHEN.

Annoyed Man Gets Sued to Impress His Identity on the Public.

To let all the world know that he is not the Louis Cohen, lawyer, at 320 Broadway, who recently figured in a report by Adam Wiener, referee, in a matter in which Berthold A. Rich was petitioner and the first Louis Cohen the respondent, the second Louis Cohen, also a lawyer of 320 Broadway, has declined to pay his office rent for the last two months, thus forcing himself into litigation and publicity which will enable the public, he hopes, to distinguish between himself and his namesake.

Louis Cohen, the annoyed, intended by refusing to pay his rent to test the question whether or not under the terms of his lease which, he says, insures to him quiet and peaceable possession of his offices, the disturbance and annoyance to which, he says, he has been subjected from callers on the other Louis Cohen did not constitute a breach of the covenant. The landlord of the building brought the suit the annoyed lawyer desired, the matter having been fought out before Justice Noonan in the Municipal Court, First District, Manhattan, on Tuesday. Justice Noonan reserved decision.

The aggrieved Mr. Cohen expects the suit to have the effect of assisting the public in understanding that since he is in this suit of his own choosing he is not in the other suit in which his more youthful namesake appears.

Fear Smallpox at Auburn.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 21.—A case of illness in the Auburn women's prison that is feared to be smallpox has caused Warden Benham to isolate a woman and to quarantine others who have been near the suspect. The State Board of Health was notified of the case, and a representative sent here took cultures and will report from Albany. Smallpox epidemics in Auburn Prison have been rare but very troublesome, and every precaution is being taken.

AGAINST HONORING COLUMBUS

Real Estate Man Objects to the City Spending $50,000 on a Celebration.

When the matter of appropriating $50,000 for the Columbus Day celebration came before the Board of Estimate yesterday there was vigorous protests from a delegation headed by Dr. Abraham Korn, representing the United States Real Estate Association.

"It is time the city stopped giving away the taxpayers' money for a celebration," said Dr. Korn; "it was all right to appropriate money for Independence Day—"

"There wouldn't have been any Independence Day but for Columbus," interrupted Controller Prendergast.

"We've done enough for Christopher Columbus by making a holiday," replied Dr. Korn. "No money should be spent in this way for fireworks."

"There will be no fireworks except yours," interposed Frank Smith, Clerk of the Court of Special Sessions, who appeared in behalf of the Columbus Day Celebration Committee appointed by Mayor Gaynor. "The city has officially recognized the celebration of this first legal holiday in honor of Columbus by the appointment of a committee by the Mayor, and it seems to me proper that the city participate in it. To do so takes money."

"Well, let the big men on the committee give the money," retorted Korn.

"That's what we are doing," put in several members of the committee.

"If the city does not help the programme will have to be cut or done away with altogether," said Controller Prendergast. "It is a celebration for the people. It will include a banquet to which a large part of the public will be invited. The Governor, I believe, has accepted an invitation, but that will cost the city nothing, as the banquet will pay its own cost."

President McAneny suggested that the money should be spent under the approval of some one representing the Board of Estimate, and this was agreed to by the committeemen present. The Controller and Presidents McAneny and Miller of the Bronx were appointed a committee to report on the appropriation to the next meeting of the board.

OBJECT TO GAYNOR'S RETORT

Queens Resents Statement That Members Hadn't Read the Charter.

The General Committee of Improvement Associations of the South Side of Queens sent a letter to Mayor Gaynor yesterday objecting to the Mayor's statement that none of the associations had even read the proposed new City Charter. Here is the letter:

Hon. William J. Gaynor,
Mayor City of New York.

Dear Sir: At a meeting of the abovenamed committee, held last night (Sept. 20) at Glen Morris, Borough of Queens, your letter of Aug. 31, addressed to Mr. E. M. Burr, Acting Secretary of our body, was read and considered.

In your letter you, in addition to acknowledging the receipt of protest against adoption of proposed new Charter, say:

"I do not think any one of you have ever even read the Charter."

The General Committee of Improvement Associations of the South Side, by motion regularly made, seconded and carried, have instructed me to reply to your observation as follows:

"While we are not egotistical enough to claim that we are the only ones who have read the proposed Charter, nevertheless, the reason this body protested (in common with every other bona fide civic organization in Queens) against the Charter as drawn, was because we had read, analyzed, dissected, and studied that unique instrument thoroughly and exhaustively.

"We wish to state for your information that we have as well read and studied the published correspondence between yourself and Mr. Schieffelin, with particular reference to your letters of date of Sept. 5 and 14, and have formed our own conclusions as to the sincerity of the respective writers.

"In addition, we wish to remind you, Sir, that 'vituperation is not logic,' nor with men of sound judgment is abuse ever taken to be an adequate substitute for clear thinking on any subject."

Yours truly,
WM. C. TREWIN,
Secretary, General Committee of Improvement Associations of South Side of Queens.

The Mayor did not come to the city yesterday, and in his absence no one would comment upon the letter.

MORMONS OFFER PICTURES.

Interior Views of Their Great Temples to be Given Away.

To offset the efforts of Max Florence to create a value for his surreptitiously taken views of the Mormon Temple at Salt Lake City, the Mormon Church has decided to offer views of the temple gratis to all responsible applicants.

The views will be taken at once, and will be officially vouched for. In announcing yesterday that they would soon be obtainable at the mission house, President Ben E. Rich, in charge of the mission, gave out the following:

Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 21, 1911.
President Ben E. Rich, New York:

Referring to the Temple picture incident, you are authorized to make a public statement to the effect that in view of what has happened it is our intention to publish a book of interior and exterior views of all our temples, giving full and accurate descriptions of same, also the purposes for which the temples were erected. These photographs will be by the best photographers we can get and will include all the rooms of these great edifices. We will gladly furnish with our compliments complete sets when finished to newspapers, magazines, or moving-picture people who may desire them. JOSEPH F. SMITH.

The temples mentioned, besides the Salt Lake Temple, are located at Logan, St. George, and Manti, Utah.

TATTOOED MAN TO ISLAND.

Old Side Show Freak Stole a Purse—Blames Drink for His Fall.

Barnum's famous "tattooed man," known for the elaborate decorations, jungle scenes, landscapes, marine views, and artistic portraiture that decorated his person, confessed yesterday to Judge Foster in General Sessions that he had fallen from his high calling and had snatched a woman's pocketbook. He was sent to prison for a year.

Before he went into the sideshow business the tattooed man, whose name is Edward Greenwood, was a boilermaker. The long hours and the heavy work of swinging a hammer did not suit him, so he put his fortune, which amounted to $700, into having himself decorated. He traveled for years with the circus, and later with the Buffalo Bill Show. Greenwood said that drinking caused his fall. He was sent to the Island.

Gets $2,000 Conservation Job.

ALBANY, Sept. 21.—The Conservation Commission has appointed Joseph P. Powers of Rockaway Beach as Deputy Superintendent of Marine Fisheries at a salary of $2,000 a year.

KILLS ALLEN GARLAND FOR ALLEGED INSULT

Mrs. J. P. McCrea Shoots Cousin of Congressman Dupree in Her Home in Louisiana.

SAYS IT WAS JUSTIFIED

Slayer, Wife of 'Frisco Railway Official, Taken to Prison — Husband Says He Will Stand by Her.

Special to The New York Times.

OPELOUSAS, La., Sept. 21.—An alleged insult, the nature of which has not been made clear, is the cause assigned by Mrs. J. P. McCrea, wife of the Division Superintendent here for the 'Frisco Railway and prominent society woman, for killing Allen Garland, first cousin of Congressman Garland Dupree of Louisiana, and member of one of the oldest and most prominent families in the State. The slayer says her action was prompted by necessity, and says it was a vindication of the purity of the home. She is more than 40 years of age and the mother of several children. Garland was only 23 and unmarried.

The prominence of both families here and elsewhere in Southern society has caused widespread interest in the case.

Mrs. McCrea said to newspaper reporters:

"Yes, I killed him, and if every woman who is insulted by a man would do the same thing there would be more virtue and fewer scandals in this country. As any good woman would be sorry to take a human life, I am sorry. Naturally I regret killing this young man. I regret it in the sense he forced me to it. The deed was justifiable, no matter how regrettable it is."

Mrs. McCrea was placed under arrest, and a Deputy Sheriff stationed at her home. Later she was removed to the parish prison, where she is held upon a Coroner's warrant. Meanwhile, the reason given for the killing is far from satisfactory to the community, and the case has many peculiar points.

The young man had always been recognized as a quiet and unoffending citizen. He rarely mixed with people, and remained at home most of the time.

The tragedy occurred in the western part of the city, at the home of Mrs. McCrea, and only a short distance from the home of young Garland. The two families were close neighbors, and it is said that up to to-day the young man had been a frequent visitor to the home of Mr. and Mrs. McCrea.

Mr. McCrea, on account of his work with the railroad company, is frequently away from home, and it is understood that in his absence young Garland often remained at the McCrea home as a protector for the family.

Mrs. McCrea telephoned to the Garland residence this morning and asked the grandmother of the young man for a spool of thread. Young Garland took it to Mrs. McCrea, who was alone in the house.

Witnesses before the Coroner's jury said the tragedy occurred within ten minutes after the young man reached the house. The weapon used was a .38-calibre revolver. Young Garland was shot three times, the first shot striking him in the back of the head, shattering the skull and producing instant death. He seems to have been sitting in a rocking chair from which he fell.

Besides Mrs. McCrea and Garland the only persons about the place were two negroes, the cook, who was on the back porch, and the yard boy, who was in the yard. Their testimony before the Coroner's Jury brought out nothing material.

Mr. McCrea, who was in the business part of the city when the shooting occurred, has joined his wife in the jail, and says he will stand by his wife to the end.

The exact nature of the insult has not been disclosed, and probably will not come out until the preliminary hearing, for which no date has been set. A pipe, ashes from which burned the carpet, indicated that young Garland was smoking just before he was shot. Mrs. McCrea, if her story is borne out, acted with remarkable self-possession. She went into the yard and told the yard boy what had happened, then telephoned her husband, after which she sat down to await the arrival of officers.

Although well into middle age, Mrs. McCrea is considered a beautiful woman.

FOUND PROFIT IN EVICTIONS.

Woman, Two Children, and an Emaciated Man Made $150 a Month.

Details of the life of a professional beggar were brought out yesterday in Special Sessions by officers of the Gerry Society, who appeared against Mrs. Rifka Siskind, who was sent to the Tombs for "impairing the morals of minors" in having two children with her as she preyed upon the sympathies of people of the east side. An effort will be made to have her deported.

On Sept. 6 agents of the society found Mrs. Siskind sitting in the midst of a pile of broken furniture. A wretched child huddled in her lap, and at her side sat a weak and consumptive looking man. A plate in a conspicuous position invited the contributions of passers by. An investigation showed that the whole scene had been staged carefully and that it had been played many times.

When the woman was arrested the plate contained $18. Agents of the society said she was evicted at one time, and finding that it paid she took to evictions as a business. With her children and an assistant to help her she has been making $150 to $300 a month, and is said to have a comfortable home on the upper east side.

LONGWORTHS OFF TO PANAMA

Congressman Says Taft Is Doing Great Things Quietly.

Congressman Nicholas Longworth had kind words for President Taft yesterday before he and his wife sailed on the United Fruit Company's steamship Almirante for Colon. The Longworths are visiting the Canal Zone for the first time. The Congressman said he was anxious to se the big ditch before the water was turned into it.

"Men knowing President Taft," he said, "realize that he is accomplishing tremendous things in a quiet way. I do not think the country will come to a realization of and appreciate his great powers as an Executive until the years to come."

The Congressman was asked about Presidential possibilities. It was pretty far ahead to guess, he said, but he conveyed the impression that in his opinion the best man to succeed Taft was Taft. As to insurgents, the Ohio Congressman thought a majority of them were actuated by patriotic motives, though some were no doubt playing politics.

Mr. and Mrs. Longworth plan to spend several weeks on the Isthmus.

NAME BRINGS HER $20,000.

Cousin of Jane Relyea's Father Leaves Sum to Her in Memory of Wife.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Because her name is "Jane," and for no other reason, a Chicago girl has received a fortune of $20,000 in railroad bonds, at the dying request of a man whom she never knew and had seen only once.

Miss Jane Relyea is the fortunate girl. She fell heir to the entire estate of her father's cousin, Jacques Henri Relyea of New York, who gave as the only reason for his bequest that she bore the same name that had been his wife's.

Relyea had been a miser all his life, and when his wife died and left him childless he began to live an almost hermitlike existence.

"And I wasn't even named after his wife," Miss Relyea said yesterday. "I thought of him as a poor man who lived a retired life in New York City, owing to his eccentric manners."

HELPS ALASKA COPPER MEN.

Guggenheims Will Bring Ore to Tacoma, Collecting Freight from Smelter.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 21.—The Guggenheims are offering special inducements to miners to develop their Alaska copper claims. President Eccles of the Copper River Railroad, built by the Guggenheim Syndicate, has just announced that ten ton lots of copper may be shipped over the railroad and by the company's connecting steamer to the Tacoma smelter.

It is understood that the smelting company will prepay the freight. The railroad company is willing to collect the freight from the net smelter returns. Manager Rust of the Tacoma smelter announces that the capacity of its copper plant will immediately be increased from 900 to 2,000 tons of ore daily. The Guggenheims control the Tacoma smelter.

New Yorker Loses Jersey Auto License

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 21.—Charges of reckless driving having been preferred against Walter Rosenberg of 1,493 Broadway, Manhattan, New York, and his chauffeur, Commissioner J. B. R. Smith has revoked Rosenberg's automobile license. It is said the driver, when cautioned by an Inspector, became insulting and failed to heed the warning.

KIMMEL'S POOR MEMORY A PUZZLE

Fails to Recall for His "Mother" Many Incidents in the Family History.

REMEMBERS LOCAL EVENTS

Residents of Cities in Which Kimmel Lived Advise Against Accepting His Story.

NILES, Mich., Sept. 21.—Only more puzzling circumstances resulted to-day from a conference which Mrs. Estella Kimmel had with the man who represents himself to be George A. Kimmel, her son, who, Mrs. Kimmel says, died years ago.

After carefully questioning the man the aged woman said she was as much in doubt as ever. His eyes, hands, and facial expression were radically different from those of her son, she said. She could not, however, account for many early incidents in Niles which he recounted.

The fact that Kimmel has just secured his liberty after being confined for five years in the penitentiary at Auburn, N. Y., Mrs. Kimmel said, may account for his poor memory in other details. "But," she added, "we cannot let that cover up all the defects in his claim that he is my son. I don't see the slightest resemblance, and while he remembers lots of things about Niles, still he is deficient in trying to recall exact details of the family history. His physical characteristics are all opposed to his claim. I am anxious to recognize him if he is my son, but I regard it as essential to carefully protect myself against an impostor, if that's what he is."

Persons in Arkansas City, Kan., and St. Louis, where Mrs. Kimmel's son lived after leaving Niles, sent her telegrams and letters to-day advising her not to accept Kimmel as her son.

Andrew J. Hunt of Arkansas City, Kan., met Kimmel to-day. After a half hour interview Hunt declared positively that the man is not Kimmel. Hunt had known Kimmel for years before the latter disappeared.

TILLMAN A CANDIDATE.

Announces He Will Stand Again for United States Senator.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 21.—Senator Benjamin R. Tillman's announcement that he was a candidate to succeed himself was made public here to-day, refuting recent stories that he might refuse to run again because of failing health.

Senator Tillman probably will be opposed by ex-Congressman W. J. Tabert of this city.

While Senator Tillman was in town he purchased two pitchforks—for agricultural purposes—and carried them to his home in Trenton.

B. Altman & Co.

BOYS' SUITS, COATS & GENERAL FURNISHINGS

IN THE NEW STYLES AND FABRICS FOR AUTUMN.

B. Altman & Co. ARE SHOWING EXCLUSIVE MATERIALS FOR MAKING TO ORDER BOYS' HAND-TAILORED NORFOLK AND DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS, OVERCOATS AND REEFERS.

B. Altman & Co.

A SALE OF HOUSEHOLD LINENS

AT ESPECIALLY LOW PRICES, WILL BE HELD THIS DAY (FRIDAY) AS FOLLOWS:

LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS — EACH, $2.65, 3.35 & 4.00
DINNER NAPKINS TO MATCH — PER DOZEN, $3.25
HEMSTITCHED LINEN SHEETS PER PAIR, $3.50, 4.50, 5.00 & 6.50
HEMSTITCHED LINEN PILLOW CASES — PER PAIR, $1.15 & 1.30

THE AUTUMN IMPORTATIONS OF DECORATIVE AND HOUSEHOLD LINENS ARE NOW IN STOCK, INCLUDING LUNCHEON SETS, DOYLIES, CENTERPIECES, TEA CLOTHS, RECEPTION CLOTHS AND SCARFS, TRIMMED WITH HAND-MADE LACES AND HAND-EMBROIDERY; ALSO EXCEPTIONALLY FINE DESIGNS IN LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS. EMBROIDERED SHEETS, PILLOW AND BOLSTER CASES, BEDSPREADS AND SHAMS, TOWELS, TOWELING AND OTHER HOUSEHOLD LINENS.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO POPULAR GOODS AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Store Closes Daily at 6 P. M.

GIMBELS

Men's $25 Silk-lined Fall Overcoats And $22 Serge Suits Today at $16.50

This introductory offering is by way of presenting the compliments of the new season of the Gimbel Clothing Store to the appreciative men of New York.

More than 350 of the Fall Overcoats and 250 of the Suits make up the quantity. Men find their counterparts in our stock at regular prices.

We planned for this event with some of our leading wholesale tailors months ago, to get full advantage of the quiet times in the clothing business. They sliced *their* profits; we have done the same with ours. The result saves you a third, or near it, on your Fall Overcoat and your Fall and Winter Suit.

The $25 Silk-lined Overcoats at $16.50
are of standard all-wool fabrics, in plain, black, and Oxford, and Cambridge gray. Some are full silk-lined to the edge, others to the facing. There are various smart types of the Chesterfield style, some of them sufficiently long to cover the cutaway coat or evening dress coat.

The $22 Blue Serge Suits at $16.50
are of excellent fast color blue serge, in Winter weight. They are splendidly made, with hand-finished and hand-made buttonholes, and are full-lined with Princess serge for Fall and Winter wear. Cut in an approved Autumn model.

The Gimbel Clothing Store for Men has largely expanded its quarters, has prepared a splendid showing of Suits and Overcoats, in the new fabrics and colorings, and is ready for the approval of critical men.

When you see the fine Suits and Overcoats at **$25, $30, $35, $40 and $45**, and note the superb tailoring, the smart lines, and the often exclusive fabrics, you will realize why the well-dressed men of New York are coming more and more to make this Gimbel Clothing Store their headquarters.

Fourth Floor

"Such Smart Tailor-made Suits Can Be Found Only at GIMBELS"

A woman told us the other day

Latest Imported Models Reproduced to Sell at $25 to $165

As women are always keen to hear the opinion of other women, we thought it would be interesting for our readers to hear about the experience of this particular woman. Quite early the other morning she visited our Costume Salon, and we showed her many of our new suits. She liked them, but yet she wanted to satisfy herself that there were no better suits in New York. So she set out to see suits elsewhere. In the afternoon she returned, and told us what we have quoted in the heading—and incidentally selected a **$58** Suit.

We are sure that the women who only wish to expend $25, would have the same experience if they were to look about town.

The majority of our **$25** Suits are severely tailored because they are made of excellent materials and every one is man-tailored—no elaborate trimmings to decrease the quality of the fabrics and workmanship. Many of these $25 suits are of the new diagonal cheviots and boucle cloths.

Paris Models Carefully Reproduced

This is one reason why our Tailored Suits are unrivaled. We have not reproduced the models of the great Parisian designers in a slipshod way, but have copied them exactly. In spite of this, prices only ascend to **$165**. Velours and velvets besides boucle cloths, diagonal cheviots and tweed are included. *Serge Dresses for house and street wear, $18.50 to $65.*

Third Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

A Good Time to Begin

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The New Serial by one of the most popular of contemporary novelists begins

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Author of "The Four Feathers," "The Broken Road," etc. It opens with a dramatic earthquake in the Argentine.

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Short Stories, etc., etc. Prospectus sent free upon request.

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MEN'S NEW SUITS. GOOD STYLE IS EXPRESSED ONLY BY A PERFECT HARMONY OF FIT, FABRIC, TAILORING AND THE CORRECT LINES OF A GARMENT. AS EXAMPLES OF THIS DEFINITION, REGULAR AND ENGLISH SACK SUITS ARE PRESENTED IN ALL THE FAVORED COLOR SCHEMES AND FABRICS FOR FALL WEAR..... $20.00 TO $40.00

WM. VOGEL & SON

TIMES SQUARE

Broadway at 44th Street

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

While our stock of Men's Fall Suits and Overcoats is generously sprinkled with fancy patterns, we've gone the limit on neat effects in handsomely blended dark-mixed, smooth-finished, wear-resisting fabrics.

There's a marked air of refinement and an abundance of satisfactory service in these garments to command the attention of the discriminating.

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

PIONEER

Fireproof Storage

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Nevins St. Subway Station at Our Door.

Hundreds who have recently visited our Fireproof Storage Warehouses and Fire and Thief Proof Vaults for Valuables, have been unstinted in their praise of our modern plant and general equipment and have marveled at its enormous proportions and capacity, We welcome your inspection, criticism and comparison. Pioneer Service insures Absolute Satisfaction—has been doing it for over 31 years.

ASK THE PEOPLE FOR WHOM WE WORK

They can tell you best.

J. Ehrlich & Sons

Why do we fit glasses to so many people?

It is because they get *service* that they can't duplicate anywhere else, while the glasses cost no more — *oft'times less.*

Thousands who wear our glasses testify to this fact.

Eyes Examined Without Charge

By Registered Physicians,

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Perfect Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50.

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An eating chocolate of rare delicacy, always the choice of those who insist on the best.

Ask your dealer.

$50 TO CALIFORNIA AND PACIFIC COAST via **Lackawanna Railroad**

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CELESTINS

VICHY

Natural Alkaline Water

Used at meals prevents Dyspepsia and relieves Gout and Indigestion.

Ask your Physician

VICHY

CELESTINS

YANKEES STILL IN THROES OF A SLUMP

Manager Chase's Latest Shake-Up Fails to Bring Nine Out of Losing Streak.

THE SCORE.

Cleveland	1	0	0	3	0	3	1	0	0—8
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Graney, lf	4	0	1	0	1	2	0	0
Olson, ss	5	1	1	0	0	2	4	0
Jackson, rf	5	0	2	0	0	2	0	0
Lajoie, 1b	3	0	0	2	0	10	0	0
Birmingham, cf	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Ball, 2b	5	2	2	0	0	4	4	0
Turner, 3b	5	2	2	0	0	1	2	0
Easterly, c	5	2	3	0	1	2	1	0
Mitchell, p	5	1	2	0	1	0	3	0
Totul	41	8	13	2	3	27	14	0

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	4	1	2	0	0	4	1	0
Dolan, 3b	4	0	1	0	0	1	5	0
Cree, lf	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Chase, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	11	0	0
Hemphill, cf	4	0	2	0	1	6	1	0
Gardner, 2b	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	2
Johnson, ss	2	0	0	1	0	0	4	2
Williams, c	4	0	1	0	0	3	1	0
Quinn, p	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0
Hoff, p	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
*Knight	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	8	2	2	27	16	5

*Batted for Hoff in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Olson, Mitchell. Three-base hits—Ball, Graney. Home run—Ball. Sacrifice hits—Graney, Johnson. Sacrifice flies—Birmingham, Cree. Stolen bases—Jackson, Dolan. First base on errors—Cleveland, 4. Left on bases—Cleveland, 10; New York, 8. Double plays—Hemphill, Chase, and Gardner; Daniels, Williams, and Dolan. Struck out—By Mitchell, 2; by Quinn, 2; by Hoff, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mitchell, 2; off Quinn, 2. Wild pitch—Mitchell. Hits—Off Quinn, 7 in 5 1-3 innings, (at bat, 23;) off Hoff, 6 in 3 2-3 innings, (at bat, 18.) Time of game—One hour and thirty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and Connolly.

There must be a limit to that spell of ineffective pitching and loose fielding which the Yankees have been showing so consistently of late, but it had not been reached at the finish of yesterday's game between Chase's men and the Cleveland Naps at the Hilltop. The present series is regarded as important enough to almost decide the holder of the "show" position in the American League race, and on the form already displayed it looks as if the Naps will breeze in ahead of the Yankees. Yesterday the Stovall crowd hit hard and timely, besides backing up Willie Mitchell in faultless fashion, and left the Yankees at the post. The score was 8 to 1.

From a New York standpoint the Hilltop yesterday furnished as much cheerfulness as might be expected from a morgue. Chase's men could neither field nor hit, and the visitors did so well in both departments that the Yankees were shown up very badly by the contrast. Chase tried another shift yesterday, substituting Earl Gardner at second base in place of Knight and giving Jack a rest. Gardner is generally as reliable an infielder as the Yankee team possesses, but he was off from yesterday, and he accepted only half of his four chances. Williams played the full game behind the bat and showed up well.

Willie Mitchell's southpaw slants were too much for the Yankees. The Nap moundsman got away poorly, the first two Yankees to face him hitting safely, and New York's lone run was pushed across the plate on the first out a sacrifice fly by Cree. Then Mitchell settled down, and during the remainder of the game he was reached for six scattered singles, one hit per inning being the allowance. Only two Yankees saw third base after the first inning, and very few went as far as second. In the seventh inning Mitchell was struck below the heart with a scorching line drive off Williams's bat. The ball came back so fast that Mitchell could not get his hands on it. After it bounded away from him, Mitchell fielded the ball for a throw to first base, and then collapsed. The trainers and players from both teams hastened to his assistance, but it was three minutes before Mitchell had recovered sufficiently to stand up. He resumed pitching with two Yankees on the bases an none out, and promptly retired the side without a run. In the next two innings he was equally effective.

Some fancy bits of fielding featured the game, with each team furnishing its share. The most spectacular play was made by Chase in the eighth inning. Olson had hit to Johnson and Otey's peg to first was none too fine. As Chase was shifting his position to make the catch he tripped and fell, but managed to keep his eye on the ball, and while both knees were on the ground he smothered the ball in his gloved hand. It was another of those great fielding stunts which make Hal the peerless first sacker. In the Naps's half of the ninth inning, Bert Daniels ran from his position to a point just behind first base to rob Neal Ball of a hit, and in the Yankees' half of the same inning Joe Jackson ran to the foul line and grabbed a line drive by Jack Knight in his gloved hand. Turner made a dazzling stop of Chase's sizzling grounder in the third innings and followed up with a great throw to Lajoie for an out at first base.

The Yankees handed the visitors a run in the first inning. With one out Johnson fumbled Olson's grounder and Jackson followed with a single to left field, putting Olson on third, Joe reaching second on Cree's fumble. Lajoie was purposely passed, filling the bases, and Birmingham hit a sacrifice fly to Hemphill, scoring Olson. Chase intercepted Hemphill's return to the plate and got Jackson trying for third base on the throw-in. The Yankees tied the score in their half of the first inning on singles by Daniels and Dolan and Cree's sacrifice fly to Birmingham. This ended New York's scoring for the day, but the Naps kept up the good work.

Ball broke the tie in the fourth inning when he led off with a drive to right centre for a home run. Slow fielding by the Yankees and great sprinting by Ball made the home run possible, as the ball did not go to the centre field stand. Turner reached first on Johnson's second error. Easterly singled to right field, and both scored on Graney's triple to left centre. On Olson's fly to Daniels Graney raced to the plate and was declared out for leaving the base before the catch was made. With one out in the sixth Turner singled. Easterly was safe on Gardner's error, and Mitchell scored both with a double to left. Hoff then succeeded Quinn. Graney flied to Hemphill and Olson got two bases on a ball that dropped between Johnson and Cree. Mitchell scoring. Ball's triple and Turner's single netted the Naps their last run in the seventh inning.

Detroit Beats Boston, 2 to 1.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—O'Brien's wildness in the first inning, coupled with errors, gave Detroit to-day's game 2 to 1. The Red Sox pitcher was strong in the pinches, the Tigers failing to score in the second although Mullin's double came among three passes. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss	3	1	0	2	3
Cobb, cf	3	0	1	1	0
Crawf'd, rf	5	0	1	1	0
Deleh'ty, 2b	4	0	1	3	2
Drake, lf	2	0	0	0	0
Gainor, 1b	4	0	0	10	0
Mor'ty, 3b	4	0	0	2	2
Stanage, c	3	1	1	8	1
Mullin, p	2	0	1	0	3
Total	30	2	5	27	11

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	4	1	1	2	0
Yerkes, ss	4	0	1	2	1
Sp'ker, cf	3	0	1	2	0
G'dner, 3b	3	0	0	3	2
D. Lewis, lf	3	0	1	5	1
Engle, 1b	3	0	0	5	1
J. Lewis, 2b	4	0	1	0	2
W'liams, c	4	0	1	8	0
O'Brien, p	3	0	0	0	5
*Hall	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	6	27	12

*Batted for O'Brien in ninth inning.

Errors—Hooper, Yerkes, J. Lewis, Williams, Delehanty, 2; Moriarty.

Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Two-base hits—Mullin, Cobb. Sacrifice hits—Engle, Drake, Gardner, Mullin. Stolen bases—Speaker, 2; Cobb, Bush, 2; Hooper. Left on bases—Boston, 8; Detroit, 10. First base on balls—Off O'Brien, 7; off Mullin, 2. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Detroit, 1. Struck out—By O'Brien, 5; by Mullin, 7. Wild pitches—Mullin, 2. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and O'Loughlin.

Browns Poor Match for Champions.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—St. Louis was defeated for the third straight time here to-day, 7 to 4. Nelson was knocked off the rubber in two innings, and Elmer Brown, formerly of the Akron (Ohio) club, lasted only three sessions. Barry's batting and base running featured the game. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	5	1	1	1	0
Strunk, cf	4	0	0	0	0
Collins, 2b	3	1	1	0	3
Baker, 3b	4	0	1	1	2
Murphy, rf	4	1	1	0	0
McInnis, 1b	3	2	1	11	1
Barry, ss	3	1	2	2	2
Liv'ston, c	3	0	0	9	0
Morgan, p	4	1	2	1	5
Total	33	7	10	27	13

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	4	1	1	2	0
Austin, 3b	4	0	0	2	2
Hogan, lf	4	1	1	4	1
Laporte, 2b	4	1	1	3	2
C'pton, rf	4	0	1	2	0
Kutina, 1b	3	1	1	7	0
Hal'nan, ss	4	0	2	1	3
Clarke, c	4	0	1	3	0
Nelron, p	1	0	0	0	0
E. Brown, p	1	0	0	0	0
Mitchell, p	2	0	0	0	0
Total	35	4	8	24	8

Errors—Laporte, Hogan, (2.)

Philadelphia	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	—7
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0—4

Two-base hit—Hallinan. Three-base hit—McInnis. Pitchers' record—Off Nelson, 2 hits and six times at bat in two innings; off E. Brown, 6 hits and sixteen times at bat in three innings; off Mitchell, 2 hits and eleven times at bat in three innings. Sacrifice fly—Livingston. Stolen bases—Strunk, Barry, (2.) Double plays—Hogan, Austin, and Clarke; Kutina, (unassisted.) Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Nelson, 3; off E. Brown, 1; off Morgan, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By E. Brown, 1; by Morgan, 9. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullen and Evans.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Baltimore.

	R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	1	0
Baltimore	0	0	3

Jersey City	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2
Baltimore	0	0	0	3	0	1	3	0	..—7

	R.	H.	E.
	8	1	
	7	2	

Batteries—Justus and Wells; Frock, Egan, and Payne. Umpires—Messrs. Doyle and Byron.

At Newark.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0	2
Newark	0	0	1

Providence	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	4	2
Newark	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	4	0

Called on account of darkness.

Batteries—Lavender and Sheehan; Cantwell and Ryerson. Umpires—Messrs. Guthrie and Halligan.

At Rochester.

FIRST GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	0	0
Rochester	0	1	0

Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Rochester	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	..—3

	7	2	
	7	1	

Batteries—Bachman and Fisher; Wilhelm and Mitchell. Umpires—Messrs. Kelly and Murray.

SECOND GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	1	1
Rochester	0	2	1

Toronto	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0—2
Rochester	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0—5

	5	2	
	9	0	

Batteries—Tesreau and Phelps; Manser and Jacklitch. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Kelly.

American Association.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 10; Toledo, 2. Toledo, 11; St. Paul, 4.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 5; Louisville, 4.

AVIATION MEET SCHEDULE.

All Events at Nassau Boulevard to Begin at 3 P. M. Daily.

The Contest Committee of the International Aviation meet at Nassau Boulevard yesterday announced the full programme for the events to be held on the flying field, from to-morrow to Oct. 1. All events will begin at 3 P. M., and the last contest will start at 5:45 P. M. each day. To-morrow has been designated Army and Navy Day, when scouting and message carrying will be the feature of the competitions.

Postmaster General Hitchcock telegraphed yesterday to Warren W. Dickinson, Inspector in charge of the New York Division, inquiring if the opening day of the United States Aeroplane Delivery could be postponed until Sunday, the second day of the meet, as he desired to be present in person at the first official carrying of United States mail by flying machine. The management having already arranged for daily delivery of the mail throughout the meet, Postmaster General Hitchcock was notified that a special mail-carrying day, with additional tests, would be designated for the date of his presence at the meet. The programme for to-morrow follows:

3 P. M.—Passenger carrying race for monoplanes. Five miles (four laps,) for heats. Ten miles, (eight laps,) for final. First prize, $600; second, $300; third, $100.

3:45 P. M.—Aerial scouting contest. Discovery of concealed detachments of infantry by air scouts, reporting to Commanding General of the Department of the East. First prize, $300; second, $150, third, $50.

4:15 P. M.—Communication from land to air forces. Messages conveyed by balloons or other means to air scouts in flight, to obviate necessity of their landing.

4:45 P. M.—Cross-country race for women pilots. First prize, $600; second, $300; third, $100.

5:15 P. M.—Cross-country race for biplanes. Course to be announced. (Obligatory stops for taking dispatches.) First prize, $600; second, $300; third, $100.

5:45 P. M.—General manoeuvres by Aerial Squadron.

LEO HOUCK THE WINNER.

Pennsylvanian Defeats Frank Mantell in Boxing and Hugging Match.

Leo Houck of Lancaster, Penn., outboxed and outfought Frank Mantell, the Pawtucket, R. I., middleweight, and although unable to win decisively, carried off the honors by a good margin in the star bout of ten rounds last night at the National Sporting Club.

Too much hugging and clinching, with Mantell the chief offender, robbed the contest of its interest, and a large part of each round was devoted to this style of work, in which the Pennsylvanian had to fight his way clear in order to get away. Mantell had the advantage in height and reach, but it was announced that both men weighed in under 160 pounds, and appeared to be equally matched.

After the first round, which was devoted to sparring and light punching, Houck carried the bulk of the work to his opponent, and always fought to his best advantage. He landed the better and cleaner punches throughout the entire ten rounds, and only once, in the ninth round, did Mantell get over a telling blow and appear to have the advantage. In this session Mantell opened with a straight left jab which landed on the nose and brought the blood, but Houck came back strong and managed to even up the score.

Houck was the cleverer, and forced the work at all times when he landed hooks and uppercuts with both hands to perfection. Mantell played largely for infighting, and at every opportunity he locked his head over Houck's and pounded both hands to the stomach. After the third session had ended the man from the Keystone State got a left jab working with great exactness and sent it over on Mantell's face with great force, which after landing several times caused the left eye to swell and had it almost closed. Mantell did not like this style of attack, and held his hand up over his face as much as he could and worked to close quarters to avoid it.

PORT CHESTER OUTCLASSED.

Philadelphia C. C. Freebooters Easily Win Manhasset Cups Match.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT NECK, L. I., Sept. 21.—A large crowd of society people from all the country places in this section this evening saw the Philadelphia Freebooters defeat the Port Chester Polo Club by a score of 12 goals to 10½. The Port Chester team were outplayed from the start, and realized it, as they had only a total handicap of 1 goal for four men, while the Freebooters had 12, conceding them 11 goals.

The event was for the Manhasset Cups, and was to have been played between Port Chester and Aiken, but at the last minute the Freebooters took the place of the Aiken team. The line up:

PHILADELPHIA C. C. FREEBOOTERS.		PORT CHESTER.	
1—A. C. Schwartz	1½	H. J. Chisolm, Jr.	1
2—Walter McClure	3	D. Milbank	0
3—W. H. C. Huhn	4	3—E. L. Crawford	0
Back—C. R. Snowden	4	Back—J. I. Downey	0
Total	12	Total	1

Freebooters—By earned goals, 13; lost by penalties 1 goal for two fouls. Total—12 goals. Port Chester—By earned goals, 1; by allowed handicap, 11 lost by penalties, 1½ goals for three fouls. Total—10½ goals. Referee—H. H. Holmes. Scorer—J. Smith.

Waterbury to Play on Coast.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 21.—J. M. Waterbury, Jr., a member of the Meadow Brook polo team, which defeated the English team two games in the international match for the Westchester Polo Cup last June at Meadow Brook, L. I., and Walter H. Du Pee of Chicago are expected to arrive here on Saturday to play with Lord Innisker and Lord Tweedmouth during the Winter polo season.

Marshall a Chess Victor.

CARLSBAD, Sept. 21.—The chess masters to-day contested the twenty-third round of the international tourney. The results: Leonhardt beat Fahrni, Cohn lost to Kostic, Niemzowitsch beat Chotimirski, Vidmar and Perlis drew, Marshall beat Chajes, Tartakower beat Jaffe, Burn lost to Loewenfisch, Suechting lost to Johner, and Balire and Alapin drew. The games between Rubinstein and Alechine, Schlechter and Spielmann, and Rotlewi and Teichmann were adjourned.

MRS. WALSH WINS TWO BLUE RIBBONS

White Plains Horse Show Crowd Disappointed Because Gov. Dix Could Not Attend.

More than 12,000 persons assembled yesterday on the White Plains Fair Grounds to witness the second day's events of the Westchester County Horse Show, many of them expecting to see Gov. Dix, who, it had been advertised extensively on billboards, would be present, but they were disappointed. The Governor telephoned to Oliver Harriman, the President of the Fair and Horse Show Association, that owing to the press of affairs at Albany he was sorry he could not attend.

Mrs. J. S. Walsh carried off the honors of the day by winning two more blue ribbons, making four to her credit, and she now excels her male rivals in the competition for first prizes.

Every parking place around the show ring contained a big touring car or a four-in-hand, while back of this space was crowded several hundred motor cars. Society came out in force, and it proved to be the banner day of the show, because of the high-class horses exhibited and the keen competition shown.

There were exciting contests in the class for ladies' hunters during which several lady riders had narrow escapes from being thrown. Miss Belle Beach rode Frederick Bull's Sunday Morning so cleverly and the horse took the jumps in such splendid fashion that the blue ribbon went to that mount. Embarta, owned by S. Bryce Wing and ridden by Miss Margaret Thorne, was second.

Mrs. J. E. Davis, while riding Marsuetudea, was nearly thrown when her horse bolted the fourth rail jump. Mrs. J. S. Walsh in the harness horse class won a $75 prize besides a blue rosette with her Honor Boy. In this class all prize horses were entered, several of which have won many prizes at other shows. She competed with Starlight, owned by J. W. Harriman, and five other high steppers, and Mr. Harriman received the red ribbon. Godfrey Preece's Panama carried off the first prize in the class for saddle horses, while Dick Donnelly, in the class for jumpers, won a $50 prize and a blue ribbon by riding George Wallen and Bernard Gunther's Mr. Meleady over the jumps without touching a rail. He received loud applause from the gallery for his victory. Frederick Bull's Rock Cress was second and Lion Heart third.

William A. Read offered a special prize of $50 in the class for saddle horses and two of the entries were given the gate. Kildare, a fine-looking brown gelding owned by Miss H. D. Atterbury, was disqualified because he was one-half inch over the heighth which was fixed not to exceed 15.3 hands. Gray Buck, a gray gelding owned by B. Lambert Hackett, was also not allowed to compete. After much studying and conferring on the part of the judges W. A. McGibbon's Roxie was declared the winner. Mr. McGibbon, who sold Kildare to Miss Atterbury, protested to the judges that the horse was not too large for the class, but he was overruled. The summaries:

Class 20—Pairs of harness horses over 15.2 hands.—Won by J. W. Harriman's Nala and Avondale; J. Campbell Thompson's Majesty and Excellency, second; De Witt C. Flanagan's Prince Charming and Rataplan, third.

Class 6—Roadsters; horse and best appointed road rig.—Won by William M. Hoffman's Teneriffe; Edward Kearney, Jr.'s, Princess Morrell, second; D. W. Maloney's Brook, third.

Class 7—Harness horses over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.1 hands.—Won by Mrs. J. S. Walsh's Honor Boy; J. W. Harriman's Starlight, second; J. B Taylor's Billy Jefferson, third.

Class 43—Saddle horses over 14.2 and not exceeding 15 hands.—Miss May A. Weatherbee's Jack and Minister appeared in the ring. The former was too large for the class, while Minister was lame. The event was declared off.

Class 40—Pairs of ponies in harness, over 13 and not exceeding 14.2 hands.—Won by Mrs. E. C. Bowen's Masterpiece and Master; H. J. Chisholm, Jr.'s, Fuss and Feathers, second.

Class 10—Pairs of harness horses over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3 hands.—Won by De Witt C. Flanagan's Prince Charming and Rataplan; Emil Seelig's Max and Climax, second; J. B. Taylor's Wallingford and Wakefield, third.

Class 59—Ladies' hunters, qualified or green, up to carrying 165 pounds; ladies to ride; side saddle to be used.—Won by Frederick Bull's Sunday Morning; S. Brice Wing's Embarta, second; Donnybrook Farm's Lion Heart, third.

Class 49, Saddle Horses, road hack, not exceeding 15.3 hands.—Won by W. A. McGibbons Roxie; Godfrey Preece's The Real Thing, second; Myron H. Oppenheim's Watchful, third.

Class 24, local Harness Horses, suitable for runabout, over 14.2 hands, not exceeding 15.2 hands, to be shown before runabout.—Won by Homestead Farm's Prince George; J. Campbell Thompson's The Girl, second; N. P. DeMauriac's Fashion, third.

Class 35, Road Team to be shown before a coach or brake, horses only to count.—Won by J. Campbell Thompson; Emil Seelig, second; F. M. Warburg, third.

Class 46, Saddle Horses, up to carrying 200 pounds.—Won by Godfrey Preece's Panama; Miss H. D. Atterbury's Kildare, second; B. Lambert Sackett's Moving Picture, third.

Class 13, Harness Horses, or a single horse to be shown before a lady's phaeton, ladies to drive.—Won by Mrs. J. S. Walsh's Maid of Honor; Emil Seelig's Royal Victoria, Miss Carolina Bryce driving, second; E. H. Wetherbee's Greyson, Miss May Weatherbee driving, third.

Class 60, Jumping Class, open to all, performances over fences only to count, to carry minimum weight of 140 pounds.—Won by George Wallen and Bernard Gunther's Mr. Meleady; Frederick Bull's Rock Cress, second; Donnybrook Farm's Lion Heart, third.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

Mrs. R. B. Neff and Miss Elizabeth H. Moore yesterday won their place in the semi-final round of that event in the tennis tournament on the courts of the Montclair Athletic Club, at Montclair, N. J., defeating Miss Edith M. Handy and Miss Gwyndolyn Rees after three spectacular sets at 2—6, 6—4, 6—4. Altogether it was the sort of lawn tennis which women rarely play, and it proved highly satisfying to the fashionable gallery present.

In the singles Miss Rees disposed of Miss Clare Cassell of the Bronxville Athletic Association, at 6—love, 6—2. By her victory the Western girl coupled with Miss Barbara Fleming for the final. In the lower section Miss Marie Wagner, the National indoor champion, won her place in the semi-final by defeating Mrs. R. B. Neff, at 10—8, 6—4. The summary:

Women's Cup Singles, (Fourth Round.)—Miss Gwyndolyn Rees defeated Miss Clare Cassell, 6—0, 6—2; Miss Eleanor Souther defeated Miss Edith M. Handy, 7—5, 4—6, 6—4; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Mrs. R. B. Neff, 10—8, 6—4.

Women's Doubles, (Second Round.)—Miss Ina A. Kissel and Miss Clare Cassell defeated Mrs. George Massey and Miss Hester Renwick, 6—3, 6—3.

Third Round.—Mrs. R. B. Neff and Miss Elizabeth H. Moore defeated Miss Edith M. Handy and Miss Gwyndolyn Rees, 2—6, 6—4, 6—4; Miss Ina A. Kissel and Miss Clare Cassell defeated Miss Marjorie Elerson and Miss Katharine Ames, 6—0, 6—0.

Mixed Doubles, (Second Round.)—Mrs. George Massey and Frank Seller defeated Miss Hester Renwick and Harry P. Smith, 6—2, 5—7, 6—2; Miss Leslie Hill and J. A. H. Hopkins defeated Mr. and Mrs. Louis S. Coe by default.

Third Round.—Mrs. George Massey and Frank Seller defeated Miss Leslie Hill and J. A. H. Hopkins, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Polly Sheldon and Frank B. Hague defeated Mrs. Harold Bradley and Clifford Cairns, 6—1, 6—2.

Otto H. Hinck and Henry Torrance won the men's lawn tennis doubles championship of the New Jersey State tournament yesterday on the courts of the Morristown Field Club at Morristown, N. J. They defeated W. C. Grant and L. Millers Burt by the score of 1—6, 6—3, 6—2, 6—2.

Ten Rounds at Twentieth Century.

The Twentieth Century A. C. will stage two ten-round contests at the St. Nicholas Rink, Sixty-sixth Street and Broadway, to-night that should furnish some real excitement. Young Cashman will box Bull Anderson of Brooklyn. These boys fought six hard rounds subsequent to the Billy Papke and Sailor Burke fight just a month ago which resulted in a draw. Al Schumacher, who defeated Phil Cross, is matched with Young Ketchell of Bridgeport. Ketchell has made a host of admirers in this city and is looked upon as a champion.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JULIUS WEISKOPF.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Julius Weiskopf, dealer in dry goods at 811 Ninth Avenue, show liabilities of $5,012 and assets of $2,900, consisting of stock, $2,500, and fixtures, $400.

ISIDOR BARKAS.—Isidor Barkas, dealer in jewelery at 139 Hester Street, has made a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash and 15 cents in notes at three, six, and nine months.

MORRIS ROTH.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Roth, cigar dealer at Liberty, N. Y., by these New York City creditors, Joseph Holzman, $.27; A. Hussey Leaf Tobacco Company, $553, and Lorb & Neustadt Co., $275.

SAMUEL D. DAVIS.—Samuel D. Davis, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 751 Sixth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,515 and assets, consisting of stock, value unknown, fixtures, $500, and cash, $16. He began business in August, 1909. Judge Hough appointed A. Falck receiver.

SIMON SIGMUND CEILER, also known as Sigmund Seiler, furrier of 63 West 113th Street, who was formerly a partner in the firm of C. Rosenberg & Co., fur manufacturers at 7 West Twenty-first Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,25 and nominal assets of $525 in stock and fixtures.

S. SCHEUER & SONS.—A meeting of creditors of S. Scheuer & Sons, manufacturers of leather goods at 358 Broadway, was held yesterday at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, at 50 Church Street. Many claims were filed and David Falk was elected trustee under a bond of $12,000. Liabilities are $133,580.

WEGLER GENTS' FURNISHING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Wegler Gents' Furnishing Company, retail dealer in men's furnishing goods at 94 Rivington Street, by these creditors: Van Zandt, Jacobs & Co., $585; Burt Shirt Company, $118, and Primrose Shirt Company, $162. The store was damaged by fire on July 9, and it is said there is $2,500 due from the insurance companies which creditors want to get.

MORRIS HIRSCHENBEIN & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Hirschenbein & Co., dealers in dress goods and woolens at 1,653 Madison Avenue, by these creditors: Leon Schager, $405; Bayer & Bayer, $91, and Brighton Woolen Co., $108. Judge Hough appointed Harry Osterman receiver. It was said that City Marshals had removed considerable stock, and about $1,500 worth of stock was left in the store.

KAPLAN, LESCHINSKY & VINOGRAD.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Kaplan, William Leschinsky, and Nathan Vinograd, who compose the firm of Kaplan, Leschinsky & Vinograd, manufacturers of furs at 833 Broadway, who are also manufacturers of knit goods under the style of the Royal Knitting Works, by these creditors, Jacob Bobrow, $112; Louis Sutta, $300, and B. Goodman & Co., $100. Judge Hough appointed John Greenberg receiver of the assets, which are estimated at $6,000.

JACOB REIBMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jacob Reibman, dealer in dry goods at 1,263 Second Avenue, by these creditors: Krasanoff Brothers & Co., $97; Harry C. Graham, $250, and Samuel Goldberg, $108. He began business in May, 1908. On Feb. 6, 1911, his stock was damaged by fire, and he is said to have recovered $3,000 insurance. Liabilities are $5,000 and assets $1,500. Judge Hough appointed William Henkel, Jr., receiver. It was stated that Mr. Reibman collected $3,000 insurance about July 1, and it is essential that he be examined to ascertain what disposition he made of the money.

WRIGHT, VELIE & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Barton W. Wright, doing business as Wright Velie & Co., manufacturers of silks at 640 Broadway, by Putney, Twombley & Putney, attorneys for these creditors: Jardine, Matheron & Co., $992; William Ryle & Co., $2,456, and Formanns, Stumpf & Sharpe, $1,000. Judge Hough appointed Anton Schmid receiver with a bond of $5,000. The firm had no mill of their own. The business was started in January, 1908. Mr. Velie has not been a partner since last Spring. On Sept. 15 some of the daily papers printed a report that Bartow Wright had disappeared and friends had asked the Jersey City

GIANTS DEFEAT ST. LOUIS' BEST PITCHER

Harmon Unable to Check Them In Their Dash for Tenth Straight Victory.

MATTY SUPPLANTS WILTSE

McGraw Tries Out Young Pitcher Maxwell, Who Loses New York's Only Game Since Leaving Polo Grounds.

THE SCORES.

FIRST GAME.

New York....	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0—3
St. Louis....	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1—2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf.	4	2	2	0	0	1
Doyle, 2b.	2	1	1	1	3	1
Snodgrass, cf.	3	0	0	3	0	1
Murray, rf.	2	0	0	3	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	3	0	1	14	0	0
Herzog, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1	1
Fletcher, ss.	4	0	1	1	4	0
Meyers, c.	2	0	0	5	1	0
Wiltse, p.	4	0	0	0	5	0
Mathewson, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	28	3	6	27	14	4

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Magee, 2b.	4	0	0	4	2	0
Oakes, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Konetchy, 1b.	4	0	0	9	1	0
Ellis, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Evans, rf.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Hauser, ss.	4	0	1	2	4	1
Mowrey, 3b.	3	1	2	2	4	0
Bliss, c.	4	0	1	4	4	0
Harmon, p.	1	0	0	1	2	1
*Smith	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	2	6	27	17	2

*Batted for Harmon in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Fletcher, Mowrey. Home run—Doyle. Sacrifice hits—Harmon, (2,) Snodgrass. Sacrifice fly—Merkle. Stolen bases—Doyle, Merkle, (2,) Herzog, Evans, Fletcher, Devore, Snodgrass. Bases on balls—Off Harmon, 3; off Wiltse, 1. Struck out—By Harmon, 3; by Wiltse, 3; by Mathewson, 1. Hits—Off Wiltse, 8 in eight and one-third innings; off Mathewson, none in two-thirds of an inning. Left on bases—New York, 9; St. Louis, 7. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

SECOND GAME.

St. Louis.....	3	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	—8
New York.....	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	2—7

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Magee, 2b	1	0	0	1	0	0
Huggins, 2b	4	2	1	1	5	0
Oakes, cf	4	2	2	1	0	0
Konetchy, 1b	2	0	1	10	1	0
Ellis, lf	3	1	1	3	0	0
Evans, rf	4	1	3	1	0	0
Hauser, ss	4	1	1	0	1	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	0	1	3	1	0
Wingo, c	3	0	1	7	4	0
Steele, p	1	1	1	0	1	0
Dale, p	2	0	0	1	0	0
Total.	32	8	12	27	14	0

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Becker, lf	2	1	1	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	1	1	2	3	0
Snodgrass, cf	4	3	2	2	0	0
Murray, rf	3	1	1	0	0	0
Merkle, 1b	5	0	2	13	2	0
Herzog, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Fletcher, ss	3	1	2	1	3	0
Meyers, c	1	0	0	5	0	0
Hartley, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Maxwell, p	3	0	1	0	6	1
Total.	32	7	10	24	16	1

Two-base hits—Evans, Konetchy, Wingo, Oakes, Mowrey, Snodgrass. Three-base hit—Doyle. Sacrifice hits—Konetchy, 2; Steele. Sacrifice fly—Devore. Double plays—Maxwell, Doyle and Merkle; Wingo and Mowrey. Stolen bases—Murray, 2; Fletcher, 2; Becker, Snodgrass, 2; Hauser, Mowrey. Hit by pitcher—By Dale, (Fletcher.) Wild pitch—Maxwell. Bases on balls—Off Steele, 4; off Maxwell, 2; off Dale, 4. Struck out—By Steele, 1; by Maxwell, 2; by Dale, 5. Hits off Steele, 6 in 4 2-3 innings; off Dale, 4 in 4 1-3 innings. Left on bases—New York, 8; St. Louis, 5. Time of game—Two hours and six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 21.—The Giants' long string of victories struck a snag at Robison Park to-day when, in the second game of a double-header, a long, lanky pitcher from Texas named Dale succeeded Bill Steele after he was knocked out of the box and held the New Yorks at bay just long enough to let the Cardinals pull out a victory by the score of 8 to 7. New York took the first game, the tenth successive victory on foreign battlefields. Just before the victory came a huge scare, when suddenly in the ninth inning George Wiltse got wabbly and the Cardinals threatened to break up the game. Then into the fray came the reliable veteran Mathewson, and with speed and curves which dazzled the St. Louis batsmen he retired the side and the Giants came through on top by a count of 3 to 2.

In the second game Manager McGraw sent Bert Maxwell, formerly of Birmingham, Ala., to the mound, and, although St. Looey hammered him all over the field, the new man was kept under the grueling fire and his nerves were given a good test. Maxwell stood the ordeal well and finally settled down. So much damage had been wrought by the time he got back to earth that St. Louis had a big lead, which New York could not overcome. In the assortment of twelve hits which were made off Maxwell were five two-baggers, which helped St. Louis stop the speed-mad pennant bandits.

New York had another day of rampant, unrestrained sprinting on the bases. In the two games they stole fourteen bases, with the Cardinals utterly helpless to stop them. Snodgrass and Fletcher pilfered three each. The sack-galloping mania at times was disastrous, for seven times Giants were nabbed in their pursuit.

Ten victories on the road on the final hunt for the pennant is a remarkable record for the fighting Giants, and there is no anguish or sorrow in camp to-night just because the Cardinals got one game. "Matty" is ready for to-morrow, and it doesn't look as if any more glory was in store for St. Louis. Bresnahan hasn't been able to take part in the series, but he has been on the coaching lines, urging his men to stop the Manhattan juggernaut, and the harder they tried the stronger the Giants came back at them. That McGraw feels pretty sure of the pennant was shown when he sent his greenest pitcher, Maxwell, into the second game. Several of the second-string men were in this contest also, the veterans getting a rest.

The team has been on edge for more than two weeks in as hard a fight as a ball team ever had, and the break in the string of victories this afternoon causes no consternation. Wiltse wasn't given a chance to crack in the first game. He pitched a fine game for eight innings, and the Cardinals' only run was made through the loose support his teammates gave him. With the first suspicion of weakness in the ninth, when he had two on the bases and only one out, Mathewson was the life saver, and his long experience and generalship, which has carried the Giants through many a pinch, again pulled the team out of a deep hole.

The bombardment of Maxwell in the first two innings of the second game gave the Cardinals a big lead. The Giants gathered runs enough to get within one run of them, but they were never able to get up on even terms. McGraw did not try to save the game, for he left Maxwell in the battle and let him take his medicine. The Southerner did not quit, for after a severe drubbing he settled down to real pitching and finished twice as strong as he started.

Young Dale, who succeeded Steele in the fifth inning for St. Louis, was just about getting ready to blow up when the end of the game saved him. The Giants did all their scoring in small lots, the collection of one and two tallies at a time scattered through several innings making a total large enough to come within a lone tally of winning.

Harmon gave the New Yorkers considerable trouble at the start, fanning Merkle, Fletcher, and Meyers in the first two innings. In the third chapter both Wiltse and Devore spilled the ball in front of the plate and were thrown out by Bliss. Larry Doyle leaned against the ball that Harmon packed in the groove and drove it screaming into the centre field acreage. Rebel Oakes leaped high, but only slightly impeded the ball's progress. By speedy sprinting, Larry made the through trip with the Giants' first run.

The Giants' infield was seized with St. Vitus's dance in the third inning, and errors by Herzog and Doyle gave the Cardinals the run which tied the score. Mowrey walked and Bliss lifted to Snodgrass. Harmon was safe on Herzog's bad throw to Merkle. Magee's grounder was fumbled by Doyle, and then he threw wild to second base to force Harmon. Mowrey scored and Harmon went to third. Oakes was thrown out at first base by Wiltse, who first riveted Harmon at third. Konetchy raised a high fly to Snodgrass.

The Giants stole four bases in the fourth inning, and had the bases crowded, but Harmon skillfully pitched out of the tickish ordeal. Murray was thrown out by Magee and Merkle singled to left. While Rube Ellis was reading the trademark on the ball, Merkle stole second. Then he slid safely to third. Herzog grounded to Mowrey, who tagged Merkle off third base. Herzog stole second. Fletcher was safe on Hauser's wide toss to first, and stole second. Harmon intentionally walked Meyers, filling the bases. Wiltse ended the worriment by skying to Ellis.

With a dark lantern and a jimmy, New York annexed another run in the fifth inning. Devore and Doyle paraded through Harmon's generosity. Snodgrass forced Doyle at second, while Devore went to third. Josh and Snodgrass worked a double steal, Devore scoring standing up. Snodgrass took a lead half way down to third, and St. Louis was perfectly right in nailing him on the spot. Mowrey tossed Murray out at first. Harmon twirled the Cardinals out of another deep hole in the sixth. After Merkle skied to Hauser, Herzog singled and was caught stealing. Fletcher got two bases on a Texas leaguer. Harmon was scared at Meyers's figure at the bat, and for the second time he intentionally walked him, so he could get at Wiltse. "Hooks" flied to Evans.

In the seventh Devore beat out a bunt and went to second on Harmon's bad throw in an attempt to toss him out. Doyle walked for the third time. Snodgrass advanced the runners with a sacrifice. Murray walked, filling the bases. Merkle's sacrifice fly to Ellis scored Devore, and Herzog was out No. 3 with a fly to Oakes. With one out in the seventh, Mowrey's single trickled away from Devore, and Mike went to third. He stuck there, too, for Bliss and Harmon died easily.

Wiltse's work up to the ninth was above reproach, but he weakened in the critical final chapter. Evans singled to left and stole second after Hauser struck out. Mike Mowrey whacked a steaming two-base drive to left, scoring Evans. Mathewson then came to the rescue. Huggins, running for Mowrey, went to third as Doyle threw Bliss out at first. Smith, batting for Harmon, struck out on three fadeaways.

Larry Doyle attempted a bold bit of burglary in the first inning of the second game, which did not work. After soaking a triple to deep centre he tried to steal home and was caught red-handed.

Bert Maxwell, the Giants' new pitcher, made a poor start. He fielded Magee's grounder, but threw wild to first. Oakes singled to centre, Konetchy's sacrifice advancing the runners a corner. Huggins took Magee's place in the game. Evans then pounded in a two-bagger to centre and drove in three runs. Fletcher threw out Hauser and Mowrey at first.

The larruping of Mr. Maxwell continued in the second. After Wingo had retired at first, Steele and Huggins singled. Oakes fouled to Herzog, and a double to left sent Steele home and Huggins to third. He scored on Maxwell's wild pitch. Fletcher singled in the third and went to second on Meyers's out at first. He then stole third and scored on Devore's sacrifice fly. Manager McGraw then sent in Becker for Devore and Hartley for Meyers.

New York got another run back in the fourth, when Murray singled, stole second, went to third on an out, and scored on Fletcher's single.

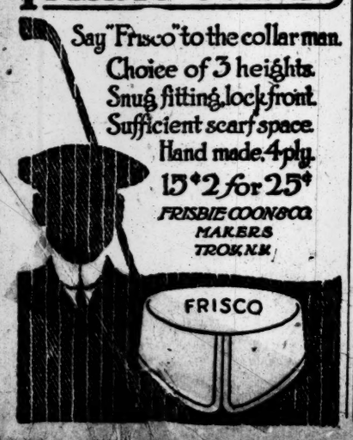
The Giants kept creeping up on the Cardinals, and in the fifth drove Bill Steele from the box. After Maxwell died at first, Becker singled and stole second. He went to third on Doyle's out, and scored on Snodgrass's single. Then Murray walked. That was Steele's finish, and Dale, a youngster from Texas, took up the pitching task. Merkle greeted him with a single, which sent Snodgrass home. Herzog walked and Fletcher hoisted to Evans.

St. Louis went after Maxwell hammer and tongs in the fifth. Doubles by Oakes and Mowrey and singles by Ellis and Evans gave the Cardinals three more runs.

Giants' runs keep straggling in. Snodgrass walked in the seventh and stole second. Murray fanned and Merkle's single pushed Snodgrass in.

The Giants have become so hungry for runs that they just can't keep from devouring them. They came within an ace of beating the Cardinals in the ninth, when Doyle walked and went to third on a stinging double by Snodgrass. Doyle went across on Murray's out at first, and Snodgrass followed him over the pan while Merkle was being tossed out by Hauser.

Frisbie Collars



BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 3; St. Louis, 2.
St. Louis, 8; New York, 7.
Cincinnati, 4; Brooklyn, 3.
(Fifteen innings.)
Brooklyn, 4; Cincinnati, 0.
(Five innings; darkness.)
Philadelphia, 4; Chicago, 0.
Chicago, 9; Philadelphia, 2.
Pittsburgh, 4; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 8; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 7; St. Louis, 4.
Detroit, 2; Boston, 1.
Chicago at Washington—Rain.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Rochester, 3; Toronto, 0.
Rochester, 5; Toronto, 2.
Montreal at Buffalo—Rain.
Newark, 4; Providence, 4.
(Seven innings; darkness.)
Baltimore, 7; Jersey City, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	20	87	47	.650
Chicago	16	82	56	.594
Pittsburgh	12	82	60	.577
Philadelphia	17	75	62	.547
St. Louis	*16	72	66	.522
Cincinnati	12	64	78	.451
Brooklyn	18	55	81	.405
Boston	*19	34	101	.354

*Includes one game that cannot be played.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	*17	92	45	.672
Detroit	15	83	56	.597
Cleveland	16	78	65	.529
New York	14	72	68	.514
Boston	14	69	71	.493
Chicago	*17	67	70	.489
Washington	15	59	80	.425
St. Louis	14	40	100	.286

*Includes two games that cannot be played.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	4	98	52	.653
Baltimore	6	93	55	.628
Toronto	3	92	59	.609
Buffalo	8	78	73	.500
Montreal	5	70	79	.470
Jersey City	6	61	87	.412
Newark	5	56	93	.376
Providence	7	51	96	.347

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati—2 games.
Boston at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
Chicago at Washington—2 games.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Boston.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Montreal at Buffalo.
Toronto at Rochester.
Baltimore at Providence.

GIVING A TOOTH FOR A TOOTH.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.—The Giants have stolen 325 bases this season, and they threaten to run away with the record, which is 362, made by Pittsburgh during the season of 1903.

Charley Faust got a black hand letter from Chicago to-day. He is accused of being a "jinx" for the other teams in the league, and if he doesn't hurry back to Marion, Kan., the letter says, something is going to happen to him. Faust is now considered the official "jinx" for the other teams, and Manager McGraw wouldn't release him for money.

A party of Giants called on old Chris Von der Ahe last night and held a fanning bee. Chris remarked in pretzelized English that the Giants would "breeze in."

The keen-eyed fans here give Arlie Latham all the credit for the Giants' remarkable base-stealing. They say when Latham stands at first base he hounds the runners into jumping away with the pitcher's throw.

Maxwell was a wonder in the Southern League. He has a wide slow outcurve which blows over like a balloon. His fast shoots fooled 'em, though.

Chicago's chance is so small now that you can't see it with a telescope. If they win all their games and the Giants only win half of theirs, New York will still win out.

The team that jumps in and takes all the chances gets the break in the luck. McGraw tactics on this trip have proved that.

Cleveland Releases Six Youngsters.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 21.—The Cleveland American League Club to-day announced the release of six players, all of them new recruits. They are Outfielder Williams, released to the St. Louis Americans, and Naegleson, Dokard, Konnick, Collamore, and Spencer released to the Toledo American Association Club.

Baseball To-day, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Cleveland. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

There's a Scotch air about our suits this Fall!

More rough finished tweeds and cheviots.

More bright colored mixtures.

More fabrics imported, and more that look as if they were.

While in the smoother goods, too, we've a wider variety than ever before at this season.

Some cut with the soft English front and fairly close fitting back.

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SUPERBAS AND REDS IN 15-INNING GAME

Brooklyn Loses Long Battle, but Wins Next Contest of Five Innings, 4 to 0.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 21.—Cincinnati and Brooklyn broke even in a double-header here this afternoon, the locals winning the first game, a fifteen-inning affair, by a score of 4 to 3, while the visitors easily won the second, a five-inning contest, 4 to 0. The first was a battle of pitchers, Rucker retiring only after having pitched thirteen innings, while Compton retired to allow a man to bat for him. Cincinnati scored the deciding run in the fifteenth on a single, a double, and a single off Knetzer. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Beecher, lf.	5	1	2	6	2
Hobl'zel, 1b.	7	1	3	16	1
Marsans, cf.	5	1	3	2	1
Mitchell, rf.	6	0	2	2	0
Almeida, 3b.	7	0	1	1	7
Egan, 2b.	7	0	3	4	3
Esmond, ss.	6	0	2	4	1
McLean, c.	6	0	0	9	2
C'pton, p.	2	0	1	0	4
Suggs, p.	3	0	1	1	5
*Severoid	0	0	0	0	0
†Grant	0	1	0	0	0
Total.	54	4	18	45	26

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Norihen, cf.	5	0	1	4	0
Daub't, 1b.	6	0	2	12	2
Daley, lf.	6	0	1	2	0
Smith, 3b.	5	0	0	1	2
Tooley, ss.	6	2	3	5	4
Coulson, rf.	4	1	1	6	1
Stark, 2b.	6	0	2	4	5
Erwin, c.	5	0	1	7	2
Rucker, p.	5	0	0	0	5
Knetzer, p.	1	0	0	1	0
Total.	49	3	11	42	21

*Batted for Compton in seventh inning.
†Ran for Severoid in seventh inning.
‡Marsans out, hit by batted ball, and one out when winning run scored.

Errors—Knetzer, Marsans, McLean.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0—4
Brooklyn	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—3

Left on bases—Brooklyn, 8; Cincinnati, 18. Two-base hits—Tooley, Hoblitzel. Three-base hit—Esmond. Hits—Off Compton, 5 in 7 innings; off Suggs, 6 in 8 innings; off Rucker, 15 in 13 innings; off Knetzer, 3 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Smith, Daubert, Mitchell, Coulson. Stolen bases—Daley, Hoblitzel, Tooley, Egan. Double plays—Smith and Stark; Egan and Esmond; Coulson, Tooley and Stark. Struck out—By Rucker, 5; by Suggs, 4. Bases on balls—Off Rucker, 5; off Compton, 3; off Suggs, 1. Wild pitch—Rucker. Time of game—Three hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Bush and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Norihen, cf.	3	1	1	1	0
Daubert, 1b.	3	2	2	7	0
Daly, lf.	2	1	0	2	0
Smith, 3b.	3	0	1	0	0
Tooley, ss.	2	0	0	2	2
Coulson, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Stark, 2b.	1	0	0	1	2
O. Miller, c.	2	0	0	2	2
Knetzer, p.	2	0	0	0	3
Total.	19	4	4	15	9

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Beecher, lf.	1	0	0	0	0
Hob'zel, 1b.	2	0	0	4	0
Bates, cf.	2	0	1	1	0
Mitchell, rf.	2	0	0	3	0
Almeida, 3b.	2	0	0	1	1
Egan, 2b.	2	0	1	1	0
Esmond, ss.	2	0	1	2	0
McLean, c.	0	0	0	2	1
Severoid, c.	1	0	0	1	1
Benton, p.	1	0	0	0	2
*Marsans	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	16	0	3	15	5

*Batted for McLean in the third inning.
Errors—Esmond, 2.

Brooklyn	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—4
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

(Called at the end of the fifth inning on account of darkness.)

Left on bases—Brooklyn, 3; Cincinnati, 2. Sacrifice hit—Stark. Struck out—By Knetzer, 1; by Benton, 2. Passed ball—McLean. Bases on balls—Off Knetzer, 1; off Benton, 2. Wild pitch—Benton. Time of game—Fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

Pirates Beat a New Pitcher.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 21.—Boston was beaten to-day in another close game, the final score being 4 to 3 in favor of Pittsburgh. The visitors tried a new pitcher from the Troy team of the New York State League and he did excellent work, except in the eighth inning, when Pittsburgh got three hits and scored two runs, winning the game. He did not give a base on balls. In fact there was only one base on balls given, Sweeney getting it from Camnitz in the eighth inning. Score:

PITTSBURGH	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1
Carey, cf.	4	0	0	4	1
O'Neill, lf.	4	1	2	2	0
Wagner, 1b.	3	1	1	8	0
Wilson, rf.	4	1	2	0	0
McK'nie, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2
M'C'thy, ss.	4	1	0	3	4
Simon, c.	3	0	1	8	0
Camnitz, p.	3	0	1	0	0
Total.	33	4	9	27	8

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'dwell, ss.	4	0	0	1	2
Donlin, cf.	4	2	2	2	0
Sw'ney, 2b.	3	0	0	3	5
Miller, rf.	3	0	2	0	0
J'kson, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Kirke, 1b.	4	0	1	15	0
McD'ld, 3b.	4	1	2	1	4
Kling, c.	4	0	0	3	2
Donnelly, p.	3	0	1	0	2
†Ingerton	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	3	8	24	16

*Batted for Donnelly in the ninth inning.
Errors—Sweeney, Jackson.

Pittsburgh	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	—4	
Boston	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0—3	

Two-base hits—Donlin, (2,) Miller, McDonald. 4 for Blumenthal.

Three-base hits—Campbell, Wilson, Kirke. Sacrifice hit—McKechnie. Sacrifice fly—Miller. Stolen bases—Wagner, McDonald. Double play—Carey and Simon. First base on balls—Off Camnitz, 1. Struck out—By Camnitz, 4; by Donnelly, 1. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; Boston, 6. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnstone.

Cubs Break Even with Phillies.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Chicago and Philadelphia broke even to-day, the visitors winning the first game 4 to 0 by bunching hits and the locals taking the second on errors, bases on balls, and a general batting bee by a score of 9 to 2. Saier's home run with the bases full in the third inning of the second game, Lobert's base running, and the pitching of Alexander were the features of the day. Score:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Walsh, 2b.	3	1	2	2	6
Lobert, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0
Titus, rf.	4	0	1	3	0
Lud'us, 1b.	5	0	1	13	0
Paak't, cf.	3	0	1	2	0
Beck, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Dcolan, ss.	4	1	1	1	5
Madden, c.	4	1	1	8	3
Alex'r, p.	4	1	0	1	1
Total.	35	4	10	27	12

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Schulte, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Tinker, ss.	4	0	2	3	4
Z'm'm'n, 1b.	1	0	0	6	0
Saier, 1b.	2	0	0	6	2
Doyle, 3b.	4	0	1	1	8
Shean, 2b.	4	0	0	3	3
Hofman, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Graham, c.	3	0	1	3	1
R'lbach, p.	2	0	0	1	0
Total.	31	0	4	27	18

Errors—Shean, Doolan.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—Luderus. Sacrifice hits—Reulbach, Walsh, Lobert, Beck. Stolen bases—Beck, Tinker, Lobert, Doolan. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 12. First base on balls—Off Alexander, 2; off Reulbach, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Reulbach, Paskert. Struck out—By Reulbach, 1; by Alexander, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf.	5	1	0	1	0
Schulte, rf.	4	1	0	4	0
Tinker, ss.	3	2	2	4	5
Saier, 1b.	2	3	2	5	1
Doyle, 3b.	4	1	2	0	0
Shean, 2b.	3	1	1	2	2
Hofman, cf.	4	0	1	5	0
Archer, c.	4	0	0	5	1
Smith, p.	4	0	0	1	0
Total.	33	9	8	27	11

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Walsh, 2b.	4	0	1	3	5
Lobert, 3b.	4	0	2	1	2
Titus, rf.	4	0	0	4	0
Lud'us, 1b.	2	0	0	10	2
Paak't, cf.	4	0	2	3	0
Beck, lf.	4	1	0	1	0
Doolan, ss.	4	1	2	1	3
Cotter, c.	4	0	1	7	1
Chalm's, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Curtis, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Stanley, p.	2	0	1	1	0
*Magee	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	2	9	24	13

*Batted for Chalmers in the fourth inning.
Errors—Saier, Doolan, (3,) Curtis.

Chicago	0	0	4	0	4	0	1	0	0—9	
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2	

Two-base hits—Saier, Tinker, Doolan. Three-base hit—Tinker. Home run—Saier. Hits—Off Chalmers, 2 in three innings; off Curtis, 5 in two innings; off Stanley, 1 in three innings. Sacrifice hit—Shean. Stolen bases—Lobert, (2,) Saier, Sheckard, Doyle. Double play—Shean, Tinker, and Saier. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Smith, 2; off Chalmers, 3; off Stanley, 1. Struck out—By Smith, 4; by Stanley, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

How All-Stars Will Line Up.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—The all-star team chosen by James McAleer to play the Philadelphia American League Club, the world's champions, prior to their probable struggle with the qualifier from the National League includes four members of the Chicago team, five from Washington, one from New York, one from Boston, and one from Detroit, American League teams. The batting order, as announced to-day, follows: Milan, cf.; Lord, 3b.; Speaker, rf.; Cobb, lf.; Elberfeld, 2b.; McBride, ss.; Chase, 1b.; Sullivan and Street, c.; Walsh, White, and Johnson, p.

Quinby to Coach Yale's Nine.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 21.—Yale having returned to the old system of graduate coaching in baseball, Frank L. Quinby, class of 1900, Sheffield, has been engaged as coach by Capt. Merritt. He will take charge of baseball soon after college opens. Mr. Quinby is regarded as one of the fastest infield players Yale has ever had. He played three years and was Captain in 1901, but did not finish his course at Sheffield.

School Children to See Yale Games.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 21.—As an incentive to good scholarship in the New Haven high and grammar schools, the Yale football management will

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CANADA'S DECISION.

Again the hands of the clock have been set back. Prejudice and delusion have triumphed in Canada, the best Government the Dominion has had in many years has been overthrown, and her ablest statesman has been deprived, temporarily at least, of his leadership. Large Conservative gains are reported from Manitoba and the Maritime Provinces, as well as from Quebec.

The opposition to the Reciprocity Treaty with the United States, upon the ratification of which the Liberal Government of Sir WILFRID LAURIER staked its existence, was partly economical, but largely sentimental, and based on false sentiment at that. The imperial pride of the people was appealed to by all sorts of political trickery, and the preposterous bogy of annexation was used effectively. Lesser political complications, however, such as the Nationalist disaffection in Quebec and the pending charges against minor officers, had their effect. The Canadian election is a triumph of reaction and ignorance.

"POLITICAL PURPOSES."

"The House at once began to make a record for political purposes by passing three tariff bills—the Wool bill, the Free List bill, and the Cotton bill." This is the statement of President TAFT at Grand Rapids, Mich., yesterday in a speech devoted to an elaborate defense of his vetoes of the tariff reduction bills. The use of the term "political purposes" in the context is evidently made by Mr. TAFT to discredit the motives of the majority in the House of Representatives. It is not well chosen.

There was an election for the House last year. The chief issue presented was the Payne-Aldrich tariff. The advocates and supporters of that tariff, which Mr. TAFT had criticised, but which could not have become a law over his veto, were very decisively rejected by the voters and its opponents elected a majority of sixty-eight in the House, against a Republican majority of fifty-six—the previous House. Such a result meant a mandate from the people of the most direct and conclusive sort. The majority were pledged in every form that party loyalty imposes to proceed at the earliest possible moment to the revision of the condemned tariff. It was an honorable and patriotic pledge to give, and it was honorable and patriotic in those who had given it to carry it out. Mr. TAFT recognizes such party obligation, for he cites a number of Republican platforms in justification of his own action.

We do not ignore the difference which the point of view makes in politics. We do not expect Mr. TAFT to look at the question as Speaker CLARK or Chairman UNDERWOOD or that anti-protection manufacturer, Mr. REDFIELD. When, therefore, the President early in the extra session let it be known that any tariff legislation would encounter his veto, and that he would permit no bill to become a law until the Tariff Board had reported on its subject matter, it was not hard to see how he reached such a decision. But we cannot quite see how he can condemn the "political purposes" of his opponents and entirely ignore his own and those of his party. A National election will be held next year. Again the tariff will be, probably the chief, certainly a very important issue.

The Democrats took the earliest practical occasion to define their policy, and the whole country was rejoiced that they did it in so sane and sensible a manner. On the other hand the Republican managers show plainly enough that if they could go before the country with plan of partial revision based on the reports of the President's board, they would be in a relatively favorable situation. Mr. TAFT's vetoes served their purposes admirably. But it is a little absurd to condemn the purposes of the Democrats as "political" while promoting those of the Republican politicians.

Mr. TAFT makes some sound criticism of defects in the Free List bill and in the Cotton bill. But it is only fair to remember that these bills would hardly have been passed if there had been any hope of his accepting the Wool bill, which, on the whole, was a good bill. Had he accepted that, or had he allowed it to become a law without his signature, expressing his intention to urge a more extended revision when the Tariff Board should have presented its information, his attitude would have been more intelligible and, we think, much stronger.

LIVING AND DYING TRUSTS.

The death rate and the birth rate of trusts have never been ascertained with such accuracy as to make it sure whether more are born or are slain over any given period. According to Wednesday's news they were dying like flies, and according to Thursday's news they were being born almost as though bred from fish spawn. It would be impracticable to specify all the new trusts which spring up to take the place of those which disappear, but one or two of them may be mentioned, selecting those which exemplify phases of the current news.

The largest new "trust" recently announced is the one organized by the well-known Coats thread combination. They have now formed a central organization through which to manage harmoniously the thread-making interests of Belgium, Spain, Austria, and Russia. The capital, according to a dispatch to The Journal of Commerce, is £50,000,000, or a quarter of a billion dollars. If the new combination should work conformably to the plans of the existing combination under the same auspices this would be about the nearest approach to a world trust which has yet been suggested by anybody. The steel institute, which recently assembled the iron trade of the world at one of Mr. GARY's golden rule dinners, is comparatively a weak and inchoate measure of trade organization, although the capital represented was larger.

This trust of producers is offset in Thursday's news by several pools of consumers. The International Motor Service Association was formed in this city for the purposes of making cheap purchases of supplies in the interest of five hundred firms scattered throughout the United States who spend over twelve millions annually in the purchase of automobile articles. They think they ought to have more consideration paid to their consuming power, and organized to make their opinions effective. At St. Louis there was started on Thursday a plant to operate non-royalty shoemaking machinery in the interest of "all Western shoe manufacturers." If the experimental plant is successful there will be a corresponding decrease in the demand for the machinery supplied by the trust, which is having other troubles than this new competition.

From Macon there came on Thursday a dispatch to THE TIMES announcing the formation of the Southern Cotton Corporation "to market the entire cotton crop." At Fort Worth was organized the Consumers and Producers' Association to act as the selling organization of the cattle trade of the Southwest, and extort from the Beef Trust prices more in accordance with sellers' views. If successful the ultimate consumer has good cause to shudder, considering the present price of meat, and the fact that a higher price for cattle will surely not be paid out of the pockets of the buyers at wholesale. Closely allied in principle to these combinations, although preceding them by a day or two, is the organization of Southern farmers to "hold" their cotton at a price of 15 cents. This, of course, is not the same thing as "pegging" stocks at an artificial price, and it is so very different from combinations of capitalists that lawmakers who lie awake nights scheming against the wealthy malefactors thought themselves justified in lending their names and influence to the plan, which incidentally has met with obstacles. Either there is more cotton than these embattled farmers protested, or else they are selling out on one another in a manner worthy of Wall Street.

Surely these incidents of a few days illustrate the fact that business men and legislators do not yet see eye to eye. The business men of many nations, and especially of the United States, are resolved to pursue their own ways. The lawmakers, especially of the United States, are resolved that they shall pursue the way marked out by the statutes. Assuming that the American trusts are smashed, and that the other trusts survive, since they are not attacked as the United States trusts are, where, it may be asked, does this leave the commercial organization of the country? How shall the foreign sales be pressed in the manner of the oil and steel trusts? What will be the effect on our export trade? And if the foreigners undertake a "dumping" campaign, how shall our home markets be defended? The questions are not addressed to the lawmakers, who of course have considered this contingency, and are not confused by it. But what do the voters who elect the lawmakers think about it? Apparently they have thought very little about it, or have thought to little purpose, although the passing days are bringing nearer the necessity for deep and earnest thought.

SWEEPING REFORM.

President TAFT at Detroit referred to the charge that he had used patronage to accomplish some of his ends, and declared that he was unconscious of having done so. The current impression that he had done so probably originated in some indiscretions of his secretary a couple of years ago, and it is in the records of that official that the President would do well to trace, if he cares to, the origin of the matter. But whatever the facts may be as to the past, the country will welcome Mr. TAFT's unqualified position as to the future. He said:

> I challenge the men who make the charge to come forward and join with me in legislation which will enable me to put every local officer, be he Postmaster, Internal Revenue Collector, Customs Collector, or anybody else under the classified civil service. But they won't do it—at least they won't do it now.
>
> If I had the making of the laws of this country the first thing I would do would be to include in the civil service every one in the internal revenue system, and put the whole service on an effective, non-partisan basis. It would be a source of economy, would give the President a great deal more time to devote to other duties, would save a good many Congressmen their seats, and would tend to the elevation of the public service.

It is greatly to the credit of the President that he has done all that could reasonably be expected of him to bring about this momentous and beneficent change, and he may be trusted to work steadily toward the accomplishment of his ideal. The system he condemns and denounces is antiquated and vicious. It is a nuisance and an anachronism, and the President who shall succeed in finally eradicating it will render a great service to his country.

AN OBSTINATE OLD MAN.

Old Sir Anthony Absolute, red in the face, bursting with anger, voluble with oaths, as he faced his imperturbable son on the parade ground in Bath, was a figure no more comical or preposterous than Mr. HURD of Newtonville, Mass., has made himself by the publication of a notice warning his friends not to attend his son's wedding. Sympathy with the disappointment of parents who disapprove of their children's choice of life partners is not uncommon. Indeed, it is probably general in this community, notwithstanding the acceptance, in poetical moods, of the "Romeo and Juliet" point of view. But Mr. HURD has forfeited all sympathy by his rash publication of a document which amounts to an attack on the character of both his son and the young lady, who is, in spite of his will, to be his daughter-in-law. Young Mr. HURD might fairly retort with a public reply asking that nobody stay away from the wedding because his father, as Vice President of the Shoe Machinery Company, is under indictment. But probably he and his intended bride, and her family, will decide that in the circumstances their best course will be to maintain discreet silence.

They need no further justification than the elder HURD has given them. The royal "we" in the manifesto, the display of choleric temper, the lack of any reason why the match should be opposed, indicate that Mr. HURD is one of those self-willed, unmanageable, opinionated old fellows with whom it is almost impossible for polite acquaintances, let alone their own relatives, to keep on good turns. If he thought it necessary to take 90,000,000 of his fellow-beings into his confidence touching his objection to his son's choice of a wife, he should have clearly stated his reasons for objecting. He has led us to infer that he has no reasons which could be seriously considered.

There is a new amendment of the Charter, Section 1,128, just put in, relating to the city advertising. The purpose of this amendment may be somewhat open to conjecture, but it is certain that it is not aimed at the chief abuse which has attached to this department of city expenditure. The city's money has been wasted in the past by the designation for political reasons, or for reasons of favoritism, of publications that could not possibly give an equivalent for the money they received. The purpose of advertising is publicity, yet municipal advertising has gone in large volume to obscure newspapers and periodicals that, by reason of their limited or practically non-existent circulation, could not give publicity to these announcements. The new amendment to the Charter fixes a rate for legal advertising that no newspaper of standing and circulation could accept. That is not exactly the way to find a remedy for the existing abuse.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Accident That Is Reassuring. At first thought the injuries suffered by the Olympic when rammed by the Hawke might be taken as proving that there has been a lot of exaggeration in the talk about the close approximation to absolute safety enjoyed by passengers on the big new liners. A little reflection, however, will show that the evidence presented by the episode is all the other way, and distinctly reassuring, for, considerable as was the damage done to the Olympic, the precautionary measures and devices embodied in her construction met the emergency with success and changed what in other days would almost certainly have been an appalling disaster into mere inconvenience for the passengers, and a not very heavy money loss for the steamship company.

The Hawke, it must be remembered, is specially designed for the purpose, among others, of sinking ships by running into them, and to do it without harm to herself. Yet she ran into the Olympic involuntarily in just about the way, and probably at about the same speed, in and at which she would have rammed a hostile vessel, and she came out of the encounter the worse hurt of the two.

The exact extent of the danger in which the Olympic's passengers were put is still to be revealed, but it could not have been at all serious, else would not her commander have been able so soon to decide that it was neither necessary nor wise to beach her, though he very properly considered that expedient and prepared by approaching the shore to adopt it if the nature of her injuries created the alternative of saving or losing lives. To have grounded the Olympic without real need would have been the worst sort of seamanship and clear proof of incompetency of a kind that owners never forgive.

As to why the two vessels came together, no definite answer can be deduced from the data now available. Of the various theories, offered, that which assumes a breakdown of the Hawke's steering gear is the only one of any plausibility. Even if that be true, the officers on the cruiser will have some difficulty in explaining why in narrow waters they brought her into a position where momentary loss of control, an ever-present possibility for every vessel, made the chance of collision one in two, depending on which way the unmanageable rudder happened to turn. No blame at all seems to rest upon anybody on the Olympic, and the conduct of her officers, crew, and passengers alike was apparently in the highest degree commendable.

A Quarrel Over Identity. A more puzzling case than that of the man who claims to be GEORGE A. KIMMEL, a sometime resident of Niles, Mich., it would be hard for the most ingenious writer of detective stories to concoct, even though he let his imagination run wild.

The real KIMMEL, when he departed from the little town where practically everybody had known him since boyhood, was an adult of the age when changes in physical appearance sufficient to make identification difficult cannot be expected to take place for two or three decades. He has been away, not many years, but only thirteen; in other words, if still alive, he is still in practically the same "time of life" as when he departed, and everybody who knew him then ought to know him now, if not at the first glance, at least after careful inspection and some questioning as to minute incidents that occurred in the former period of close associations.

As the "spiritualists" insist, it is knowledge of petty happenings, not of great ones, that counts in establishing identity. This knowledge the man who professes to be KIMMEL has, according to many of the Niles people who have talked with him; he knows things, they say, which an impostor could not possibly know. But others, and apparently just as many, remember little things which they think the real KIMMEL would remember, and this man doesn't. The conclusion that he therefore never knew them is by no means necessary, or inevitable, for an event of minor or no importance may stick in one memory and make no impression on another.

In like manner Niles seems to be about equally divided as to the man's looks; some say they recognize him perfectly, others that he is utterly different. The Kimmel relatives, too, disagree, a part identifying him positively, the rest, including the mother, as positively repudiating him.

The question of motive for imposture of course has a bearing on the case. The reappearance of KIMMEL means possibly the return of $5,000 insurance already collected on his life and the certainty of failing to collect $20,000 more. A cynic might say that these circumstances would account for refusal to admit that KIMMEL is KIMMEL—might even go so far as to find in them an explanation for the appearance of an impostor as one paid hundreds to save the payment of thousands. These, however, are almost incredible suspicions. Their truth is conceivable, but both mothers and insurance companies can fairly expect and demand that their innocence of such plotting be assumed until guilt has been proved.

Criminals, if Not Murderers. Though a Coroner's jury has made the charge of willful murder against GILLETTE, the Florida Shaker who took it upon himself to confer "euthanasia" by means of chloroform on a member of his community to whom life had become, in his and her opinion, a burden too heavy to bear, there is hardly a possibility that the man will ever be convicted of this crime.

That he is legally guilty of murder, on his own admissions of fact, there is not the slightest doubt; certain is it, too, that what he did is without moral justification, and that to condone his exercise of the power to kill the sick, which is in the hands of every nurse, related or unrelated, would lead straight to many mistakes more or less terrible and to many crimes more or less horrible. But in this particular case the man's intentions were presumably good, he gained no personal advantage from his act, he took life openly, and he has made no denials, but accepts full responsibility for what he did. Nobody is going to send him to the gallows.

Both he and his accomplice, however, should go to jail. They exercised private judgment in a matter beyond the domain of private judgment. The sufferings they deemed hopeless may not have seen so—were not, if the reports as to the autopsy findings are correct—and the consent of their victim, of which they make so much in their exculpation, was the product of a diagnosis even less competent than their own.

Sympathy is not deserved by them. They are criminals and should be treated as such.

THE CHARTER'S SCHOOL BOARD.

Will Not Compromise with Mayor Gaynor for a Paid Chief.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note that Mayor Gaynor has expressed his willingness to agree to a "compromise" by which the School Board should consist of fifteen members, the President of which alone is to be paid. I wish to remove any possible understanding that the Public Education Association of New York City approves of such a "compromise." This association is opposed to it upon these grounds:

There is no reason why the President of the board should be paid and the other members not paid unless it is expected that the President shall give more time and attention to the work of the board and shall assume more responsibility for it than the other members. The salary suggested is such as to demand the entire time of the President.

If it is expected that the President shall give his entire time and shall assume the greater responsibility the tendency would be for him to overshadow the other members of the board and to arrogate to himself their powers. The "compromise," so called, does not affect the principle at stake in the slightest, and would be in the nature of an entering wedge by which would be established the principle of a paid board, which our association believes would be harmful to the best interests of the schools for reasons that have been clearly and frequently set forth.

I would also call your attention to the fact that the separate corporate existence of the Board of Education has not been restored in the proposed amendments to the Charter. We believe it vital to the best interests of the school system that this restoration should take place. We also believe that the payment of a salary, even to the President alone, would tend to increase the dependence of the schools upon the local political situation.

ARTHUR W. DUNN,
Executive Secretary of Public Education Association.
New York, Sept. 21, 1911.

MORMON DECORATIONS.

One Who Helped Make Them Tells Their History.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

All the decorative work of the Mormon Temple was carried out by firms and corporations of this city. There are sculptors, modelers, painters, carvers in wood, workers in bronze grilles and trimmings, and makers of stained and mosaic glass residing in this city and vicinity who worked from six months to a year on contracts for the Mormon Temple. From a dozen studios in this city it would be possible to acquire fine drawings and photographs of all parts of the interior of the Mormon Temple—provided the permission of the chief Mormons were obtained. The maker of the baptismal font, a large bronze caldron set upon twelve bronze oxen, one and one-seventh life size, was completed here nine months before it was shipped. In all that time the makers were proffered, time and again, liberal sums by men who desired to exhibit the font or who wished to photograph it for newspaper syndicates. Of course, the requests were refused. The decorative glass work of parts of the Mormon Temple embodied new ideas by an eminent New York artist in glass. The cost was $56 per square foot. The artist desired to exhibit the completed work at an art exhibition here and in Philadelphia. Permission was requested from the Mormons and was refused.

So with other art work made for the Mormon Temple. Eight local decorative art houses entered the competition for the Mormon Temple work. Most of it was influenced by a multi-millionaire railroad operator of this city who had very large holdings in railroads and mines in Utah and who was an intimate friend of several of the Mormons who spend most of their time in the East in connection with commercial matters. The railroad operator was at that time building a mansion that cost more than $1,000,000, and was so well pleased with the work of the decorative artists engaged for him by his architects that he highly commended them to a Mormon who was educated in England, has lived much in Paris, and who has a good knowledge of art. This educated Mormon was the final authority as to the treatment of the interior of the Mormon Temple. He gave the artist the largest degree of liberty to carry out their conceptions in enduring form.

Contrary to popular report, there is nothing that is obscene in the decorations of the Mormon Temple. All the artists were right-living Catholics, Episcopalians, or Lutherans, and three are high types of local artists who are of the Hebrew faith. A part of the art metal work was made under my direction from designs by the late Charles B. Atwood, whose architectural work exists in many magnificent structures here and elsewhere. One of Mr. Atwood's designs, a Cupid bearing a cluster of electric miniature lamps, was rejected by the Mormons because it was not sufficiently draped. Ralph W. Booth of New Brunswick, N. J., succeeded in bringing about the desired draping in a model so that it met with approval for Temple use. It is my impression that the illustration shown in THE TIMES of today is of a model that was submitted to the Mormons and was not accepted. I was among the last group of men from this part of the country that wound up the final contracts on the Temple work. I am sure the group shown in THE TIMES was not in the Temple when the last body of Gentiles was bowed out of the main door.

In planning to expend a great deal of money on the Temple decorations, a group of the younger Mormons in high power held that in time the Temple would be shown as a sight to non-Mormon tourists. They believed that the ritual would be modernized and that more and more the Gentile influence would affect Mormonism until it became but a shadow of its former self. But the older Mormons held out for the strictest exclusion of everybody but Mormons from viewing the interior of the Temple, and they prevailed. The chief decorative feature of the Mormon Temple is a magnificent picture of the Child Jesus, after Giulio Romano, the only artist named by Shakespeare, (in "The Winter's Tale.")

This is the story of the placing of that subject in the Mormon Temple: A Mormon President came East to find out, in heart-to-heart conferences with eminent Republicans and Democrats, how much cold cash there was in it for throwing the Mormon influence in eight States. During that visit the Mormon Chief visited the home of the illustrious Republican who was charged with making things satisfactory for the owners of the Mormon voters. In that home was a fine reproduction of the Holy Family by Giulio Romano. The Mormon President looked at the painting long and earnestly, and then said: "My God, General, the Child Jesus is a striking likeness of an ambrotype of Joseph Smith that was made when he was 6 months old, and that is in our possession in Utah! Put any price you like on that picture, and I will pay it."

The illustrious Republican thereupon presented the painting to the Mormon President, who went home with the story that by means of that painting he was able to show that the infant Jesus was as like the infant Joseph Smith as two peas in a pod. The old man seemed to suppose that the Roman artist had been in Palestine in the childhood of Jesus and had painted the picture on the spot. That gave rise to the present-day Mormon belief that Joseph Smith was an incarnation of Jesus. The face of the Jew Jesus and of the face of some Italian peasants' child portrayed by an artist many centuries after the Crucifixion must have been widely different, but that thought probably never entered the heads of the inferior Mormons who have been led through the Temple during the ritual that is, in considerable part, copied from that of the rite of Freemasonry that is most active in Continental Europe.

G. WILFRED PEARCE.
New York, Sept. 21, 1911.

PERSONAL JOURNALISM.

Predicts That It Will Reappear and Be More Potent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a sincere pleasure to congratulate THE TIMES upon its sixtieth anniversary. It has done much able and distinguished service in the field of metropolitan journalism and over the country generally, and has been a great conservative force in our modern local development. However, its editors must certainly deplore the evanishment of that strongly individual journalism which, if it had been developed along rational lines, would have placed American journalism far in advance of the world's present civilization, and made it a true exponent of our unique political institutions.

The ceaseless march of modern progress will rehabilitate and vastly improve our imperishable free institutions, and reincarnate a wholesome and powerful individualism in our journalism that will utterly eclipse its former integral status and power, and at the same time prove itself to be in perfect accord with its true business interests. The editorial room and the counting room have distinct "divisions of labor," and when this is once properly made known we may anticipate the "diamond age" in American journalism. The contemptuous modern phrase, "only newspaper talk," will be entirely submerged by a coming and a mightier personnel of a rehabilitated individual journalism. The exigencies of our complex civilization demand it, and can only be satisfied by its reappearance in a much more potential form. A lesser one has guided the infant Republic in more parlous times, and the ship of state will avoid the rocks of revolution and anarchy by its aid.

ALBERT SAMUEL VOGAN.
New York, Sept. 20, 1911.

MANY COMMEND THE TIMES.

Times Readers Write of Its Achievements in Sixty Years.

Many additional letters and telegrams of congratulation reached THE TIMES yesterday, elicited by the observance on Monday last of its sixtieth anniversary.

Mrs. C. Briggs, who was born the same year THE TIMES was, writes:

> Your clean paper, with its educational side, I consider fine in all columns. When out of town I always read it, for it tends to keep one like myself 60 years young.
>
> (Mrs.) C. BRIGGS, Brooklyn, Sept. 20.

Rear Admiral R. E. Peary telegraphs to the publisher from South Harpswell, Me.:

> Congratulations to THE TIMES on its sixtieth anniversary and on the wonderful success you are making of the paper.
>
> PEARY, Sept. 21.

E. W. Bloomingdale of 100 Broadway writes:

> How much greater than any individual is the potency and permanency of the press. The great men who founded THE TIMES have passed away, as those now in control of it must; but under wise guidance the inspiration, for which THE NEW YORK TIMES is but the name, lives on impersonally and accomplishes its great destiny.
>
> I wish for your enterprise a continuance of success, journalistic and material.
>
> Very sincerely yours,
>
> E. W. BLOOMINGDALE.

This word comes from an old subscriber:

> Every day I derive much pleasure, besides valuable information, from THE TIMES, only wishing sometimes to find in it a little more sympathy for my native country. With my ardent wishes for the continued prosperity of THE NEW YORK TIMES, I am, yours,
>
> G. RAMSPERGER, New York, Sept. 18.

This note comes from a reader:

> Permit, please, on this the sixtieth anniversary of your paper, one who has been a benefited reader for one-third of that period to wish you every success and for a continuance of your usefulness.
>
> A READER, New York, Sept. 18.

A friend of long standing writes:

> Congratulations! I had the pleasure of reading one of the first issues of THE TIMES. I am now in my eighty-sixth year, and still enjoy reading it.
>
> (Mrs.) MARY F. PEVERELLY,
> Brooklyn, Sept. 20.

Another reader says:

> Carnegie tells us that THE TIMES is the "best cent's worth in the world." He might have gone further and said it was the best family paper in the world. I have been reading it for twenty years, and hope to continue reading it. The supplement of to-day's issue will be handed down by many a father to his children, as in my case. With best wishes for further achievements by THE TIMES, I beg to remain one of the many admirers of your ably edited journal. CHARLES BEATTY,
> New York, Sept. 18.

An early friend writes:

> I regret to have had to delay this congratulatory epistle until this late day. Since I am one of THE TIMES'S oldest subscribers, it seems fitting that I should have been among the first to offer my congratulations. I am pleased with its editorial utterances, pleased also with its fair, open, upright treatment of public questions and measures, and of political opponents. Its independence in politics met with my approbation, as also did its opinions on political policies in general. THE TIMES is, therefore, my paper, and has been my paper for more than forty years. I heartily congratulate its managers upon its noteworthy success.
>
> DAVIS ALLYN GORTON.
> Brooklyn, Sept. 19.

This letter comes from H. Bayer, former Special Commissioner delegated to the United States by the International Exposition at Bordeaux:

> THE NEW YORK TIMES is a model of modern journalism. I have read it for some years. I owe it much, not only in matters of information, but also from the point of view of the English language, which I have in large part learned through the daily reading and digesting of its attractive and interesting pages.
>
> With my best wishes for the continuation of a success already so well and so legitimately established, I present to you the expression of my best sentiments, and remain, Yours truly,
>
> H. BAYER, New York, Sept. 18.

This word from Quaker Hill, N. Y.:

> Better late than never, and if I have been slow in joining the chorus of praise for THE TIMES for its sixty years of usefulness and its honorable career, I can at least be hearty in commendation. Its always wise and patriotic course has been due to the character and ability of its editors from Henry J. Raymond and George Jones down through ensuing years to Adolph S. Ochs and the able editor of to-day.
>
> As I am only 75 years young, I hope to be able to congratulate THE TIMES after fifteen more years on the attainment of its three-quarters of a century.
>
> THOMAS B. CONNERY.
> Quaker Hill, N. Y., Sept. 19.

COMPLIMENTS FROM THE PRESS

The Times Appreciated by Its Neighbors in the Field.

From The Hartford Courant.

Congratulations to one of the best and cleanest journals ever published. THE TIMES has developed wonderfully under the management of Mr. Ochs, and has taken and fills a world place among newspapers. Its appearance is most attractive, and it justifies the anticipation of those who think it "looks interesting," when they open its pages.

From The Troy Press.

THE TIMES is a great and good newspaper, bright, enterprising, and cleanly, and the thing that surprises us is how it can give its readers so much of news and miscellaneous values for so little money.

From The Springfield Republican.

Never at any time during its career has THE NEW YORK TIMES displayed greater vigor and prosperity than on its sixtieth anniversary. It is an institution not only of the great city, but as well of the country.

From The Scranton Truth.

THE TIMES is a fine example of a sane, enterprising newspaper. It has always stood high in public estimation, but was never more brilliant or deserving than it is under the wise and able direction of its present proprietor, Mr. Adolph S. Ochs.

From Zion's Herald.

We congratulate this paper (THE TIMES) upon its remarkable history and its confessed excellence. Alert, comprehensive, clean, especially able in its editorial pronouncements, it is indispensable to those who would keep in daily touch with current life, thought, and judgments.

From The Hudson Register.

THE TIMES! An apt name! May the youngster of sixty continue a faithful chronicler of the times.

PARSONS CRITICISES PLOWING PARK LAWNS

Stover's Method Is Entirely Inadequate, Says the City's Former Landscape Architect.

WILL WAIT LONG FOR RESULTS

Spading Should Be at Least Two Feet Deep and More Fertilizer Used, He Asserts—Cites Boston's Way.

Failure of the method employed by Park Commissioner Stover of plowing up the lawns of Central Park to restore them was prophesied yesterday by Samuel Parsons, the former landscape architect of the Park, who was removed by Mr. Stover last Summer after a difference over the use of top soil and humus in restoring the Park grounds.

Mr. Parsons said that while the Commissioner's method was correct in so far as plowing up the soil and fertilizing it is concerned, it was false economy to limit the amount of fertilizing material to about one-tenth of what should be used to plow only six inches deep instead of two or three feet, and to do away altogether with the use of much needed top soil. It must necessarily result, he said, in a poor soil and sparse grass that might take years to return to even its present state. Moreover, Mr. Parsons declared, only one lawn should have been torn up at a time instead of laying waste and making useless for a long period lawns in many parts of the Park.

"My objection is that the work is not being done well enough," said Mr. Parsons. "The lawns are being plowed up to a depth of only six inches, whereas real restoration of the soil, such as is being carried on at present in Boston Common, would require a spading of about two or three feet in depth. The soil there was in precisely the same worn condition as in Central Park, but Boston has adopted a throughgoing and effective method of restoration.

"Let me say right here," added Mr. Parsons, "in answer to Mr. Stover's assertion that Boston was 'bamboozled into buying expensive humus,' that not a single pound of humus has been used in the restoration of Boston Common. The greater expense of the work there is due merely to the fact that it is being carried on properly and for real results.

"So far, in that work, they have improved 6.329 acres at an average cost of $7,550 an acre. Mr. Stover, according to the figures in the report of his expert, Mr. Maynadier, intends to spend from $250 to $400 an acre. He hopes to restore all the 525 acres of the Park in three years, at an expense of $50,000 a year. He might as well talk of restoring it at 5 cents an acre. You couldn't restore an old farm at such a figure.

"In Boston they strip the topsoil and subsoil and remove sticks, stones, roots, and rubbish from the excavation, which ranges from 2 to 3 feet. Then topsoil at $1.90 a cubic yard is put on, and manure at $6 a cord. Thereafter ground bone is put on at $40 a ton, and lime at $15 a ton. The entire area is then spaded up at a cost of $10 a square yard, and $30 a cubic yard is counted on for the extra work of spading, harrowing, seeding, and the like. It is expensive, but in view of the great value of the property, the city feels that it can afford large expense to have it put in proper condition. If Central Park were to be treated in the same thorough fashion, for about 400 acres, this would mean an expense of $3,020,000.

"Never in the history of Central Park, or any other park, has a piece of land been improved or renovated without the use of ten inches to a foot of topsoil, yet Commissioner Stover announces that he is not going to use any at all. Moreover, he is going to use just one-tenth as much manure as he should. It is simply a policy of false economy, and must be barren of good results. It is absolutely necessary, for example, to cover the roots of trees and to raise the ground with topsoil in the many rolling and hilly regions of the Park where the soil has been washed away and roots protrude and where the trees are dying. There is much rolling land of that sort in the North Meadow, which is being plowed up.

"As a matter of fact, it seems to me to be much more important just now to cultivate the sadly neglected trees by putting topsoil over the roots rather than to take the lawns away from the people. The Commissioner's method, moreover, will keep the lawns bare far longer than would the more thorough method used in Boston. Mr. Maynadier in his report says that under the arrangements whereby the Park authorities obtain the manure in a stable of about 500 horses, a sufficient supply of manure is available without the necessity of purchasing it, the entire expense being limited to the cost of hauling. Such a niggardly application of manure, in trenches as shallow as six inches, cannot much enrich the impoverished soil.

"Instead of resorting as a halfway measure to the planting of Winter rye for further fertilization the city could well afford to put into the soil sufficient manure in the first place, the ground then would be ready for the sowing of grass seed in Spring. As it is, such grass seed as is put in in Spring will crop up only sparsely during the Summer. The first year's crop, even under proper conditions, is always weak. At the very best the present method will take two years or more to bring results desired. The more thorough method would raise a good crop of grass in a year or a year and a half."

Mr. Maynadier, the employe of the Department of Agriculture upon whose report Commissioner Stover bases his policy of plowing up the Park lawns, was a witness at the investigation that preceded the removal of Mr. Parsons. At that time he admitted that Chief Whitney of the Bureau of Soils had said that in opposing the use of topsoil in Central Park he had placed the Bureau of Soils in a very embarrassing position, inasmuch as the bureau had gone on record as advocating resoiling the Park.

In his report to Commissioner Stover Mr. Maynadier said the use of organic mold or humus is unnecessary. The renovation of the lawns in Central Park, he says, should include an extension or overhauling of the present subdrainage system, as well as the construction of new lines. The lawns, if infested with weeds, should be plowed and turned well under, after which he advised the application of from 750 to 1,000 pounds of lime to the acre, harrowed in for better distribution.

After the land has been allowed to stand for several days he advised the application of 1,000 to 2,000 pounds of finely ground limestone to the acre, and harrowed thoroughly. Manure should be used liberally at this time. If the plowing is deferred until late Summer Mr. Maynadier advised the use of limestone, manure, and phosphate rock instead of lime, and the sowing of Winter rye, which should be allowed to grow over Winter. In the Spring this, he held, should be plowed under with lime, and ten days later fertilizer applied and grass seed sown. In the wooded areas he recommended spading instead of plowing to avoid injury to the tree roots.

JAPANESE BELLS.

Tinkle, tinkle, tinkle
In the breeze all day,
Bits of thinnest crystal,
Colored bright and gay,
Hanging in the doorway,
Every tinkle tells
Some enchanting legend,
Fairy bells.

Onco they pleased the fancy
Of Usadi San
In a blossom-shaded
Garden in Japan.
Western trade and traffic
Now around them swells,
Still they sweetly jingle,
Alien bells,

Twinkle, twinkle, twinkle,
Scintillate and swing,
Shake and sway, and sparkle,
Tintillate and ring,
Out of splintered rainbows
Weaving magic spells,
Listen to their music,
Memory bells.

MINNA IRVING.

WEDDED IN TENT AT COUNTRY HOME

Miss Emily De Loosey Potter Married to Charles H. Jackson at Clearview, Westchester.

A PICTURESQUE CEREMONY

Altar at One End of Tent and White Roses About—Bride the Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Potter.

The wedding of Miss Emily de Loosey Potter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clarkson Potter, to Charles H. Jackson, took place yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at Clearview, the country home of the bride's parents at Westchester, N. Y.

The wedding ceremony was performed under an immense tent which had been erected on the lawn near the house, and which was made into a chapel, with seats arranged to accommodate a large gathering. At one end of the tent stood the altar, and there was a profusion of white roses about.

Mgr. Edward McKenna of St. Raymond's Church, Westchester, officiated, with several assistants. The wedding ceremony, performed in such a setting, was picturesque.

The bride wore a cloth of silver gown with a court train and a veil of old family lace. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and gardenias. Her father gave her in marriage.

Mrs. W. Gordan Coogan acted as matron of honor for her sister, being gowned in gray and silver. Miss Marie Potter was her sister's maid of honor, and wore a pink gown with a silver lace hat, and carried a muff of silver lace.

The bridesmaids, who were gowned similar to the maid of honor, included the Misses Jessie Hazard, Dorothy Hayden, Florence Burton, and Natalie Duncan.

Horace Havemeyer acted as best man. The ushers were Edward C. Potter, Jr., Perry D. Bogue, John B. Cornell, Henry C. Havemeyer, Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen, Seth L. Pierrepont, Roger H. Bullard, Thomas W. Potter, Robert McClosky Butt, and H. D. Coddington.

There were about 400 present at the wedding, including many members of the Westchester County Country Club contingent. A second large tent had been erected for the wedding collation, and there was music. The afternoon was an ideal one for out-of-door nuptials.

Later Mr. and Mrs. Jackson left on their bridal trip. They will reside in the new home which Mr. Jackson has recently completed on the grounds of the country club on their return. Mr. Jackson is the son of Mrs. Frederick W. Jackson, a sister of the late Theodore Havemeyer. The couple are distantly related.

CHRISTENED PETER G. GOELET.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet's Son Named at Ceremony at Stone Acre.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 21.—At Stone Acre, the Summer home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, their infant son, born here last July, was christened this afternoon Peter Gerry Goelet by the Rev. Ernest M. Stires, Rector of St. Thomas's Church, New York City, in the presence of the child's parents and relatives, including Mrs. Henry Whelen and William B. Whelen of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle and Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt. Mrs. John Knowland of Philadelphia was godmother and William B. Whelen of the same city was godfather.

The child received beautiful gifts from Mrs. Ogden Goelet and Mrs. Robert Goelet, both in Europe.

Robert W. Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Miss Anna Sands, Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Mrs. Ernest M. Stires, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mrs. James P. Kernochan, Mrs. William B. Bristow, J. D. R. Baldwin, Richard Peters, Mrs. Watts Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Commodore and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mrs. Herbert N. Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor, Mrs. Richard Gambrill, Egerton L. Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. George B. De Forest, James J. Van Alen, and Miss May Van Alen were present. White flowers were used in decorating the drawing room, where the ceremony occurred. Tea was served after the ceremony.

ADMIRAL CHING A CLIMBER.

Goes to the Top of a New Skyscraper, the Last Nine Stories on Ladders.

Admiral Ching, with his secretary, Mr. Chang; Capt. Ching, Lieut. Llu, and Commander Cooper, U. S. N., inspected yesterday the new forty-story building of the Bankers' Trust Company, which is approaching completion at Wall and Nassau Streets. The Chinese Admiral, who was desirous of seeing just how a New York skyscraper is constructed, went from the boiler room, four stories below ground, to the top floor. He had to climb stairs and ladders for the last eleven floors, the elevator running only to the twenty-ninth.

The building runs up for thirty-one stories, and the next nine constitute a pyramidal tower without windows, which will be utilized for the storage of valuable documents and records. The fortieth story, of small dimensions, is open to the air.

The trip up the stairs and ladders was a dark one, being illuminated by electric lights at alternate floors only. The Admiral showed no reluctance, however, in attacking the ladders and emerged at the top, where he had a fine view of the harbor. He said he was delighted.

The Admiral's party was conducted by Breck Trowbridge and Goodhue Livingston, architects of the building; Robert Eidlitz, one of the builders, and W. E. S. Strong and H. W. Donovan of the Bankers' Trust Company.

Chinese Admiral at "The Kiss Waltz."

Admiral Ching of the Chinese Navy, accompanied by Commander Cooper of the United States Navy and Chaplain and Mrs. Fleming, attended a performance of "The Kiss Waltz" at the Casino Theatre last night. Between the acts the Chinese Admiral was taken behind the scenes and introduced to the leading players.

Paintings by H. Phelan Gibb.

An exhibition of modern impressionistic paintings by H. Phelan Gibb has been opened at the Cosmopolitan Club, 142 East Thirty-third Street. The collection includes a number of new works from the painter's studio in Paris, and several examples sold by him to private collectors here durinig a visit to New York last Spring. The paintings will be on exhibition several days.

Son to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. Boas.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. Boas announce the birth of a son, Allan Chase Boas. Mrs. Boas, who was Miss Marguerite Chase, has been spending the Summer at the country place of her parents, Byde-a-While, at Farmington, Conn. Mr. Boas is the son of Emil L. Boas, President, Director, and General Manager of the Hamburg-American Line.

LAWRENCE—KELLY.

H. E. Lawrence, one of the best-known residents of the Ninth Ward, and Miss Elizabeth Agnes Kelly of Brooklyn were married yesterday afternoon at the bride's home in Tenth Street by the Rev. Edward A. Duffy. The bride was attended by Miss Anna F. Thornton, and the bridegroom by Frank L. Sherman. Ninth Warders will regret to learn that upon the return of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence from their wedding journey they are to live in the Bronx.

WEISS—BALLERSTEIN.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Irma R. Ballerstein, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Ballerstein of Hartford, Conn., to Nathan Weiss of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm, whose daughter, Miss Dorothy Chisolm, is to be one of the season's débutantes, will give a dance at Sherry's on Jan. 26.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene H. Outerbridge will give a tea at their house, 58 East Sixty-eighth Street, for their débutante daughter, Miss Ethel Outerbridge, early in December.

Mrs. John H. Jacquelin has returned to town from Montclair, N. J., where she has spent the Summer, and is at her residence, 37 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. E. R. Thomas has taken an apartment at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. Robert Shaw Oliver, wife of the Acting Secretary of War, Gen. Oliver, is the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Choate, Jr., at Mount Kisco.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Ridgely Carter and Mrs. David Pierce Morgan are in town for a few days and are staying at the Belmont.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., of Newport are at the Plaza.

Among those sailing for Europe yesterday were Mrs. Whitney Warren, Sir Edward and Lady Boyle, and Sir John Pringle.

Mme. Lillian Nordica, who has a Summer home in Westchester County, will give a musical to-night at Briarcliff Manor.

Miss Emeline Holmes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jabish Holmes of this city, and Gustave F. Touchard, Jr., will be married on Oct. 11 in South Church, Park Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street. A small reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents, 116 East Fifty-eighth Street. Miss Holmes was a bridesmaid at the wedding of Miss Vivien Gould to Lord Decies.

PASTORS SCORE GABY DESLYS

One Says Notoriety Gained with King Ought to Bar Her Appearance.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 21.—Gaby Deslys, who opens her New York engagement at the Winter Garden soon, was severely scored by the leading ministers, educators, and clubwomen of Cincinnati, who issued statements to-day openly opposing her appearance on the American stage.

Miss Edna Mannheimer, President of the Cincinnati School of Expression and one of the most popular women in Cincinati, said:

"It is a detriment to the theatrical profession to exploit any so-called artists of her class. If the public wants to go and see her, all right, but such curiosity does not augur for the future of the stage in America."

The Rev. Robert Zaring, associate editor of The Western Christian Advocate, said: "The same sentiment ought to be expressed in the case of Gaby Deslys as was expressed in the case of the Binford woman. The notoriety gained with the King of Portugal ought to keep her out. The public should certainly turn against her. We are drifting too rapidly toward sensationalism."

The Rev. J. O. White, Superintendent of the Children's Home at Union Bethel, said:

"In our settlement work we come across many stagestruck girls. Some of them have good voices, too—voices that deserve training and cultivation; but the best they can get is an engagement in a five-cent theatre, singing for $6 a week. Their voices wear out and their career is ended.

"Now comes along this Gaby Deslys, whose worldwide notoriety has brought her into the limelight. She commands a dazzling salary. She probably has no more talent than a lot of these girls who are wearing out their voices in the nickel theatres. To some of the girls we know fortune seems a very fickle thing. A sudden success of this sort, although undeserved, tends to make inexperienced girls think that they, too, only have to step in and win fame."

ACCUSES PENROSE.

Witness Says Senator Paid Him $200 to Testify Against Vare.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—Senator Edwin H. Vare, whose contracts are being investigated by the Catlin Commission on charges preferred by the Taxpayers' Committee, to-day took the stand in his own defense. He unequivocally repudiated the attack upon the execution of the League Island Park contract, and disclaimed political favoritism in obtaining municipal work.

Senator Penrose's name was mentioned in an affidavit which charged that one of the witnesses before the commission had told a friend he had received $200 from the Senator for testifying. This, the witness, George W. Myers, a former employe of a sub-contractor on the work, denied on the stand.

Immediately after the hearing Senator Vare gave to the newspapers the alleged affidavit signed by Harry Lautenback, who is in charge of the city parks and squares. In it Lautenback says that on Sept 7, he was approached by George W. Myers, with whom he went into a saloon, when Myers said he would take Lautenback to Senator Penrose, who would pass him $200 if Lautenback would go before the Catlin Committee and testify against Vare. Lautenback declares he got the $200 to do so, but that he did not go to see the Senator.

"POISON," SAID THE WOMAN.

Muddy Water, the Police Found, So She Was Sent to a Hospital.

Mrs. Anna Clyle of 39 Hampton Place, Brooklyn, walked into the Adams Street Station yesterday and placed a glass of muddy water on the desk in front of Lieut. Eason.

"See that? It's poison. Some one is trying to take my life."

Capt. Holohan decided to send for an ambulance surgeon instead of placing any credence in the woman's story, as her talk seemed to be irrational. Ambulance Surgeon Scott of the Brooklyn Hospital, after examining her, said she was probably suffering from dementia in some form. She was removed to the observation ward of the Kings County Hospital. The police learned that she lived at the Hampton Street address with her two children. They were taken care of last night by her father, John Shadey of 900 St. Mark's Avenue. He said his daughter had been suffering from a nervous affection for some time. It was also said that she and her husband have been separated for nearly three years. He is a foreign exchange broker, with offices in Manhattan.

FIRE CHIEF DEVLIN DYING.

Hospital Physicians Feared He Would Not Outlive the Night.

Battalion Chief William Devlin, who fell thirty feet from the roof of a three-story building at a fire at 506 Broome Street, on Wednesday night, hovered between life and death late last night in St. Vincent's Hopital. Doctors examined him soon after he had been carried from the narrow areaway into which he fell, and gave no hope for his recovery. His spine is badly injured, and his kidneys ruptured, and there are other internal injuries.

At the hospital last night were Chief Devlin's brothers, Peter, James, Eugene, and John; a sister and a sister-in-law, to be within call should he become worse, as was feared. The physicians thought he could not outlive the night.

Devlin was made a chief on Aug. 1 last, and when he fell he was leading his men at a danger point.

Auto Hits Policeman's Son.

Lawrence Terez, the four-year-old son of a policeman, living at 17 Winant Avenue, Graniteville, S. I., was playing in Richmond Avenue yesterday when a motor car, owned and driven by Otto Heyn of 367 St. Paul's Avenue, came along. The little boy became confused and ran into the path of the car, which knocked him down. Dr. Driscoll of St. Vincent's Hospital, who was summoned by Dr. Heyn, found that the boy was in a critical condition, having suffered a fractured nose, scalp wounds, and a possible fracture of the skull.

GARRICK THEATRE FOR SECOND COMPANIES

Manager Charles Frohman Will Experiment at This Theatre with Successful Plays.

TO TRY "PASSERS-BY" FIRST

Company Will Be Sent to Chicago If Run in New York Is Cut Short—Rehearsals Have Begun.

Charles Frohman set at rest yesterday the many rumors afloat concerning the plans of the Garrick Theatre by announcing that he intended using it for himself. During the last month or so there have been reports that Henry Miller was to use the house as a repertoire theatre, and that Charles Dillingham was to have it for a new production. Mr. Frohman, however, has decided that he will keep the Garrick as a theatre for "overflow" productions.

His plan is to present there second organizations in plays that have succeeded in his other New York theatres; that is, when one of his productions meets with decided public approval, he intends to reproduce that play at the Garrick with a company as nearly equal in strength as the original production. This, he thinks, will help to obviate the objections that out-of-town managers and theatregoers have to "second companies." Under his new plan neither company will be regarded as secondary, but the one that first shows signs of diminishing popularity will be sent on tour.

The experiment will begin with Haddon Chambers's play, "Passers-By." A second production of that piece will be made at once, and a new company organized, to be rehearsed under the author's direction. The cast is already being selected. Even if this second company does not have an extended run at the Garrick, it will be kept intact for the Western tour that is to begin at the Blackstone Theatre, Chicago. The company now at the Criterion Theatre will remain the Eastern Company and will go from here to the Park Theatre, Boston.

PASTOR SEEKS MISSION FIELD

Rev. A. C. Stevens Leaves Wealthy Church for Black Hills Work.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 21.—The Rev. Alexander C. Stevens of the First Methodist Church has resigned as pastor of one of the wealthiest congregations in the city to carry the Gospel to the mission fields of South Dakota.

Bishop Robert McIntyre has appointed Dr. Stevens General Superintendent of Missions in the Black Hills Conference of South Dakota, where he will have charge of thirty-two missions. The Black Hills work is considered the most important of the domestic mission fields in the Methodist Conference.

Last January Mr. Stevens began to feel that his duty called him into fields where the work was more strenuous. He had built up his church from small beginnings until it now has a property worth $100,000 and a membership of more than 500. He said that duty called him to work in some community not quite so prosperous. At the time he was persuaded to remain.

His salary in the new field will be one-half the $3,600 that he now receives from the First Methodist Church, and he will have hard work before him, where energy will count in the building up of new churches.

NEW STEAMSHIP LINE HEAD.

Vice President Achelis Becomes President of North German Lloyd Company.

Announcement was made yesterday by the North-German Lloyd Line that Vice President Achelis has been appointed President of the company. He succeeded Mr. Plate, whose resignation was announced some weeks ago. Mr. Plate met with an automobile accident in which he lost one of his eyes. Consul Nolse succeeds Mr. Achelis as Vice President.

The report of the Board of Managing Directors cabled to the New York office shows that the company has enjoyed prosperity during the first half of this year. After deducting all expenses and interest charges the report shows a gain of more than $250,000 over the same months of 1910. The figures for the year are $2,550,000 as against $2,300,000 for 1910.

The report shows that while passenger traffic to North America has decreased freights have increased.

NEW ANCHOR LINER IN.

The Cameronia Arrives Here on Her Maiden Trip from Glasgow.

The Cameronia, the new Anchor liner, completed her maiden trip to New York yesterday. She is the last of four modern passenger carriers which the Anchor line has built to maintain the weekly service between New York and Glasgow. She made an average speed of 16 knots for the voyage.

The Cameronia was built by D. & W. Henderson & Co. at their shipyard on the Clyde. She was launched on May 27, and named by Lady Hermonie Cameron of Lochiel. She is fitted with all modern improvements for the safety and convenience of her passengers. She is of 10,500 tons, with accommodations for 300 first, 400 second and 800 steerage passengers. She has six decks.

The first cabin accommodations are amidships, the suites being well located on the bridge deck. The main saloon, artistically decorated, is on the upper deck, and the library on the bridge deck. The smoking room, a spacious room, is situated on the promenade deck.

She will sail from here on Saturday.

"The Blue Bird" to Begin Tour Soon.

In order that the stage of the Century Theatre may be used for all of the rehearsals of "The Garden of Allah," it has been decided by Liebler & Co. to send "The Blue Bird" on tour at the end of next week. All of the scenery and effects for the Hichins play are now ready. Mr. Hichins is expected in New York on the Philadelphia this week, and Lewis Waller, who is to have the leading male role in the piece, will be here in a few days. Arthur Lewis, who is to have an important role in the play, arrived yesterday on the Cameronia of the Anchor line. "The Blue Bird's" first resting place will be the Belasco Theatre, Washington.

Stepbrothers' First Meeting in Court.

Surrogate Fowler appointed yesterday John and William McGuire to administer the estate of their father John, a truckman, who died several months ago. At the same time Justice Bijur appointed William McGuire a committee of the person and property of his mother, Katherine, who is now confined in the Manhattan State Hospital. The McGuires, who are stepbrothers, never had met until they appeared in court to ask for the probate of their father's will.

Appeal for a Poor Family.

A young widow, who lost her husband four months ago, has four children under 9 years old. She finishes trousers, earning 36 cents a day, and a young brother, who is earning $7 a week, lives with her and contributes all his earnings toward the support of the family. Her husband was ill for six months and relatives paid the funeral expenses, as there was no insurance. The Brooklyn Bureau of Charities has been paying her rent for three months. The bureau now asks for $150 to pay the rent for a year, contributions to be sent to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, marked No. 6144.

Aid for the Deacon Family.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $1 from "H. H." for the Deacon family.

TO-NIGHT IS ROSH HA-SHANAH

Year 5672 in the Hebraic Calendar Begins at Sunset.

At sunset this evening the Jewish people throughout the world will begin the celebration of the solemn festival of Rosh ha-Shanah, or the New Year. This festival marks the beginning of the year 5672 in the Hebraic calendar. According to rabbinical tradition, this calendar dates from the creation of the world.

The celebration of the New Year has its origin in an injunction to the people of Israel twice repeated in the Bible. The first in Leviticus, Chapter XXIII., and again in Numbers, Chapter XXIX.

The first day of the seventh month of the Jewish calendar, which is known as Tishri, occurs to-morrow this year, but as the celebration of all Jewish festivals and fasts begins at sunset on the previous evening the New Year's celebration begins this evening and continues until sunset to-morrow. The festival is generally observed by both the orthodox and the reformed elements of the Jewish people.

The chief difference in the observance of the festival is that the orthodox continue the celebration for two days, while the reform ritual calls for the observance of one day only as a holy day. The pious Jew abstains from all manner of business or work during the continuance of the festival, and spends most of his time in attendance upon the morning, afternoon, and evening services in the synagogue.

The services in both synagogue and temple are solemn and impressive and attract large assemblages of worshippers. In addition to the regular places of worship in the city many temporary shrines have been established in various localities, chiefly on the congested east side, in Harlem, and the Bronx for the accommodation of thousands of Jews who do not belong to any established congregation, but who are desirous of attending divine service during the holy days. Public halls, lodge rooms, and meeting rooms of various kinds are utilized for the purpose.

This festival is also designated as "Yom-ha-Zekoron," or the Day of Memorial, which has its origin in the old belief that on this day all the sins committed during the preceding year are remembered for judgment by the Almighty, and also "Yom Teruho," or Day of Sounding the "Shofar," which refers to the sounding of the "Shofar" or ram's horn during the New Year's services as a note of warning to prepare for the great Day of Atonement which follows the New Year's celebration.

PLAYWRIGHT WALTER SUED.

Play Brokers Say He Owes Them $813 in Back Commissions.

Selwyn & Co., play brokers, have brought suit for $813 against Eugene Walter, author of "The Easiest Way," alleging that this sum is due them in back commissions.

The brokers charge that Walter gave them this play to place on terms of 10 per cent. of all royalties, and they say that after David Belasco had produced it he lived up to his agreement until Aug. 1, 1910, when he instructed Mr. Belasco to stop paying the royalties to them.

They say that from Aug. 1, 1910, to May 20 last, the royalties on the play were $11,080, and that their commission, therefore, is $1,108. The play brokers admit that $295 of this has been paid, but say they have received no part of the difference.

Mme. Nazimova in "The Other Mary."

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 21.—Mme. Nazimova opened her first season as a Charles Frohman star at the Majestic Theatre here to-night in the rôle of Auriol Bettany, the young wife who is the central figure in "The Other Mary," a new play of American life by Algernon Boyeson. The play is of the most serious kind. The idea the author seeks to promulgate is that Mary Magdalene has her function to perform in the scheme of life as well as Mary mother, and it is demonstrated in a series of scenes of dramatic force. The character of the wife, who having been basely deceived by her husband forgives him and tries to lift him out of the slough into which he has fallen, is a psychological study. The cast includes Brandon Tynan, Malcolm Williams, Henry Stephenson, Lucia Moore, and Grace Reals.

"The Earth" at the Playhouse Oct. 30.

William A. Brady has decided to open the regular season of The Playhouse on Monday, Oct. 30, with "The Earth," by James Bernard Fagan, to be followed by Shakespeare's "Much Ado About Nothing," which was revived by Grace George and her company in Detroit last night. These two productions will start the subscription series of ten plays that are to be presented during the New York season of Miss George. Allan Aynsworth, the English actor, who was obliged to return to London to undergo a surgical operation, will be back in America within a few days, and will join the company before it reaches New York. He will play the principal male rôle in "The Earth," and will be seen as Benedick in "Much Ado About Nothing."

Tour of "Don" to Begin on Oct. 5.

Rehearsals of "Don," in which Winthrop Ames will present William Courtenay and company, are now in progress, and the tour will begin at Columbus, Ohio, on Oct. 5. "Don" was one of the principal offerings in The New Theatre repertoire last season, and will be seen on the road for the first time, except in the few cities where it was presented by The New Theatre company during its brief tour last season. In the company supporting Mr. Courtenay will be Harriet Otis Dellenbaugh, Alfred Fisher, Zeffie Tilbury, Blanche Yurka, John Clulow, Selma Hall, Jessie Glendenning, and Reginald Barlow.

Mme. Nordica Back for Concert Tour.

Mme. Nordica returned to New York yesterday, and last night opened her town house, 6 East Ninth Street, with a dinner in honor of her manager, Frederick Shipman; her accompanist, E. Romaine Simmons, and the bass, Myron Whitney. To-day Mme. Nordica will give a concert at Briarcliff. Saturday and Sunday she will spend at Deal, N. J., and next week she leaves for Chicago to begin her first tour of the season, covering the Northwest and part of Canada. This tour begins in Keokuk, Iowa, on Sept. 28.

New Comedy, "Next," for Daly's.

Announcement was made by the Shuberts last night that Rida Johnson Young's new comedy, "Next," with Helen Lowell and Harry Conor at the head of the company, will come to Daly's Theatre Thursday of next week, replacing "When Sweet Sixteen," which ends its run to-morrow night. The engagement of Mr. Conor for this piece marks his return to the legitimate stage after several seasons in musical comedy productions. Miss Lowell will be remembered as the Lizzie in "The Lottery Man." The character she is to play in "Next" is that of a female barber.

Mlle. Deslys to Auction Garden Box.

Al Jolson, one of the principal performers in the old Winter Garden company that is now appearing in Brooklyn, has been selected to act as master of ceremonies at the auction sale of tickets for the opening performance of the next Winter Garden entertainment, to be held at the Casino Theatre this afternoon. He will introduce Mlle. Gaby Deslys, who is to auction off the first box.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

About 200 clergymen have accepted an invitation to see Edmund Breese in "A Man of Honor" at Weber's Theatre next Wednesday afternoon. The author of the play, Isaac Landman, is himself a clergyman.

Henry B. Harris has purchased from Marion Fairfax (Mrs. Tully Marshall) the rights to her new play, "The Talker," which was tried in stock in Cleveland a few weeks ago. A production of the play will be made soon with Tully Marshall in the leading male role.

Eddie Foy and his company that are to present the musical comedy, "Over the River," under the management of Charles Dillingham and F. Ziegfeld, Jr., will leave for Chicago to-morrow morning to begin an engagement there next week.

A special matinee of "The Siren" will be given at the Knickerbocker Theatre on Columbus Day, Oct. 12. This will be the first time the new holiday has been honored with a special matinee at any of the Frohman theatres, and the management is trying this as an experiment.

To commemorate the two hundred and seventy-fifth performance of "The Pink Lady" at the New Amsterdam Theatre on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 7, "Pink Lady" handbags will be given as souvenirs to the women in the audience.

ARABI PASHA DEAD; LED AN INSURRECTION

Convicted of Rebellion in Egypt, Sentenced to Death, but Was Pardoned.

SENT TO PERPETUAL EXILE

Lived in Ceylon on Half of a Pension from the English Government—Balance Sent to His Wives and Children.

CAIRO, Sept. 21.—Ahmed Arabi Pasha, the leader of the military insurrection in Egypt in 1882, died to-day. He was convicted of rebellion, pleading guilty, and condemned to death, but the sentence was commuted by the Khédive to perpetual exile from Egypt. With other leaders in the rebellion, he was sent to Ceylon in 1883. Later he was pardoned.

Arabi Pasha was born of a fellah family in a small village of Lower Egypt. He enlisted in the army in the reign of Said Pasha, who first began to replace foreign officers by native Egyptians. Later he studied for awhile at the religious university Ezher, where he gained the reputation of being quite a savant. Returning to the army, he organized a secret society among the fellah officers in 1876 and 1878. With their aid, the national spirit was aroused, resulting finally in the fall of the European Ministry in 1879.

In 1881 Arabi headed a military and popular revolt which compelled the Khédive, Tewfik Pasha, to dismiss his Ministry and convoke a sort of Parliament, called the Assembly of Notables, in 1882. Arabi was then appointed Under Secretary of War and raised to the rank of Pasha. Eventually the English Government felt called upon to intervene.

On July 11, 1882, the English fleet, under Beauchamp, bombarded and laid waste Alexandria, driving Arabi and his followers out as declared rebels. In September of that year, after several defeats, Arabi surrendered to Gen. Drury Lowe. He was condemned to death on a charge of rebellion, but the sentence was commuted to perpetual banishment by the Khédive.

Thereafter Arabi lived in Ceylon on a pension of £50 from the English Government. Half of this he sent to his two wives, five children, and an aged sister in Egypt; the other half he kept for himself, his two Ceylon wives, five children, and the wife of his eldest son and her two children—all told, nineteen persons. Though therefore a poor man, he was looked upon with almost religious awe and reverence by all in Ceylon.

DR. JAMES C. HEPBURN DEAD.

Pioneer Missionary in Japan and the Oldest Graduate of Princeton.

Dr. James C. Hepburn, oldest graduate of Princeton University, having been graduated with the class of '32, and pioneer missionary in China and Japan, died at his residence, 71 Glenwood Avenue, East Orange, N. J., yesterday of the infirmities of age.

Dr. Hepburn received the decoration of the Order of the Rising Sun from the Emperor of Japan on his ninetieth birthday in 1905 for his work in that country. His wife, who died in 1906, accompanied the missionary to Japan, where she opened the first school for girls.

Dr. Hepburn was born March 13, 1815, in Milton, Penn. His first journey to the Orient followed his marriage in 1840 to a daughter of Gov. Leete of Connecticut. They made the trip in a whaler and remained in China at Amoy until 1846, when they returned to Manhattan owing to Mrs. Hepburn's illness. They bought a residence in Forty-second Street, and Dr. Hepburn built up a lucrative practice as a physician.

1859, after three of their four sons died in Manhattan, Dr. and Mrs. Hepburn went to Japan, then opened by Commodore Perry, for the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, and they worked in Japan until 1892. Dr. Hepburn assisted in the first translation of the Bible into Japanese and issued the first Japanese-English dictionary. He leaves a son, Samuel D. Hepburn.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES R. UNDERWOOD, a wealthy resident of Bloomfield, N. J., died yesterday at his Summer home, Starlight, Penn. Mr. Underwood owned large bluestone quarries in Sullivan County, N. Y., and Wayne County, Penn., and had offices at 280 Broadway, New York. He was a supporter of ex-Senator Everett Colby, and in 1905 was elected a member of the New Jersey Assembly and served one term. He was a Director of the Bloomfield Trust Company and Treasurer of the Bloomfield Board of Trade. Mr. Underwood was 52 years old.

DAVID A. DISCHLER, formerly well-known as a politician, died from an operation for appendicitis at his home in Utica, N. Y., on Wednesday. He was fifty-seven years old. In 1892 Dischler was charged with complicity in procuring the escape of Tom O'Brien from Dannemora Prison. O'Brien was never recaptured by the State authorities, but died in a prison in France.

JULIUS BLUMBERG, a lawyer with offices at 320 Broadway, died yesterday after a short illness. Mr. Blumberg was a graduate of the City College and of the New York Law School. He was 32 years old and his home was at 540 West 165th Street.

Capt. LEONARD ORMOND GOODRIDGE, a veteran of the civil war and one of the original gold hunters in California in 1849, died on Wednesday at his home, 168 Westminster Road, Flatbush, at the age of eighty-three years.

CHARLES STRAUSS, who served as a private in Gen. Custer's brigade up to about five hours before the Indian massacre, at Little Big Horn in 1876, died in Newburg, N. Y., on Tuesday, at the age of 69 years.

Mrs. CATHARINE LOUISA BEARDSLEY, widow of Homer S. Beardsley, and sister of Mrs. Frederick E. Roberts of Montclair, N. J., died at her home in East Orange, N. J., yesterday.

Mrs. ANNA M. BULLEY, one of the founders of the Methodist Episcopal Home for the Aged in Brooklyn, is dead at her home, 538 Pacific Street, that borough, at the age of 96 years.

Mrs. CARRIE E. THAYER, National Prophetess of the Daughters of Pocahontas and National Counsel of the Daughters of America, died at her home in Binghamton on Tuesday.

WILLIAM H. STEELE, former Assemblyman from Oswego County and Vice President of the last State Constitutional convention, died at Altmar, N. Y., yesterday. He was 75 years old.

PETER AUGUSTUS LEMAN, a broker and merchant of 22 William Street, Manhattan, who lived at 1,367 Dean Street, Brooklyn, died Wednesday after a brief illness, at Waterbury, Conn

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

LOUIS FRIEDENBERG died July 29, leaving about $50,000 real and $5,000 personal property in trust for his wife Pauline. On her death or remarriage $10,000 is left in trust for a son, Harry, and the remainder to the other children, Simon, Charles, Jacob, Gertie, and Max.

HENRIETTE GOLDSTEIN died Aug. 29, leaving more than $1,000 personal property, $250 in trust for the maintenance of a lot in Salem Fields Cemetery and all the remainder to her son, Lawrence P. Goldstein.

JOHN J. LINDSAY died June 7, leaving about $2,000 personal property to his wife, Anna Jane Lindsay.

MATHILDE RIETMANN died June 4, 1910, leaving about $1,000 personal property equally to her mother, Mrs. Mathilde Rietmann, and her sisters, Clara and Frieda Rietmann.

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FUNERAL OF JAMES W. OLIVER

Last Honors Paid to the Dead Assemblyman by His Many Friends.

The late James W. Oliver was buried yesterday morning from St. Ann's Church, in East Twelfth Street, and hundreds of friends and associates of the dead politician paid him a last honor, marching behind the hearse 300 strong from the church, down the Bowery, and through Delancey Street to the Williamsburg Bridge. The body was brought down from the home of his brother, 3,252 Perry Avenue, the Bronx, arriving at the Grand Central Station at 9 A. M.

Awaiting at the church was a great crowd, made up mostly of Democratic politicians, members of the Legislature, and old Fourth Warders. Requiem mass was said by the Rev. Thomas F. Mayhan, pastor of the church. The Rev. F. J. Sullivan was deacon and the Rev. Thomas J. Berry subdeacon. The catafalque was covered with floral tributes, one of them sent by Gov. Dix.

The body was borne from the church through lines formed by the Timothy D. Sullivan Association. Interment was in Calvary Cemetery. The hearse was preceded by Municipal Court Justice Dineen and ex-State Senator John F. Fitzgerald. The Assembly was officially represented by James A. Foley of this city; Edward A. Merritt, Jr., of Potsdam, the Republican leader; John R. Yale of Brewster, Louis A. Cuvillier of the Bronx, John H. Donnelly of Brooklyn, and John C. Hackett, Aaron Levy, and Alfred E. Smith of Manhattan. The Senate was represented by Timothy D. Sullivan, John F. Murtaugh of Elmira, and J. Mayhew Wainwright of Rye.

There were in the line of march many of the men formerly prominent in New York politics and those still in active political life. The procession made a brief pause in front of the Sullivan Association in the Bowery. The building was draped in black.

At the New York approach to the Williamsburg Bridge the associations and the Assembly and Senate Committees formed a line through which passed the hearse. Only the close relatives accompanied the body to the grave.

JOHN J. MURPHY DEAD.

Brother of Charles F. Murphy, Tammany Leader, Victim of Consumption.

John J. Murphy, brother of Charles F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany Hall, who had been ill for some time at Liberty, N. Y., died there last night in a sanitarium, where he had gone for treatment for tuberculosis.

With Mr. Murphy when he died were his brother, Charles F. Murphy; his sister, Mrs. P. J. Cray, wife of Capt. Cray of the East Thirty-fifth Street Police Station, and his children, two girls and a boy, all young. In the city Mr. Murphy lived at 309 East Seventeenth Street. He was the President of the New York Contracting and Trucking Company, which had the contract for excavating the Pennsylvania Terminal.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

RUMBOUGH—COLGATE.—At the Onteora Church, Onteora Park, New York, on Wednesday, Sept. 20, at noon, by the Rev. Richard C. Morse, D. D., assisted by the Rev. Robert Mackenzie, D. D., Elizabeth Morse Colgate, daughter of Gilbert Colgate, to Lieut. Stanley Maddox Rumbough.

BASCOM—BROWN.—Sept. 20, Sarah M. Brown to George E. Bascom.

KNIGHT—SHUART.—Sept. 20, Estella A. Shuart to Frederick V. Knight.

Brooklyn.

AMBS—REMSEN.—Sept. 18, Anna D. Remsen to Henry Ambs.

CORBIN—TROTTER.—Sept. 20, Christina Trotter to Francis A. Corbin.

DENICE—HARTE.—Sept. 20, Adelaide Harte to William F. Denice.

GILMOUR—SWIKERT.—Sept. 20, Matilda Swikert to William Gilmour.

ISAACS—MORRIS.—Sept. 19, Miriam Morris to Martin Isaacs.

WRIGHT—BERGH.—Sept. 20, Grace B. Bergh to Richard A. Wright.

Connecticut.

DAVENPORT—ABEL.—Sept. 20, Hartford, Alice M. Abel to Herbert A. Davenport.

FENTON—KANE.—Sept. 20, Hartford, Nora I. Kane to William G. Fenton.

LANDRIGAN—BRENNAN.—Sept. 20, Hartford, Elizabeth Brennan to William T. Landrigan.

McLAREN—KEELER.—Sept. 20, South Norwood, Helen Keeler to Dr. Walter A. McLaren.

WINCHESTER—FROBEL.—Sept. 20, Hartford, Bertha E. Frobel to Howard E. Winchester.

New Jersey.

SANDERS—STOLL.—Sept. 10, Elizabeth, Olga Stoll to Frederick H. Sanders.

Died.

ADLER.—Max, 584 East 135th St., Thursday, Sept. 21, 1911. Funeral Sunday, Sept. 24, at 1 P. M.

BACON.—Very suddenly, on Sept. 21, at Great Barrington, Mass., Louisa F. Bacon.

BALDWIN.—On Sept. 20, 1911, Bella, daughter of the late Aaron and Carrie E. Baldwin, aged 38 years. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 253 West 34th St., near 8th Av., N. Y., on Saturday, Sept. 23, at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends are kindly invited. Interment at Fairfield, N. J., at convenience of family.

BEARDSLEY.—At East Orange, N. J., on Sept. 20, 1911, Catherine Louisa Beardsley, widow of the late Homer S. Beardsley. Funeral private.

BLEECKER.—At East Orange, N. J., Sept. 21, 1911, Elizabeth N., wife of Charles W.

Conservative Investment

THERE is no greater incentive towards thrift and economy than that induced by conservative investment. It is a mistake to imagine, however, that conservative investment is to be determined by surface conditions alone. Margin of safety, stability of earnings, marketability, interest rates and other important factors all have a bearing upon safe and profitable investment.

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"Tax Day" in New York City has been changed from the second Monday in January to the first day in October. As all bonds, owned by residents of New York City, can be made Tax Exempt, we shall be glad to furnish authentic information regarding this and other tax legislation recently enacted.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Enormous Dealings in Steel Accompany Big Break in Both Issues.

FEDERAL SUIT EXPECTED

General List Holds Up In the Face of the Liquidation in Steel.

Acceptance by security holders of the belief that the United States Steel Corporation could not escape Federal prosecution under the Sherman law was responsible yesterday for the most active day on the Stock Exchange since Aug. 26, 1910. A total of 576,400 shares of Steel common and 52,720 shares of the preferred were dealt in, bringing the aggregate transactions in all issues up to 1,273,761 shares. Wall Street had ears for little else than Steel news, and every kind of unfavorable rumor was bandied about to explain the sudden and severe break in the corporation's shares.

The result of the enormous liquidation of Steel common was a drop of 5⅝ points at the low from Wednesday's close and a net loss for the day of 5¼. The preferred sold down at one time to 104¼ and closed at 105⅝, a net loss for the day of 5⅛ points. When it is remembered that there are approximately 120,000 names on the Steel Corporation's stock books it is easy to understand the widespread apprehension caused by the talk of a dissolution suit. The silence of Judge Gary, his fellow-Directors, and counsel in the face of repeated appeals for a confirmation or a denial of dissolution rumors heightened the uneasiness of even those holders who firmly believe that the Steel Corporation can withstand a suit by the Department of Justice and retain its present form. The early report to the effect that the company would voluntarily reorganize was doubted, but the conviction that the Government has already decided to bring suit was strengthened during the day. It is necessary to go back as far as May, 1910, to find Steel common selling as low as it did in yesterday's market, and to July, 1908, to find a lower quotation for the preferred.

Considering the disquieting stories and the vigorous onslaught of brokers who had Steel to sell, the general market held up remarkably well, although practically every issue ended the day with a loss and forty-six made new low records for this year, General Electric, Pressed Steel Car preferred, Railway Steel Springs preferred, Republic Iron and Steel preferred, and Sears-Roebuck all lost from 2 to 5 points, but the railroads showed considerable resistance to the depressed tone, and in few instances closed the day with fractional advances.

In the excited state of mind which prevailed yesterday advances in bank rates abroad created little concern. The advance in the Bank of England's discount rate from 3 to 4 per cent., although it occurred a week earlier than last year, had been anticipated, and it was pointed out that the Bank of England is in such strong position that it had been influenced by no other reason than the necessity for protecting itself against the higher rates at other centres. The Imperial Bank of Austria increased its rate from 4 to 5 per cent., the Bank of Belgium from 4 to 5½ per cent., and the Bank of France from 3 to 3½ per cent. There was a slight hardening of money rates here, but the money situation is easy, and heavy remittances to Europe were made by some institutions desiring to take advantage of the higher rates abroad.

Selling orders from London helped force down prices soon after the opening here. It was estimated that London sold 25,000 shares of Steel, and later orders brought the total up to 40,000 for the day.

Missouri Pacific's annual report, which was made public after the market closed on Wednesday, was considerably worse than had been expected, with a deficit for the year of $5,232,000, where earlier information had put the amount at not over $3,000,000. Another Gould property to issue a discouraging annual statement yesterday was the Wabash, which closed the year with a deficit of $403,000, as against a balance of $546,000 in 1910, a loss of $950,000 for the year. Reading reported a surplus for all companies last year equivalent to 12.12 per cent. on the common stock, compared with 14.35 per cent. earned the year before. There was a recurrence of the talk of reduced wages for Steel employes, and cheerful news, from a trading standpoint, was conspicuous by its absence.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@2¾ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 3⅜@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 3¾@4 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoteed at 4 per cent, for November and December, maturities, and 4½@5 per cent. for over-the-year maturities, with some business on special names at lower rates.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3⅜ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 3 per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 4½ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $294,761,369; balances, $17,180,908; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $908,904.

The local banks have lost $2,279,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8695; demand, $4.86⅛.

Paris—Cable, 5.16⅞; check, 5.17½ less 1-32.

Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16 less 1-64; check, 95 1-16.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.16⅝ plus 1-32; check, 5.18⅝ less 1-16.

Holland—Cable, 40.22; check, 40.17.

Belgium—Cable, 5.20⅝; check, 5.21¼.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8315; ninety days, $4.8150.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅞; ninety days, $4.81¼.

Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.20⅝ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.22½ plus 1-16.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.21¼ less 1-32; ninety days, 5.22½ less 1-16.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94¼ less 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16; ninety days, 94 13-16.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 100 premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London, at 24½d per ounce, and in New York, unchanged at 52½c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Sept. 21, 1911 1,273,761
From Jan. 1, 1911 82,983,783
Same period last year 127,205,560

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
6	6¼	100	Allis-Chalmers	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	−⅛
17	18	200	Allis-Chalmers pf.	17½	17½	17	17	−½
52⅝	52½	49,000	Amalgamated Copper	53⅞	53⅞	51¼	52½	−¾
49½	50	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	50¼	50¼	50	50	−¼
49⅜	50	12,500	Am. Beet Sugar	50⅜	50⅜	48½	49⅞	−1
85	88	200	Am. Brake Shoe & Fy.	90	90	87	87	−1¾
9⅝	9⅞	1,800	Am. Can	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9½	−⅛
81¼	81¾	1,900	Am. Can pf.	81⅞	81⅞	80¾	81½	+¼
44½	45	1,800	Am. Car & Foundry	45⅜	45¼	45	45	−⅜
50¼	50½	1,200	Am. Cotton Oil	50⅝	50⅝	50⅜	50½	−⅛
17½	18½	100	Am. Ice Securities	17½	17½	17½	17½	+⅛
8½	9	100	Am. Linseed	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	−⅛
27	27½	100	Am. Linseed pf.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	−¼
33¾	34½	400	Am. Locomotive	34	34	34	34	...
37	39	300	Am. Malt pf.	38	38	38	38	...
65¼	65⅝	30,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	66	66⅜	64⅞	65⅝	−⅝
101½	102½	500	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	101¾	102½	102	102	−¼
26½	27½	200	Am. Steel Foundries	27½	27½	27	27	−½
114½	115	400	Am. Sugar Refining	115½	115½	115	115	−⅝
110	116	450	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	115½	115½	115	115	−⅝
134½	134⅝	3,080	Am. Tel. & Tel.	135½	135⅝	134⅞	134⅞	−⅞
91½	92½	400	Am. Tobacco pf.	91½	92	91½	92	+⅝
28¼	28⅞	250	Am. Woolen	28½	28½	28¼	28¼	−¼
89⅞	91	100	Am. Woolen pf.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	+⅝
23⅞	25	100	Am. Writing Paper pf.	25	25	25	25	−2
32¾	33	1,500	Anaconda Copper Co.	33⅞	34	32⅞	32⅞	−1
102	102¼	10,025	Atch., Top. & S. F.	102⅝	102½	101½	102¼	−⅛
118	120	100	Atlantic Coast Line	118½	118½	118½	118½	−⅛
95¼	95⅞	1,700	Baltimore & Ohio	96⅝	95⅞	95	95⅝	−⅞
85	87	25	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	87	87	87	87	...
26¼	27	2,800	Bethlehem Steel	27	27	26	26⅝	−⅝
57	58	900	Bethlehem Steel pf.	58¼	58¼	56½	57⅞	−2⅛
73	73½	4,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	73¼	73½	72⅞	73¼	...
129	133	200	Brooklyn Union Gas	130	130	130	130	+⅜
224⅜	225¼	9,150	Canadian Pacific	225¼	226	223½	224⅝	−⅝
19¾	20	1,800	Central Leather Co.	20⅜	20⅜	19⅝	20	−⅝
91¼	94	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	92	92	92	92	−1
70¼	71	3,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	70¼	70⅝	69⅝	70¼	−¼
17½	18	100	Chicago Gt. Western	17⅝	17½	17½	17½	...
36¼	36½	936	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	36¼	36¼	36	36¼	...
111	111½	6,800	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	111½	111½	110¼	111¼	−½
143½	147	400	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	144	144	143½	145½	−½
138½	139¾	300	Chi. & Northwestern	139	139	139	139	...
17⅞	17⅞	900	Chino Copper	92	92	92	92	−1
26	27⅛	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	70½	70⅝	69⅜	70¼	−¼
131¼	132	2,300	Consolidated Gas	131⅝	131⅝	131⅛	131⅛	−⅝
12	12⅜	840	Corn Products Ref.	12½	12½	12½	12½	−⅛
75	76½	510	Corn Products Ref. pf.	77¼	77¼	77	77	−½
94½	96	200	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf.	95½	96	95½	96	+½
46¼	47¼	700	Denver & Rio Grande	22⅝	22⅝	22⅜	22⅜	−⅜
30⅝	31	220	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	46¼	46¼	45⅞	45⅞	−¾
20	21⅜	5	Distillers' Securities	30½	30½	30½	30½	...
30½	30⅝	200	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½	−¾
50	50½	20,400	Erie	31	31⅜	30¾	30¾	−⅝
40	41	800	Erie 1st pf.	50¾	50⅞	50	50	−½
145½	146	3,300	Erie 2d pf.	40	40	40	40	−1
5⅝	5¾	3,400	General Electric	148⅜	148⅜	143⅜	146	−3
124½	124⅞	7,750	Goldfield Consol.	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝	+⅛
45	45¼	1,800	Great Northern pf.	123⅜	124½	123¼	124¼	+⅝
85	86¼	120	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	45	45¼	45	45	...
135	136	100	Homestake Mining	82½	82½	82½	82½	−⅛
13⅜	13⅝	4,300	Illinois Central	135	135	135	135	−1
40½	40¾	1,200	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	13¾	14	13½	13½	−⅛
...	...	210	Inter.-Met. pf. v. tr. cfs.	41	41	40½	40⅝	−⅛
101	101¼	4,100	Int. Harvester	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	−½
116	116⅝	600	Int. Harvester pf.	102	102	100¼	101	+¼
...	6½	100	Int. Paper	117⅛	117⅛	116	116	−1½
45¼	46	400	Int. Paper pf.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	...
28	30	800	Int. Steam Pump	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	−¼
26½	27	100	Kansas City South.	30	30	27¾	27¾	−1¾
62¼	65	300	Kan. City South. pf.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	+⅝
154⅜	154¾	23,500	Lehigh Valley	63¼	63¼	62½	62½	−1¼
138¼	139	500	Louisville & Nash	155	156¾	155⅜	156	...
71½	72½	100	Mackay Cos pf.	138	138	137¾	138	−1
132¼	135½	500	Manhattan Elevated	72½	72½	72½	72½	−1
109	110¼	100	May Dept. Stores pf.	132½	132½	132½	132½	−1⅝
4	4½	300	Mercantile Marine	107¾	107¾	107¼	107¾	−⅝
17½	17¾	500	Miami Copper	3½	4	3¾	4	+⅛
32	36	500	Minn. & St. Louis	17½	17⅝	17½	17⅝	−⅛
130½	131¾	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	35	35	35	35	−1
28⅞	29	900	Mo., Kansas & Texas	130¼	131	130	130	−¾
63⅞	65½	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	28¾	28½	28¼	28¼	−⅝
35¾	36	4,400	Missouri Pacific	63⅞	63⅞	63¼	63¼	−⅝
127⅝	129	1,050	Nat. Biscuit Co.	35	35⅞	34⅝	35⅞	−⅝
12	13½	200	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	129¾	129¾	127½	128	−3
48	48¼	800	Nat. Lead Co.	15½	15½	15	15	−1¼
16½	16⅝	1,527	New Consol. Copper	48¾	48¾	48	48	−1
100	100⅜	4,400	N. Y. Central, ex div.	16⅜	16⅜	16½	16⅜	...
132	132⅜	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	100½	100⅝	99⅞	100⅝	...
38⅛	38⅞	450	N. Y., Ont. & West.	133	133	132½	132½	+⅞
100	101	700	Norfolk & Western	38⅞	38⅞	38¼	38¼	−⅝
89	90	9,300	Norfolk & West. pf.	100½	101	100⅛	100⅛	−⅝
114¼	114⅝	850	Northern Pacific	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	−⅝
119¼	119⅝	7,628	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	114½	114⅞	113⅜	114½	−⅝
102½	102⅞	600	Pennsylvania R. R.	36	36	35⅞	35½	−½
17½	18	400	People's Gas, Chi.	119¾	119¾	119¼	119⅝	−¼
78½	79½	500	Pittsburgh Coal	103⅜	103⅜	102½	102½	−¼
26	26½	450	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	17½	17½	17½	17½	−¼
91	94	230	Pressed Steel Car	79¼	79¼	79	79	−1
154½	155	150	Pressed Steel Car pf.	27	27	26½	26½	−¾
12⅝	12⅞	1,350	Pullman Company	93	93	91	91	−3
26½	27	800	Ray Consol. Copper	155	155	155	155	...
94	98	300	R'way Steel Spring	13	13	12½	12⅝	−⅝
137⅝	137⅞	172,900	R'way Steel Spring pf.	27½	27½	26⅞	26⅞	−⅝
91	91½	200	Reading	98	98	94	94	−4
21⅝	22	3,500	Reading 2d pf.	138⅝	139¼	136½	137⅜	−¾
83	84	2,750	Rep. Iron & Steel	91½	91½	91½	91½	+1
23¼	23⅝	4,900	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	22	22	21⅞	21⅞	−⅛
45½	46		Rock Island Co.	85¼	85¼	83⅜	84	−2
38¼	39	300	Rock Island Co. pf.	23⅞	23⅞	22⅞	23¼	−⅝
125	127	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	−⅝
36	37	200	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	39	39¼	39	39¼	+1¼
107⅜	107⅝	16,950	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	125½	125½	125½	125½	−5
26⅜	26⅞	1,000	Southern Pacific	36¼	36¼	36	36	−¼
63½	64		Southern R'way ext.	107⅝	108	106⅛	107½	+⅛
70	86	100	South. R'way pf., ext.	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26⅝	−⅛
32½	32¼	400	So. Ry., M.& O.stk.cts.	63	63	62¾	63	−1
84	86	100	Tennessee Copper	80	80	80	80	−½
22¼	23	200	Texas Co., ex div.	33	33	32⅛	32¼	−1½
17½	18⅞	300	Texas & Pacific	86	86	86	86	+¾
42¾	43	300	Tol., St. L. & West.	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½	−1
52	56	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	18½	18½	18½	18½	−½
157½	157⅝	153,600	Union B. & Paper pf.	42¼	42¾	42¼	42¾	−⅝
99¾	100¾	135	Union Pacific	54	54	54	54	−4
28	29	200	United Dry Goods	158⅝	159¼	156½	157⅝	−⅝
54	56	100	United Rys. Inv.	100	100	100	100	−2
43⅜	44	250	United Rys. Inv. pf.	29	29	29	29	...
66	68	800	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	55	55	55	55	−1
36¾	37	800	U. S. Realty & Imp.	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
107	108	600	U. S. Rubber	67	67	67	67	+⅝
58¼	58⅝	576,400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	37½	37⅞	36¼	36⅜	+⅞
103½	105¾	52,720	U. S. Steel	108½	108½	107½	107½	−1⅝
40⅞	41	7,570	U. S. Steel pf.	63½	63⅞	58	58½	−5½
49	49¼	2,600	Utah Copper	109½	109¾	104½	105¾	−⅝
116	118	188	Va.-Caro. Chemical	42	42½	40⅜	40⅞	−¼
12¾	13	700	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	49	49½	48¾	49	...
25	25½	1,400	Wabash	116	116	116	116	...
51	51½	1,000	Wabash pf.	13	13	12⅝	13	−⅛
75	76	300	Western Maryland	25¼	25¼	24⅝	25	−1
59½	60½	2,750	Western Union Tel.	51½	51⅝	50¼	51	−1
110¼	112	200	Westinghouse E. & M.	75	75	75	75	−⅝
48	49	200	Westinghouse 1st pf.	60¼	60¼	59⅝	60	−⅛
			Wisconsin Central	111¾	111¾	110½	110¾	−¾
				48¼	48½	48½	48½	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100½	100⅞
2s, c., 1930	100½	...
3s, r., 1918	101½	102½
3s, c., 1918	101½	...
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114½
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100⅜
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅜
Panama 3s, 1961	102⅜	102⅝
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp.	206	216
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101¼	103
Am. B. S. pf.	95½	100
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	128	133
A. C. & F. pf.	110	116½
Am. Coal	60	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Exp.	208	215
A. H. & L. 3½	...	3¾
A. H. & L. pf.	19	20
A. Loc. pf., ex div.	104½	107
Am. Malt.	3½	4
Am. S. pf., B.	84½	85
Am. Snuff.	226	...
Am. Sn. pf.	92	101½
A. T. & C.	70	83
Am. Tob. pf. ctfs.	92¼	93½
Ann Arbor	20	45
Ann Arbor pf.	60	85
Asso. Oil	46	52
A. T. & S. F. pf.	101½	102
Batopilas M.	1¼	1½
Bruns. Ter.	7½	8¼
B., R. & P.	100	115
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
But'k Co.	27⅞	30½
Canada So.	...	72¼
C. C. & R. of N. J.	255	270
C. & S. A. Tel.	114	118
Chi. & Alt.	17	25
Chi. & Alt. pf.	37	40
C. & E. Ill.	100	105
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W. pf.	195	200
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	130	135
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	145	155
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	1¾	2½
Chi. Un. T. pf. ctfs. st.	4½	6
C., C., C. & St. L.	45	55
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	90	100
Col. F. & I. pf.	...	103
Col. & So.	43½	45
Col. & So. 1st pf.	74	78
Col. & So. 2d pf.	65	72
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	12½	14
Crex Carpet.	65	80
Cub.-Am. S.	53½	55⅝
Del. & H.	159	160
D., L. & W.	510	540
D. M. & Ft. D.	6	...
Det. & M.	110	...
Det. & M. pf.	100	...
Det. U. R.	66	70
D., S. S. & A.	10	11¾
Ev. & T. H. pf.	...	100
F. M. & S.	15	30
F. M. & S. pf.	49	63
Gen. Motors	38½	41
Gen. Motors pf.	79½	82½
Gen. C. Co.	125	131
Gen. C. Co. pf.	106	108
Granby Con.	60	...
Hav. E. R.	93½	97½
Hock. Val.	115	...
Inger.-Rand	110	...
Inger.-Rand pf.	100	...
Int. St. P. pf.	82½	84
Iowa Cent.	17½	18½
Iowa C. pf.	36	38
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	72	80
K. & D. M.	4	8
K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
Lack. Steel.	30	38
Lacl. Gas.	102¼	102¾
L. E. & W.	10	13
L. E. & W. pf.	24	28
Lake Shore.	325	350
Mackay Cos.	81¼	85
Mah. C. R.	600	...
Mer. Marine pf.	14¼	14½
May Dept. Stores	76	78
Mich. Cent.	...	130
M. & St. L. pf.	60	64
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	147½	152
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	80	88
N., C. & St. L.	143	147
Nat. R. pf.	125	128
Nat. Enam. pf.	95	106½
Nat. L. pf.	104	...
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	63	67½
Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	28	29
N. Y. A. & W.	50	55
N. Y., C. & St. L.	49	50½
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	98¾	108
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	72¾	85
N. Y. D. Co.	...	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	...	65
Norf. So.	45½	48¾
North Am.	65½	68
Nor. Cent.	245	...
N. O. T. Light	50	60
Ont. Mining	1	...
Pac. Coast.	85	105
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	90	105
Pac. Mail.	29½	30¾
Peo. & E.	14	20
Pere Marq.	...	30
Pere M. 2d pf.	...	88
Phelps-D'ge.	175	...
P. C. C. & St. L.	91	93
P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	102	115⅞
Pitts. St. pf.	99	102
Pub. S. C.	110	114
Quicksilver.	2	2½
Q'ksil'r pf.	8½	4¾
Rdg. 1st pf.	88	89
R., W. & O.	115	118
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	60	65
St. L. & S. F. 2d new ctfs.	50	60½
St. L. S. W.	29½	31½
St. L. S. W. pf.	68	69½
Sears-Roeb. pf.	...	121¾
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	...	112
So. P. R. S.	80½	88
So. P. R. S. pf.	105	110
Stand. Mill.	14	16¼
Stand. Mill. pf.	46	50
T. P. L. Tr.	82	85
Third Av.	8	8½
T. P. & W.	16	...
T. P. R. T.	104	104½
Und. Typew.	87	92
Und. Typew. pf.	107¾	110¼
U. B. & P.	5	7
U. Pac. pf.	89½	89¾
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100½	109
Un. Dry G. pf.	101½	102½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	22	25
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	85	92½
U. S. C. I. Pipe	13	15
U. S. Exp.	89	92
U. S. R. & Ref.	2	4
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	...	18
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	71	75
Va. R. & P.	38	40
Va. R. & P. pf.	...	77
W. F. Exp.	140	145
West. Md. pf.	72½	80
W. & L. E.	2½	3
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	6¾	9
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	3	4

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper. 5	Apr. 1,'13	99⅞	100¼	4.82
Am. Cigar B. 4	Mar. 15,'12	99⅞	100¼	4.42
Balt. & Ohio. 4½	June 1,'12	99⅝	99⅞	4.60
Beth. Steel. 5	Nov. 1,'14	92½	99⅞	6.05
Ches. & Ohio. 4½	June 1,'14	98⅝	99	4.89
C., R. & D. pur. money	July 1,'13	98¾	98¾	4.61
Chi. & Alton. 5	Mar. 15,'13	98½	99½	5.35
Chi. Elev. Ry. 5	July 1,'14	97½	98	5.78
Erie. 6	Apr. 8,'14	100⅝	100⅞	5.64
Gen. Motors. 6	Oct. 1,'15	98	98½	6.93
Hudson Co. 4½	July 1,'15	95¾	96⅜	5.47
Int. Gt. Nor. 5	Feb. 1,'13

STOCKS WANTED

200 American Gas & Electric Com.
100 American Lithographic Com. & Pfd.
100 American Glue Com. & Pfd.
100 American Felt Com. & Pfd.
200 American Iron & Steel Mfg. Pfd.
100 American Type Founders Com. & Pfd.
50 Ampoikeag Manufacturing
200 Atlas Portland Cement Com. & Pfd.
100 Boston Holding Co.
200 Bronx Gas & Electric
100 Baker (Walter) Ltd.
100 Bliss (E. W.) Com. & Pfd.
100 Chatham-Phenix Natl. Bank
500 Central Colorado Powder Com. & Pfd.
10 Childs Co. Com.
200 Continental Paper Bag Com. & Pfd.
100 Connecticut Ry. & Light Pfd. & Com.
25 Central Aguirre Sugar Com. & Pfd.
200 Cuban-American Sugar Com.
100 Casein Co. of America Pfd.
100 Colwell Lead Pfd.
25 Draper Co. Com.
50 Dixon (Joseph) Crucible
200 Dome Mines, Ltd.
200 Federal Sugar Com. & Pfd.
20 Farr Alpaca
50 Federal Utilities Com.
100 Greenfield Elec. Lt. & Pow. Stk. & Rgts.
100 Great Western Sugar Com. & Pfd.
100 Great Northern Paper
100 Helena Light & Railway Com. & Pfd.
100 International Text-Book
150 International Nickel Com.
500 Kirby Lumber Pfd.
100 Kanawha & Michigan Railway
100 Library Bureau Series "A" & "B"
100 Mohawk Valley
200 Mississippi River Power Com. & Pfd.
50 Murray Co., Dallas, Texas
500 Meriden Gas Light
25 New England Confectionery
25 Nipe Bay Pfd.
200 New Haven Gas Light
500 New England Investment Securities Pfd.
25 National Surety
100 New Hampshire Elec. Com. & Pfd.
100 National Water Pfd.
100 Northern States Power Pfd.
100 Northern Idaho & Mont. Power Pfd.
100 Oklahoma Gas & Elec. Com.
200 Pacific Coast Power Com.
100 Producers Oil
100 Pope Manufacturing Com. & Pfd.
100 Reversible Collar
100 Realty Associates
25 Springfield Gas Light
50 Singer Manufacturing
100 Sen-Sen Chiclet
100 Scoville Manufacturing
100 Union Typewriter 2nd Pfd..
100 U. S. Finishing Com. and Pfd.
100 U. S. Envelope Com. and Pfd.
100 Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke (Cfts.)
100 Waltham Watch Com. and Pfd.
200 Warren Railroad
100 Western Power Com.
100 Westchester Fire Insurance
500 White (J. C.) & Co., Ltd., Pfd. and Ord.
25 Worcester Gas Light

BONDS WANTED

$10,000 Am. Type Founders Deb. 6s, 1939
5,000 American Malting 1st 6s, 1914
10,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna 1st 4s, 1951
10,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna 1st 4½s, 1953
10,000 Boston & Worcester 4½s, 1923
25,000 Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atl. 5s, 1934
5,000 Consumers Power 5s, 1929
10,000 Canton-Akron Con. Ry. Cons. 5s, 1933
10,000 Canton-New Philadelphia 1st 5s, 1923
10,000 Col., Buckeye L. & N. Tr. 1st 5s, 1921
10,000 Clyde Steamship 5s, 1931
10,000 Canton-Massillon 5s, 1920
10,000 Central Union Telephone 5s, 1919
10,000 Central Union Telephone 6s, 1919
10,000 Dickson Manufacturing 1st 5s, 1927
10,000 Dul., Rainy L. & Winn. Ry. 1st 5s, 1921
5,000 Denver Gas & Elec. Gen. 5s, 1949
10,000 Denver & N. W. Elec. Ry. 1st 5s, 1932
10,000 Duluth St. Railway 1st 5s, 1930
5,000 Fairmont Coal 1st 5s, 1931
10,000 Hudson River Electric 1st 5s, 1931
10,000 Hudson River Elec. Pow. 1st 5s, 1944
10,000 Hudson River Pow. Trans. 1st 5s, 1928
10,000 Hudson R. Water Pow. 1st 5s, 1914-29
10,000 Hudson R. Pulp & Paper 1st 6s, 1918
5,000 International Salt 1st 5s, 1951
10,000 International Nickel 1st 5s, 1932
10,000 International Silver 1st 6s, 1948
10,000 International Silver Deb. 6s, 1933
10,000 Jackson & Battle Creek Trac. 5s, 1923
10,000 Jackson Cons. Traction 1st 5s, 1934
5,000 Leggett (F. H.) & Co. 1st 6s, 1922
5,000 Mississippi River Power 1st 5s, 1951
10,000 Mallory Steamship 5s, 1930
25,000 Maryland, Del. & Va. 5s, 1955
10,000 New England St. Ry. (All Issues)
20,000 New Mexico Ry. & Coal 1st 5s, 1947
5,000 N. Y. & Cuba Mail S. S. 1st 5s, 1932
10,000 Omaha & Syracuse Const. 5s, 1923
5,000 Peoria Water Works (Issues)
15,000 Penn. Water & Power 1st 5s, 1940
5,000 Peoria Railway Term. 1st 4s, 1937
5,000 Park & Tilford Deb. 6s, 1936
20,000 Pitts., Chenango & L. Erie 1st 5s, 1940
5,000 Roch., Syra. & Eastern 1st 5s, 1945.
5,000 Seattle Electric 5s, 1929
10,000 Syracuse Rapid Transit 1st 5s, 1946
10,000 U. S. Finishing 1st 5s, 1919
5,000 U. S. Envelope 5s (All Issues)
5,000 Vale & Towne Mfg. 1st 5s, 1920
10,000 U. S. Finishing Cons. 5s, 1929

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WANTED

Buffalo & Susquehanna 4s, 1951
U. S. Envelope 5s
Syracuse Rapid Transit Com.
New Orleans Gt. Northern 5s, 1955
Indiana, Col. & Eastern Tract. 5s, 1926
Central Indiana Lighting 5s, 1927
Massachusetts Lighting Co.
Syracuse, Lake Shore & No. 5s, 1945
Atlanta, Birm. & Atlantic 5s, 1926
Hudson River Water Pwr. 5s, 1929
Omaha Water Co. 2nd Pfd.
Bodwell Water Power Recpts.
Pere Marquette 1st & 2nd Pfd.
Eastport Water Co. 5s, 1918
Santa Fe County (N. M.) Defaulted 5s
Nevada-California Pwr. 6s, 1927
Portland Electric Co. Pfd.
Buffalo, Lockport & Rochester 5s, 1935
Michigan, Lake Superior Pwr. Recpts.
Wheeling Traction 5s, 1931
Tacoma Gas Light Pfd.
Springfield (Mo.) Water Co. 5s, 1936
St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain Ry. Pfd.
Gamewell Fire Alarm Co.
York Haven Water & Pwr. 5s, 1951

FOR SALE

U. S. Finishing Co.
Kirby Lumber Co.
Duluth-Edison Electric Pfd.
Sealshipt Oyster System Pfd.
U. S. Worsted Pfd. & Com.
Chicago-New York Electric Air Line
Philadelphia & Easton 5s, 1927
Central Georgia Electric 5s
Catawissa Coal Co. 5s, 1929
Clifty Consol. Coal Co. 5s, 1929
American Steel Fnd'y 1st 6s, 1929
Buffalo & Lake Erie Tract. 5s, 1936
Detroit Suburban Gas 5s, 1928
Bingham Mining & Smelting 6s, 1914
Leavenworth City & Ft. L. Water 4s, 1927
Women's Temple Bonds of Chicago
Edison Portland Cement Co. 6s, 1920
Mexican Coal & Coke Co. 5s, 1926
Wamsutta Mills

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and bare market quotations do not often enlighten the present holders or prospective buyers of unlisted or inactive securities.

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

New Haven's Dividend.

A Boston view of the New York, New Haven & Hartford's earnings for the last year, as estimated by a man credited with having access to official information, is that the company will show a surplus of 7.8 per cent. earned for the 8 per cent. stock, or within $300,000 of the amount needed for full dividend payments. The report will contain a consolidated income account showing the gross and net revenues on the steam lines, combined with the returns of all the subsidiary properties wholly owned by the company. The steam lines themselves are expected to show a deficit after dividends of $1,200,000, but with the assistance of the subsidiaries this will be reduced to one-quarter of that amount. Figuring out the cost of carrying $28,000,000 expended on the New York, Westchester & Boston and the New York Connecting Railway, and appropriations for special funds which need not have been made, it is estimated that the New Haven's books could properly be made to show a surplus for the year equivalent to 9 per cent. on the company's stock. If these facts are correct, it is easier to understand President Mellen's reiteration of his statement made some months ago that there is no ground for alarm by New Haven stockholders lest their dividends be reduced in the near future.

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Few Low Records in Leaders.

Although there were forty-six new low records made yesterday outside of the United States Steel shares and Union Pacific, many of the other leaders in market activity failed to touch the low levels recently made. Reading, for instance, at its low point of 136½ yesterday, was ½ point above the low record made last week. Southern Pacific at its lowest was ⅞ above its recent low record, and Lehigh Valley, Erie, Northern Pacific, and Atchison, as well as a number of the railroad issues prominent in the Summer's decline, also remained above the low records. It was the inactive issues which suffered most in yesterday's declines, although in only one case did any loss exceed those in the United States Steel stocks. Coppers, too, were prominent. Among the new low records made were: United States Steel common, 58, lowest since May, 1900; United States Steel preferred, 104¼, lowest since July, 1908; Amalgamated Copper, 51⅝; American Smelting, 64⅞; American Smelting preferred, 102; Anaconda, 32⅞; Nevada Consolidated, 15½; Ray Consolidated, 12½; Utah Copper, 40¾; Bethlehem Steel, 26; Bethlehem Steel preferred, 56½; Republic Iron and Steel, 21⅜; Republic Iron and Steel preferred, 82¾; American Brake Shoe, 87; American Car and Foundry, 45; Colorado Fuel and Iron, 25⅞; International Harvester preferred, 116; Pressed Steel Car, 26½; Pressed Steel Car preferred, 91; United States Cast Iron Pipe preferred, 43½, and General Electric, 143⅜.

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Steel's Long Swings.

At yesterday's low price of 58 Steel Common was 24½ points below the high record of the year, made on Feb. 6, and the preferred was 16⅜ below the high price made for that issue at about the same time. For the full year of 1910 the difference between the high and low of the common was 29⅞ points, and the extreme fluctuation in the preferred was 15¼ points. Steel common has been the public's favorite speculation almost from the organization of the company. In 1910, for instance, it sold 39,204,824 shares, compared with Reading's 28,266,449 shares and Union Pacific's 18,771,269. Possibly because of the large number of small stockholdings as well as the large number of small speculative accounts liberally margined at the top, Steel usually moves slowly, but far when momentum is attained. In March, 1901, when the stock was first put on the market, the common's high point was 46½, and the preferred's 96¼. The common never went below 42⅜ during the campaign in which James R. Keene distributed the capitalization to the public, and its high price in the campaign was 55'. The slump which began with the early Summer of 1903 did not end until in November, and in December of that year the common had reached 10 and the preferred 49¾. The recovery from the shock which the investing public received in this decline was a slow process, and it was not nutil 1906 that the common stock again passed 50. It went only a few points higher before the declines set in in 1907 which carried the common down to 21⅞ and the preferred to 79¼. The recovery which followed ranged through three years, reaching its summit in the Fall of 1910, when the common touched 94⅞ and the preferred 131.

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Weakness of Coppers.

The copper shares on the Stock Exchange yesterday shared in the weakness of the Steel and equipment issues, and scarcely one of the copper companies listed failed to make a low record for the year. The setback industrial expansion in Germany has received has been a matter of concern to the copper shareholders, and much of the decline has been blamed on the expectation of a falling off in European consumption due to the unsettled conditions across the Atlantic. The declines in copper metal and copper shares, it was pointed out in the National Conduit and Cable Company's monthly review of the metal market yesterday, has been out of line with the statistics. During the last three months domestic stocks have decreased by 32,554,431 pounds. In the face of this showing, the circular points out as an important factor in depressing the market, "increased production and rapid expansion of smelting and concentrating capacity."

WABASH DEFICIT $403,421.

Profit and Loss Debit Balance $9,807,958, Against $2,930,213 Last Year.

The operation of the Wabash Railroad Company for the year ended June 30, 1911, resulted in a deficit of $403,421. The figures were made available yesterday, although the report will not be ready for distribution till Oct. 1.

The operating revenues were $29,884,037, an increase of over $1,000,000 from the year before, but the operating expenses increased about $1,800,000 to $22,366,183, making the net operating revenue $7,517,-854. With the addition of miscellaneous receipts and the deduction of taxes, rentals, betterments, and interest on bonds and equipment obligations, the surplus was $601,579, as against $1,815,719 the year before and $580,741 two years ago. The interest on debenture bonds, Series A and B, amounted to $1,005,000, leaving the deficit of $403,421. Last year there was a surplus of $545,719 and the year before a deficit of $159,259.

The profit and loss account showed a debit balance on July 1, 1910, of $2,930,213, which was increased by the deficit of the last year by a discount of $3,001,342 on sale of treasury securities and by sundry accounts of $6,835,423. During the year the bonds outstanding increased $2,884,633, and obligations to bankers on account of the Wheeling & Lake Erie note matter increased the liabilities by $9,807,958.

Carnegie Trust Directors' Bankruptcy.

Joseph B. Reichmann, formerly President of the Carnegie Trust Company, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed by three creditors on May 1 last, has filed a consent to an adjudication in bankruptcy. Judge Hough has referred the issues raised in the petitions against Charles A. Moore, Jr., and Martin J. Condon to Macgrane Coxe as Special Master for examination and report. The bankruptcy proceedings against W. J. Cummins were referred to Mr. Coxe on Sept. 11.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Steel Shares Drop Sharply in London —Lower Prices in Berlin.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Money was dearer and discount rates were firm to-day.

The advance in the bank rates here and in Paris and Vienna had little effect on the stock market, which was quietly firm on local and Continental buying.

American securities opened steady and a fraction higher, but later reacted under realizing. During the rest of the forenoon prices moved irregularly, with Canadian Pacific and United States Steel preferred easy.

The afternoon trading was excited and active. Heavy selling of United States Steel shares on dissolution rumors caused Steel common to drop 1¼ and Steel preferred 3 points. Canadian Pacific and other shares improved, and the market closed irregular and excited.

Money, 2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3¾ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid 9.05, at Lisbon 7.00.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—Trading was quiet and prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 93f 67½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 17½c for checks.

Private rate of discount, 3½ per cent.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—Weak western markets and renewed anxiety regarding Morocco caused lower prices on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 46½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 2½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 4½ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money..	76 13-16 ..	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account.	76 13-16 ..	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	6⅞	33½	33⅜	— ⅛
Atchison	102⅛	102½	102½	..
Canadian Pac.	232	225¾	225⅝	+ ⅝
St. Paul	114¼	113⅝	113⅝	— ⅜
Erie	32½	31⅝	31½	+ ½
Erie 1st pf.	52	50⅝	50¼	+ ⅝
Illinois Central	140	136¼	136	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash.	141½	137⅝	138	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	103½	101⅝	101¼	— ¼
Penn. R.	61⅜	119⅜	119⅝	— ¼
Reading	71¼	138⅞	138½	+ ½
Southern Pacific.	109½ex	107⅜	107	+ ⅝
Union Pacific	163½	158⅝	158	+ ¼
U. S. Steel	63¾	62	63½	— 1½
U. S. Steel pf.	110	107	110¾	— 3¾

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Sept, 21.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£1,033,000
Circulation decreased	425,000
Bullion increased	608,028
Other securities increased	2,699,000
Other deposits increased	1,236,000
Public deposits increased	1,963,000
Notes reserve increased	946,000
Government securities decreased	500,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 56.70 per cent.; last week it was 58.10 per cent.

Rate of discount raised from 3 to 4 per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation increased	80,325,000
Treasury deposits decreased	2,850,000
General deposits increased	41,750,000
Gold in hand decreased	13,800,000
Silver in hand decreased	10,850,000
Bills discounted increased	101,850,000
Advances increased	12,225,000

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 7 6	Esperanza	1 18 9
Tomboy	0 17 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 3 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 0

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday morning further weakness was shown in the leading commodities in sympathy with the downward tendency in the foreign market. Copper was a shade lower for all deliveries up to December, while tin declined ⅝c in the bid and ⅜c in the asking price. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	11.85	11.95	11.90	12.00
September	11.85	11.95	11.90	12.00
October	11.85	11.95	11.90	12.00
November	11.85	11.95	11.90	12.00
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.90	6.00	5.90	6.00
Tin	38.12½	38.37½	38.50	39.00

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following table of quotations obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These closing figures compare with Wednesday's last prices:

	Thursday. £ s d	Wednesday. £ s d
Copper, spot	54 10 ..	54 17 6
Copper, futures	55 5 ..	55 12 6
Pig tin, spot	173 17 6	176 15 ..
Pig tin, futures	171 7 6	173 7 6

The market ended weak. Spanish pig lead was strong at an advance of 2s 6d, to £15 5s. Spelter was unchanged at £27 17s 6d at Cleveland warrants at 46s 6d.

Sugar Stocks

Cuban American Com. & Pfd.
Cent. Aguirre Com. & Pfd.
Gt. Western Com. & Pfd.
Michigan Com. & Pfd.
Federal Com. & Pfd.
National Pfd.
Guantanamo
Fajardo

Gilbert Eliott & Co.

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Tel. John 855. Montreal.

Pay-As-You-Enter Car Corporation.
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United States Motor.
Mack Motor.
Singer Manufacturing.
Computing-Tabulating-Recording.

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Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY Fifth Ave. & 38th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,900,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

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The Wall Street Journal

If contemplating life insurance look for the best at lowest cost. Write to W. J. Madden, Mutual Life Building, 32 Liberty.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society 4½%

Founded 1888. State Bank Department Supervision. Accounts $10 or more opened on or before Oct. 3d. will earn from Oct. 1st. Begin now, or write for booklet A. 58 Park Row, New York City.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
2d week Sept...	$269,500	$230,200	$39,300
July 1-Sept. 14.	2,550,500	2,457,400	102,100

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

2d week Sept...	141,909	134,819	7,090
July 1-Sept. 14.	1,430,435	1,409,351	21,084

DENVER, NORTHWESTERN & PACIFIC—

2d week Sept...	31,266	26,822	4,444
July 1-Sept. 14.	318,287	295,151	23,136

INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—

2d week Sept...	204,000	198,000	6,000

MOBILE & OHIO—

2d week Sept...	215,680	203,419	12,261
July 1-Sept. 14.	2,236,673	2,154,546	82,127

NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION & LIGHT—

2d week Sept...	45,425	42,202	3,223
Jan. 1-Sept. 14.	1,593,472	1,470,367	123,105

AMERICAN RAILWAYS COMPANY for the year ended June 30—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Inc. from sub companies	$805,963	$623,164	$468,662
Misc. income	4,451	70,514	58,452
Total income	810,414	693,678	527,114
Gen. exp.	3,891	4,407	840
Int. fund debt.	370,400	325,200	206,323
Taxes & misc.	13,635	10,768	10,062
Total deduc.	387,926	340,385	216,385
Net income	422,487	353,293	310,729
Div. paid	381,787	342,073	305,706
Surplus	40,700	11,221	5,023
Prev. surp.	515,924	504,703	499,680
Total surp.	556,624	515,924	504,703
Adj. debit	2,437	..	..
P. & L. surp.	554,187	515,924	504,703

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE for the year ended June 30—

Gross	6,186,878	6,020,242	5,319,386
Expenses	4,257,163	3,948,135	3,653,780
Net rev.	1,929,716	2,072,107	1,665,606
Taxes	268,445	268,054	260,815
Op. income	1,661,271	1,803,453	1,404,791
Other income	204,308	237,955	253,301
Total income	1,865,578	2,041,407	1,657,093
Charges	1,152,991	1,179,827	1,154,206
Surplus	712,587	861,580	502,887

MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY for August—

Gross	443,108	398,828	355,229
Expenses	232,529	216,314	180,382
Net	210,578	182,514	174,847
Chgs. and taxes	73,633	65,743	62,026
Surplus	136,945	116,771	112,620
Gross, 11 mos.	4,319,819	3,889,475	3,492,776
Expenses	2,478,425	2,237,830	2,046,598
Net. 11 mos.	1,841,004	1,651,645	1,446,178
Chgs. and taxes	349,606	485,290	450,601
Surp., 11 mos.	1,201,488	1,166,355	995,576

WABASH for the year ended June 30—

Freight rev.	20,160,877	19,473,372	17,176,709
Passenger rev.	7,400,934	7,075,314	6,395,775
Mail and exp.	1,508,708	1,555,061	1,538,053
Miscellaneous	813,426	799,315	740,488
Total op. rev.	29,884,037	28,886,056	25,808,033
Op. expenses	22,366,183	20,536,223	18,757,185
Net op. rev.	7,517,845	8,349,833	7,110,848
Taxes	920,872	851,324	809,638
Op. income	6,596,982	7,498,509	6,301,212
Other income	632,015	691,822	1,137,445
Total income	7,228,997	8,190,331	7,438,657
Int., rent., &c.	*7,472,418	7,644,613	7,597,916
Deficit	403,421	†545,718	159,259

*Includes additions and betterments $192,809 and hire of equipment $1,024,390.
†Surplus.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

LEHIGH & WILKESBARRE COAL CO for the year ended June 30—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross receipts	16,879,575	16,284,969	16,602,856
Exp., tax., &c.	13,406,193	13,294,420	13,423,723
Net earnings	3,473,382	2,990,550	3,179,132
Int., sink. fund, & other deduc.	1,291,583	1,573,816	1,186,038
Surplus	2,181,798	1,416,734	1,993,094
Dividends	1,197,625	1,197,625	.....
Surplus	984,173	219,109	1,993,094

There were mined in 1911, 4,284,444 tons, as compared with 4,021,772 tons during the corresponding period last year, while 724,502 tons were purchased, as compared with 815,-838 tons last year. The tonnage sold was 5,024,767 tons, while 4,805,644 tons were sold last year.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Sept. 20.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Receipts, cust.	$1,207,077	$15,929,140	$65,286,109
Internal rev.	1,039,478	16,422,136	63,021,163
Corp. tax	2,188	105,892	1,684,035
Miscellaneous	28,248	2,755,355	12,110,160
Tot. receipts.	$2,336,992	$35,212,724	$142,101,469
Expenditures	890,594	33,753,841	162,219,841
Surplus	1,446,398	1,458,883	*20,118,371

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.
*Deficit.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $84,692,492; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $32,567,154.

The total of the general fund was $142,692,880.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS

Capital & Surplus Over $2,000,000

An investment company which has 70% of its assets free and clear, and which has paid continuous dividends for fifteen years, deserves your confidence. We desire the opportunity of laying before you particulars of an investment yielding a guaranteed income of 6.66%.

Write for circular E.
METROPOLITAN DEPT.,
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 31, 1911.

THE COLONIAL BANK.—The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

A. Bouchet, 41 West 64th St., $75.
W. P. Reilly, 2,263 Broadway, $68.46.
J. M. C. Ward, 182 St. Nicholas Av., $437.18.
Mrs. Laura Du Bois Bush, Graham Court, $124.32.
E. M. Woodbridge, 210 West 82d St., $124.82.
Kate L. Black, Hotel Endicott, $107.29.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
GEORGE S. CARR, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Cashier of The Colonial Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.
GEORGE S. CARR.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of August, 1911.
FRED'K L. WILSON,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate Filed in N. Y. County.
[Seal of Notary.]

New York, N. Y., August 14th, 1911.

THE GREENWICH BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

Nelle Borchers, April 16, 1903, $96.33, 153 West 46th St.
Anita Mining Company, March 22, 1906, $154.00, address unknown.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
FRANK HAMMOND, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Cashier of the Greenwich Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.
FRANK HAMMOND.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 14th day of August, 1911.
RUDOLPH A. BAKER,
Notary Public of Kings County, No. 150.
Certificate Filed New York Co., No. 2325.
[Seal of Notary.]

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

Trinidad, Colorado, Sept. 11, 1911.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the notice of the redemption of certain bonds issued by the City of Trinidad, Colorado, bearing date October 1, 1901, and numbered from 1 to 70, inclusive, for the sum of $1,000 each, at the First National Bank in the City of New York on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1911, heretofore and on April 27, 1911, given and published by the Treasurer of the City of Trinidad, Colorado, is hereby rescinded.

Further notice of such redemption will be hereafter given in accordance with the provisions of the ordinance of the City Council of the City of Trinidad, Colorado, under which the bonds were issued.

Chapter 127 of the Session Laws of Colorado, 1911, became effective subsequent to the call for an election, at which it was proposed to vote upon refunding bonds to take up the above issue. Under the provisions of that Act the election cannot be held before November 1, 1911. This necessitates the withdrawal of said notice.

SOL H. JAFFA,
City Treasurer, Trinidad, Col.

PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION OF NEW JERSEY.

Newark, New Jersey, August 30, 1911.

To the holders of the five per cent three year collateral gold notes of Public Service Corporation of New Jersey dated October 1, 1910:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the five per cent three year collateral gold notes issued by said corporation under date of October 1, 1910, amounting to four million dollars, and secured by a trust agreement between said corporation and Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, as trustee, will be redeemed and paid, with accrued interest, at the office of said trust company in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on Monday the second day of October, 1911, after which date interest will cease to accrue.

JAMES P. DUSENBERRY, Treasurer.

All kinds of life and endowment insurance in the best company. Write to W. J. Madden, Mutual Life Building, 32 Liberty.

We offer

City of New York

Tax Exempt

Four Per Cent. Bonds

at Par and Interest

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of New York
28 Nassau Street

Fifth Avenue Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St. | London Office, 33 Lombard St., E. C.

Capital and Surplus - - $23,000,000
Deposits - - - - 33,000,000

Tax Assessment Day October 1st

We offer the following conservative investments and will arrange to make them tax exempt in New York State without charge other than the ⅛% tax.

	Yielding About
Chicago & Northwestern General 4s, 1987	4.10%
C., M. & St. P., C. & P. West. Div. First 5s, 1921	4.10%
Oregon-Wash. R. R. & Nav. Co. First 4s, 1961 Guaranteed by the Union Pacific Railroad	4.37%
Detroit River Tunnel Co. T. & T. First 4½s, 1961 Guaranteed by the Michigan Central Railroad	4.50%
Westchester Lighting Co. First 5s, 1950 Guaranteed by the Consolidated Gas Co.	4.70%
Lackawanna Steel Co. First 5s, 1923	5.10%

Kean, Taylor & Co

Telephone 3220 John
30 Pine Street, New York

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Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
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LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W. 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

DIVIDENDS.

Empire Trust Company

Main Office, 42 Broadway,
NEW YORK, September 19, 1911.

The Board of Directors of EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½%) upon the Capital Stock of the Company, payable September 30, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 23, 1911.

Checks will be mailed to each stockholder at the address last appearing on our books.

H. M. GOUGH, Secretary.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY DIVIDEND NO. 112

2% QUARTERLY
Payable October 2nd, 1911
To Stockholders of Record Sept. 20th, 1911.
Checks Mailed.
T. D. WEBB, Treasurer,
Nashville, Tenn.

THE McCRUM-HOWELL COMPANY
New York—Chicago.

The quarterly dividend of three-fourths of one per cent. has been declared on the Common Stock of the Company, payable October 1, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business September 22d, 1911. Books close at 3 P. M., Friday, September 22d, and reopen Monday, October 2d, 1911.

A. E. PFAHLER, Treasurer.

The Electric Storage Battery Company,

Allegheny Avenue and 19th Street,
Phila., Sept. 20th, 1911.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of one per cent. (1%) from the net earnings of the Company on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable Oct. 2d, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 23d, 1911. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treasurer.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY.

165 Broadway, New York September 21st, 1911.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the preferred stock, payable at its office on

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Local Issues in Most Trading Centres Hold Firm in Face of Slump Here.

SELLING OF SEARS-ROEBUCK

Chicago Market Sees Heavy Selling of This Issue—Local Stocks Firm in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Trading in the principal out-of-town markets was little influenced by the decline here.

Almost entirely ignoring the break in United States Steel the Philadelphia market displayed remarkable firmness throughout most of the session. A feature was the rise of Tonopah Belmont to close to 7 per share on the report of a rich strike. Other issues which showed good resisting tendencies were Philadelphia Rapid Transit, Union Traction, Reading, Tonopah Mining, and United Gas Improvement.

The Chicago market was weak in sympathy with the declines in New York. Liquidation in Sears-Roebuck continued the feature, and carried the price of the mail order stock below 124 before a partial recovery brought it back to just under 126. There were transactions in this issue approximating 5,000 shares. Early in the afternoon it was reported that supporting orders had been sent into the market, and a steadier tone developed in the stock. President Julius Rosenwald said that the company's officials are not paying any attention to the stock market. Business was satisfactory, he declared, and the outlook for the Fall trade good. Other stocks were inclined to weakness, especially Commonwealth Edison, which sold off over a point.

On the Boston Board Steel was very active. There was some selling of American Telephone and Shoe Machinery common, and both lost a little. Amalgamated was the only copper stock that showed any life; it lost a point or so.

Maryland Trust preferred sold up to 118 in Baltimore on the expectation that the stock would be retired at the end of the year at 120, the call price. While the demoralization of the New York market caused a spirit of cautiousness in trading, prices were but little affected, there being no pressure to sell.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
188	Electric Storage	51¼	51	51
240	General Asphalt	33½	33¼	33½
50	General Asphalt pf	73¼	73⅛	73⅛
5	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
50	Keystone Telephone	7	7	7
100	Lake Sup. Corp.	22	22	22
17	Lehigh Nav	86¼	86	86¼
55	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	86¼	86	86⅛
484	Lehigh Valley	78	77	77⅛
200	Lehigh. Val. Tr. t. c.	8	8	8
10	Northwest	139⅝	139⅝	139⅝
27	P. R. T.	21⅝	21¼	21¼
1,300	P. R. T. t. c.	22	21⅝	21⅝
265	Penna. R. R.	60	59⅝ 59	13-16
3	Penna. Salt. Mfg.	115¼	113¼	113½
475	Phila. Co.	49⅞	48¼	48¼
97	Phila. Co. pf.	42¼	42¼	42¼
1,415	Phila. Electric	16⅜	16⅛	16¼
4,435	Reading	69 7-16	68⅛ 68	13-16
5,270	Tonopah Belmont	6 15-16	6 11-16	6⅞
600	Tonopah Mining	6¼	6¼	6¼
856	U. G. I.	85⅞	85	85½
48,980	U. S. Steel	63⅝	58¼	58¼
13	U. S. Steel pf.	106⅜	106	106
10	Union Pacific	157⅞	157⅛	157⅞
154	Union Traction	49¼	49⅜	49½
100	W. & Va. Ry.	43½	43½	43½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
415	Crucible Steel	9¾	9	9¼
746	Crucible Steel pf.	75½	74	74½
10	Fireproofing	5¼	5¼	5¼
50	Fireproofing pf.	24	24	24
190	Independent Brew.	4	4	4
60	Independent Brew. pf.	23¼	23¼	23¼
510	Mfrs. L. & H.	22¾	22¼	22½
140	Ohio Fuel	41	40½	40½
220	Ohio Fuel Oil	6¾	6¾	6¾
748	Pittsburgh Brew.	16½	16	16¼
100	Pittsburgh Coal	17½	17½	17½
110	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	79½	78½	78½
29	Pitts. Plate Glass	105¼	105¼	105¼
150	Pure Oil	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
225	River Coal	10¾	10	10
200	River Coal pf.	33¼	33¼	33¼
2,000	San Toy	42c.	42c.	42c.
160	Union Switch	83½	81¼	82¼
175	U. S. Glass	33	33	33
340	U. S. Steel	62⅛	58⅞	59¾
120	West. Air Brake	144¾	144¾	144¾
755	Westinghouse Elec.	30¼	29⅞	30
155	Westinghouse Elec. pf	56	56	56

INSURANCE.

8	German Ins.	75	75	75

BONDS.

$1,000	Pitts., McK. & C. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
4,000	Pitts. Brewing 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.30
Alpha Con.	.06	Justice	.10
Andes	.06	Kentucky Con.	.07
Belcher	.43	Mexican	3.12½
Best & Belcher	.17	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.06	Ophir	1.02½
Caledonia	.32	Overman	.30
Challenge Con.	.16	Potosi	.20
Chollar	.12	Savage	.23
Confidence	.50	Sag Belcher	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.80	Sierra Nevada	.28
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.92
Crown Point	.50	Utah Con.	.05
Gould & Curry	.04	Yellow Jacket	.36
Hale & Norcross	.18		

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con. M.	5.75
Belmont	6.85	Goldfield Merger	.24
Jim Butler	.24	Great Bend	.04
McNamara	.18	Jumbo Extension	.25
Midway	.26	Lone Star	.05
Montana	.74	Red Hills	.02
North Star	.20	Sandstorm Kendall	.04
Tonopah Exten.	.94	St. Ives	.35
West End	.58	Silver Pick	.09
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	3.60
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.01	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Blue Bell	.01	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Combination Frac.	.08	Homestake King	.01
Booth	.08	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
C. O. D.	.08	Tramps Cons.	.02
Florence	1.27½		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5½	6	Jackpot	6	7
Elkton	60	60¾	McKinney	43¼	44
El Paso	57	57½	Old Gold	3⅞	4¼
Findlay	5	8	Portland	96	97
Gold Dollar	14⅞	15½	Vindicator	69	75½
Isabella	8¾	9	Jen. Samp.	6	6½

MELLEN STAYS IN NEW HAVEN

After Directors' Meeting It Is Said He Has No Thought of Resigning.

Following a meeting of the Board of Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company yesterday, it was officially denied that the rumored resignation of President Charles S. Mellen was considered.

"Mr. Mellen and the board are entirely harmonious. He has no thought of resigning," was the word given out at the general offices before the meeting, and at its close President McCrea of the Pennsylvania, one of the New Haven's Directors, talked in similar vein.

"Everything was harmonious, and we considered only routine matters," declared President McCrea on leaving the Directors' room. It had been rumored that the possibility of reducing the dividend rate would come up for discussion.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

Carolinas, Georgia—Probably showers Friday. Saturday probably fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Florida—Local showers Friday and probably Saturday; light to moderate variable winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, except probably showers on the coast; light to moderate variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; light to moderate variable winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

Utah—Unsettled Friday, probably showers by night. Saturday fair and cooler.

Oklahoma—Fair Friday. Saturday unsettled; cooler.

Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky—Fair Friday and probably Saturday.

Ohio—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; light to moderate variable winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday unsettled; cooler in northern portions; moderate southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Friday. Saturday unsettled, probably showers and cooler; moderate southerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Cloudy and cooler Friday. Saturday probably showers; moderate variable winds, becoming northerly.

Wisconsin—Fair Friday; cooler in northern portion. Saturday unsettled and cooler; moderate southerly, shifting to northerly winds.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers Friday night or Saturday. Moderate northerly winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday unsettled and cooler.

Dakotas—Unsettled and cooler Friday, probably rain by night. Saturday probably fair and continued cool.

Nebraska—Fair Friday, cooler by Friday night. Saturday unsettled and cooler.

Kansas—Fair Friday. Saturday unsettled and cooler.

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Atchison	102¾	101⅞	102¾
115	Boston Elevated	120½	120	120
10	Boston & Maine	100½	100¼	100½
10	Mass. Electric pf.	87½	87½	87½
232	N. Y., N. H. & H.	132⅜	132	132⅜
2	Northern of N. H.	140½	140½	140½
570	Union Pacific	158⅝	157	158¼
3	West End	86½	86½	86½
5	West End pf.	100	100	100

TELEPHONES.

1,264	American	135½	134½	134⅞
15	Western	16½	16½	16½
26	Western pf.	96½	95½	95½

MISCELLANEOUS.

135	Am. Agri. Chem.	50¼	50	50
3	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	103½	103½	103½
465	Am. Pneu. Service	3⅞	3¾	3¾
200	Am. Pneu. Service pf.	14½	14½	14½
130	Am. Sugar Ref.	115	115	115
77	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	116	115¾	115¾
62	Am. Woolen pf	90½	90	90
65	A., G. & W. I. SS. pf.	16	16	16
82	General Electric	147	144½	145
110	Mass. Gas	92	91½	92
10	Mass. Gas pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼
92	Mergenthaler	226	222½	222½
40	Portland Electric	64½	64	64
20	Pullman	154	154	154
95	Swift & Co.	100⅜	100½	100½
120	Torrington	29½	29	29
1	Torrington pf.	30	30	30
128	United Fruit	187	185	185
1,741	United Shoe Machine	41⅜	40⅝	41
30	Un. Shoe Machine pf.	27	27	27
19,342	U. S. Steel	62½	58¼	58¼
230	U. S. Steel pf.	109¾	105	106¼

MINING.

25	Algomah	3½	3½	3½
140	Allouez	23	23	23
4,185	Amalgamated	53⅞	51½	52
60	American Zinc	22½	22⅛	22⅛
40	Arizona Com.	98c	95c	95c
70	Boston & Corbin	4½	4½	4½
40	Butte Balaklala	4¼	4¼	4¼
30	Butte Coalition	14¾	14½	14⅜
245	Calumet & Arizona	48½	48	48
17	Calumet & Hecla	370	361	368
460	Chino	18	17⅝	17⅝
371	Copper Range	51¼	50½	50¾
340	East Butte	9¾	9⅝	9⅝
854	Franklin	6¾	6½	6¾
2,515	Giroux	3¾	3 7-16	3½
140	Granby Con.	30	29	29
540	Greene-Cananea	6	6	6
290	Hancock	18	18	18
30	Helvetia	75c	75c	75c
100	Indiana	6⅝	6¾	6¾
950	Inspiration	6⅞	6¾	6⅞
160	Island Creek	33½	33	33¼
50	*Island Creek pf.	83	83	83
35	Kerr Lake	3⅜	3¾	3⅜
400	Keweenaw	2	2	2
375	Lake	24¼	23½	24
225	Mayflower	95c	90c	95c
100	Miami	17½	17½	17½
45	Mohawk	39	38	38
160	Nevada Con.	16¾	16½	16¾
75	New Arcadian	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
40	Nipissing	8	7¾	8
870	North Butte	23¼	22½	22½
150	Old Colony	1¼	1¼	1¼
5	Osceola	85	85	85
100	Parrot	8½	8	8
133	Quincy	61	60	60
150	Ray Con.	13	12⅝	12⅝
65	Shannon	7¾	7¾	7¾
50	Superior	23	23	23
95	Tamarack	20¾	20	20
125	Trinity	3⅛	3	3
650	Tuolumne	3 9-16	3½	3½
200	U. S. Smelting	32	31½	32
57	U. S. Smelting pf.	46⅝	46½	46½
350	Utah Con.	12	11½	11½
215	Utah Copper	41¾	41	41⅝
35	Wolverine	95	91	92

BONDS.

$7,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼
21,000	Arizona Com. 6s	44	44	44
1,000	C., B. & Q. Joint 4s	95¾	95¾	95¾
3,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
2,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	116½	116½	116½
1,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	United Fruit 4½s, 1925	96	96	96
1,000	U. S. Steel 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
1,000	West End 4s, 1915	99½	99½	99⅝

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	American Can	9¾	9½	9¼
50	Amer. Can pf.	81⅞	81	81½
20	Booth Fisheries	41	41	41
505	Booth Fisheries pf.	66	63	63
146	Chi. Elev. Ry. pf.	88	88	88
483	Chi. Pneu. Tool	42⅞	40	41¼
25	Chi. Rys. Series 2	27¾	27¾	27¾
25	Chi. Rys. Series 3	15	15	15
250	Chi. Subways	2	2	2
10	Chi. Telephone	119	119	119
200	Com. Edison	134½	133	133½
310	Diamond Match	100¼	99	99
310	Illinois Brick	52¼	52	52¼
110	Hart, S. & M. pf.	101¾	101¼	101¾
50	McCrum Howell	46	46	46
325	People's Gas	103	102½	102½
4,670	Sears-Roebuck	127	123¾	125¾
575	Swift & Co.	100¼	100¼	100¾
75	United Boxboard	1¾	1¾	1¾
905	U. S. Steel	59⅛	58	58

BONDS.

$5,000	Chi. Rys 1st 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
5,000	Com. Edison 5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Amal. Copper	52¼	52¼	52¼
200	Am. Milling	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
100	Am. Railways	44	44	44
200	Am. Smelting	66	66	66
400	Cambria Steel	42¼	41½	41½
100	Erie	31½	31⅛	31⅛

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SCHOOLS.

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FIGHT OVER DOSCHER ESTATE

Three Sons of Sugar Refiner Charge Sister with Mismanagement.

An estate of $5,000,000 left by the late Claus Doscher, a sugar refiner, to his six children is involved in a contest between three of his sons and a daughter. The suit was argued yesterday before Surrogate Ketcham in Brooklyn.

The removal of Mrs. Gesine Engel, a daughter, as administratrix and trustee is the object of the suit brought by her brothers, Henry, John, and Charles.

The brothers charge that Mrs. Engel has refused to sign papers and documents, and that by her mismanagement the estate has lost money. They assert that she has acted under the influence of her husband, Louis G. Engel, who is said to be strongly prejudiced against the Doschers.

Bomb Carrier Is Indicted.

Giovanni Rizzo, who is alleged to have carried dynamite bombs in a tray with milk bottles as he went about the east side as a deliveryman for a milk dealer, was indicted yesterday by the Grand Jury. He will be tried in General Sessions on the charge that on Sept. 14 he had in his possession a deadly weapon and that he placed it in the hallway of 356 East Thirteenth Street and lit the fuse. Rizzo is in the Tombs, having waived examination before Magistrate Barlow.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Animation was lacking during the entire session with price changes small and unimportant. A decided absence of aggressiveness was noticeable, with the list ruling at small declines during the day. Nervousness as to the probable outcome of the Canadian election led to evening up of contracts, but it was the general opinion that the result of the election would only have a temporary effect.

News developments were of an ordinary character and therefore produced but a minimum of effect. Early cable advices were a shade disappointing and reflected a continuation of good crop prospects in large producing countries abroad. Private reports from Argentina indicated an increased area of about 12 per cent., with weather conditions favorable, while reports from India and Russia were encouraging and offerings more liberal. The precipitation in the American and Canadian Northwest led to scattered complaints, but as clearing conditions were promised the effect of these advices was not apparent.

Northwest movement was liberal, receipts amounting to 698 cars and 416 at Winnipeg, against 824 and 649 last year, respectively. Argentine exports to-day are expected to be about 800,000 bushels, against over 1,000,000 bushels last year. It appears as though Spring wheat movement in this country is being readily taken care of, while foreigners do not seem worried at this time as to future supplies, as export inquiry is extremely slow. In fact it has been intimated that considerable unsold wheat has been consigned to foreign ports from seaboard points. The Price Current report confirmed private dispatches at hand recently, stating that weather conditions are highly favorable for new Winter wheat, with an increased acreage anticipated.

Cash No. 2 red quoted at 97c, elevator, export basis, and 98¾c free on board, afloat, for export; No. 2 hard, $1.02½; No. 1 Northern, $1.10¼; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.09.

CORN.—Light offerings from the country were reflected in relative firmness of the cash market and spot options, but trading in futures continues uninteresting. Bulls claim that moisture is excessive at this time and impeding the progress of the plant toward maturity, but as there were no indications of unseasonably cool weather, apprehension on this account was not great. Sentiment is inclined toward the buying side, but with little aggressiveness at present, despite confidence expressed that the food crop situation warrants a higher level of values. The export demand is slower and domestic cash inquiry only about fair. Cash No. 2 Western quoted at 75c, elevator, domestic basis, and 74½c, free on board, afloat, for export.

OATS.—Trade was featureless. Pressure was in small volume and generally the inclination was to await the result of the vote on reciprocity. The steadiness of other markets discouraged selling. Cash standards, quoted at 40¼c; No. 2 white, 50c; No. 3 white, 49c.

PROVISIONS.—There was considerable weakness during the early trade, despite a slight improvement noted in the cash demand. Packing interests were liberal sellers, but short covering in the late session brought about a partial recovery. Patrick Cudahy was quoted as being extremely bearish on the situation.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	..	..	98¾	98⅝
December	1.01¾	1.01¼	1.01⅝	1.01⅝
May	..	..	1.07	1.07
Lard—				
Cash			9.40@9.55	9.30
September			9.40@9.55	9.30
October			9.40@9.55	9.30
November			9.25@9.55	9.20
December			9.05@9.20	9.10
January			9.05@9.15	9.10
March			9.05@9.15	9.10
May			9.05@9.15	9.10

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	92¼	91¾	91¾	92½
December	95⅞	95⅜	95⅝	95⅞
May	1.01¾	1.01¼	1.01⅜	1.01⅝
Corn—				
September	68⅛	67½	68⅛	67⅝
December	64⅛	63¾	64	64
May	65⅞	65¼	65⅞	65½
Oats—				
September	43⅝	43	43⅜	43⅛
December	45⅜	45	45¼	45¼
May	48¼	47⅝	47⅞	48⅛
Lard—				
September	9.27½	9.17½	9.27½	9.25
October	9.27½	9.15	9.27½	9.25
December	8.92½	8.87½	8.92½	8.90
January	8.92½	8.80	8.87½	8.87½
May	8.92½	8.82½	8.90	8.90
Ribs—				
October	8.50	8.40	8.50	8.45
January	8.00	7.90	7.95	7.97½
May	8.05	7.95	8.00	8.02½
Pork—				
January	15.15	14.90	15.12½	15.10
May	15.15	14.92½	15.12½	15.10

COTTONSEED OIL.

The September option scored an advance of over 40 points during the session on belated covering of shorts. The strength of the spot situation discouraged selling of other months to a great extent, but on reports that crude was offered more freely with buyers reducing bids, the speculative demands received a check. The recent course of land and cotton values is still exerting a bearish effect in some quarters, but pending an accumulation of supplies aggressiveness on the bear side is limited. Crude oil quoted at 4.60 to 4.80.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.35	7.05
September	7.50	7.10	7.45	7.05
October	5.93	5.89	5.90	5.93
November	5.75	5.71	5.74	5.75
December	5.75	5.71	5.73	5.75
January	5.75	5.71	5.73	5.75
February	..	..	5.75	5.77
March	5.78	5.76	5.78	5.79

COTTON.

Although at one period of the session the list declined to new low grounds for the movement, there was more resistance shown to the downward tendency. Buying by shorts was in large volume, but it was apparent that as sentiment had not changed materially, considerable of this demand was predicated upon the idea that the slump in the market had been a severe one, and a partial recovery was but natural. Confidence is shown by the bears, however, which claims that liquidation has not been completed, while it was also asserted that crop prospects are still bright, with receipts liberal, resulting in further accumulation at Southern points, so that no particular steadiness of spot markets is anticipated at this time, unless the inquiry from trade sources, which is of a very conservative nature, improves.

Weather advices were on the whole favorable, although complaints were received as the result of heavy precipitation in parts of the Central West. There were predictions from private sources that this section of the belt would probably experience a wet period, which is not desirable at this time, but fears were allayed, however, to a great extent, by an official statement from the New Orleans Bureau that no storm or hurricane was in sight in the Gulf at this time, while other official forecasts indicated nothing unusual.

Cables from Liverpool were somewhat steadier than anticipated, but no significance was attached to this. It is noticeable that foreign market letters are generally of a bearish tenor, and in some instances more so than opinions expressed in local sources. Trade conditions at Manchester are good, and some expectations are for a further improvement at that centre, with the crystallized Moroccan situation and gradual improvement in regard to the recent uprisings in China and other foreign countries. Trade demand in the local market is still in evidence on the scale down, with some assertions that the dry goods market has divorced itself temporarily from the movement of raw material. It was stated that the undertone in certain grades was firm, despite the recent decline in the cotton market, with business fair, operating losses therefore being lessened.

Southern spot markets yesterday were unchanged to 5-16 lower, and while there was more or less pressure from the South, it was not so persistent as the past few days. The local spot market was .05c decline, with middlings 11.15c. Into sight figures to-day are expected to be, approximately, 390,000 bales, which will compare with 300,000 bales last week and 321,000 bales a year ago.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	10.90	10.81	10.88@10.89	10.85
October	10.80	10.67	10.77@10.79	10.74
November	10.75	10.74	10.74@10.76	10.73
December	10.87	10.67	10.84@10.86	10.76
January	10.83	10.65	10.81@10.82	10.72
February	10.84	10.84	10.83@10.84	10.76
March	10.95	10.78	10.92@10.93	10.85
April	..	..	10.94@10.95	10.89
May	11.06	10.87	11.03@11.05	10.96
July	10.97	10.97	11.01@11.04	10.95

Market very steady at 1 to 9 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was active, sales aggregating 139,250 bags, and closing unchanged for September, and 14 to 19 points net higher for other positions. For the first time since 1895, the whole list was quoted above the 12 cent mark. There was heavy buying for foreign account.

The principal feature was a sale of 100,000 bags of spot coffee, believed to represent the balance of the holdings of the Valorization coffee purchased last April and offered throughout the country at prices below local spot quotations.

Cost and freight offers from Brazil were 10 to 15 points higher. Havre was ¾ to ½ franc higher, Hamburg on the 2 P. M. cable was ½ to 1 pfenning advance. Rio advanced 50 reis, while Santos was up 100 reis, and showed an additional advance of 50 reis on the special cable. Spot coffee, 13¾c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	12.51	12.48	12.48@12.49	12.48
October	12.40	12.35	12.40@12.45	12.25
November	..	..	12.35@12.37	12.16
December	12.30	12.20	12.29@12.30	12.13
January	..	..	12.20@12.21	12.03
Febraury	..	..	12.17@12.19	12.00
March	12.15	12.07	12.14@12.15	11.97
April	..	..	12.14@12.15	11.97
May	12.14	12.07	12.14@12.15	11.97
June	..	..	12.14@12.15	11.97
July	12.15	12.08	12.14@12.15	11.97
August	..	..	12.14@12.15	11.97

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT.—Special Term.—Part 1.—Bijur, J. 1—Davis v. Wilson. 2—Popick v. Popick. 2½—Gershenowitz v. Lieberman. 3—Nelson v. Stanley. 4—Adams v. Barrett. 5—Lang v. Bray. 6—Lumb v. Lamb. 7—Matter of Spitz. 8—O'Connell v. Penn R R. 9—Monroe v. Monroe. 10—Hill v. Levy. 11—Shatz v. Shatz. 12—Rhinelander v. Harbater. 13—Solomon v. Star Co. 14—Abel v. Levinson. 15—Abrams v. Murphy Hotel Co. 16—Goepel v. Kurtz Auction Co. 18—Kovacs v. Rakoczy Kuryez Sick, &c., Society. 19—Archer v. Archer. 20—Barbig v. Gmelin. 21—Gustman v. Gustman. 22—Benn v. Benn. 23—Perlman v. McKinley Realty, &c., Co. 24—Koehler v. Wilson. 25—Blum v. Blum. 26—In re McClellan. 27—In re McGuiness. 28—Miller v. Miller. 29—Dellenoci v. Dellenoci. 30—In re Andrews-March Mfg Co. 31—In re O'Connor Const Co. 32—Vaughan v. Vaughan. 33—Hartog Candy Co v. Resichman. 34—Poland v. Poland. 35—Sterry v. Sterry. 36—Silliaci v. Gillings. 37, 38—Bracken v. Toland. 39—Schroff v. Schroff. 40—Coutant v. Mason. 41—People v. Brooks. 42—Flaster v. Flaster. 43—Held v. McGehan. 44—Clark v. Clark. 45—Wald v. Wald. 46—McCubbin v. Son v. Rolf. 47—English v. Bates. 48—Klenow v. Klenow. 49—Carter v. Carter. 50—Braun v. Hoffman. 51—Lipper v. Matheson Auto Co. 52—The White Co v. Truesdell. 53—Siclari v. Siclari. 54—Pecoraro v. Pecoraro. 55—In re Cican. 56—Greene v. Greene. 57—Gruenwald v. Gruenwald. 58—Hirsch v. Hirsch. 59—Mendes v. Martin. 60—De Rosa v. Piercy. 61—Beaumont v. Borden. 62—Laska v. Harris. 63—McWhirter v. McWhirter. 64—Toney v. Spraggins. 65—Acken v. Acken. 66—Continental Finance Co v. Southack. 67—Augenzucker v. Deixler. 68—Muller v. city of Phila. 69—Steinberg v. Steinberg. 70—In re David. 71—Tanseer v. Schomer. 72—Lampert v. Smedley. 73—12th Ward Bank v. Ferris. 74—Schwartz v. Schwartz. 75—Wertheimer v. Wertheimer. 76—Frusher v. Cauum Dyeing Mach Co. 77—Johns v. Crane. 78—Levey v. Horowitz. 79—Ungrich v. Ungrich. 80—Loubet v. Landiz.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gavegan, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, J.—Motion calendar. Ann E Schneider, Caroline M Gregory, Julia L Rapp, William E Allen, Charles T Yerkes, Cornelius Driscoll, Mary Cosgrove, Alexander Miller, John Morrison, Henry Kohlmann, Mary Cahill, Rachel McCauley, Elizabeth Byrnes or Hastings, James Williams, James L McCarthy, Richard Daly, David J Daly, James Dunphy, Ida Dietz, Alfred Dietz, Emily Dietz, Mamie Cerulli, Thomas Cerulli, Louis Cerulli, Esther Alexander or Merinelstein, Sarah Weintraub, Abraham Altman, Charles F Parsons, Charles B Read, Giuseppe Greco, Antinino Lofaso, Conceita Franko, Francis F Reed or Reid, Ellen E Driscoll, Ellen E Driscoll, Charles Daume, Daniel E. Daume, Mensche Lokshinsky, John F Garvey, Isaac Wagman, Fannie W Brown, Alfred Davis, Theodore Schmalholz, Rebecca Hochman, Herman W Eichelbaum, Fishel Grossman, Hermine Pollak, Anna Fceny, Conrad Scheer, Angelica H Ambler, Catherine Maher, Alexander Miller, James S Inglis, Maria Malcke, Vito S Ferrari, Daniel Holland, Louisa Schnell, William B Ferguson, Theodore Koven, Hannah M Hynes, Benjamin Oppenheim, Sigmund Hirsch, Benjamin F Batchelder, Hannah Ikelheimer, Kate Cuffe, John F Garvey, Robert J Willoughby, Angelo Barbatiello, David J Daly, Richard T Daly, Hannah Meyers, Fritz Scholber, Mary Spellman, Louis Goldberg, Charles Green, Robert T Clinch, Elizabeth Nosco, Magdalena Beilstein, Frank E Stevens, Hannah Cottlow, Ann Moloney or Maloney, Josephine Turner, Marx Cohen, Charlotte Urig, Cecilio A Delgado, Elsik Rosenstock, Emanuel Wallach, David P Morgan, William H H Moore, Oscar H Miner, Dora Landsberger, James A Ruthven, Charles T Parsons, Isabelle P Taylor, Vaccarino Fortunato, Anna Berghorn, Julia M Stimson, John M Quicke, Henry Hilton, Annie Crump, Harriet B Pinkham, Mary E Bayley, Solomon Marx, Margareta Damiano, Henry Moses, Thomas F McDowell, Simeon Farrell, Salomon F Andrews, Louise Dexheimer, Henry S Le Clercq, Israel Shapiro, Simon Goldenberg, Catherine McGee, Ellen L Othmer, William Kahn, Joseph B Coehlan, Benjamin Bachman, Catharine Ott, George McKennett, Jr., Mary K Richardson, William L Van Nest, Eugene H Mason, Louis Strasburger, Mary G Pinkney, John Quinn, Patrick Tuttle, Henry S Le Clercq, Margaret Fleming, Charles T Siemers, Charles E Ball, Georgiana Adams, Meca A Curtiss, Emeline Egbertson, Eliza W C Higginson, Theophilus P Saulnier, Gabriel D Clark, Patrick Flanagan, Henry Nobel, Henry Nobel. Wills for probate. John H Dye, Mary Falkenberg, Albert J Lohn, Leonie Gillis, Benj B Ettlinger, Emily J Williams, Jennie Stock, Helene J Goldsmith, Michael J Kelly, Nathan Libeman, Louis Schuh, Eliza V Rushmore, John Gross.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Dempsey v. Bowery Sav Bank—Franklin Leonard, Jr. Same v. Greenwich Sav Bank—Same. Same v. Seaman's Sav Bank—Same. Same v. Bank of Sav—Same. Same v. Emigrant Ind Sav Bank—Same. In re Heyer—Joseph Rowan, McKee v. Thomas—Jacob Katz. In re McVicker—Clifford S Bostwich. Richardson v. Tanner—Michael J. Horan. Ludewig v. Basselman—John D Warner. Bucht v. Rauss—Dwight W. De Mott. Phraner v. Sutton—David Wischer. In re Rogers—Ignatius M Wilkenson. Nethercatt v. Nethercatt—James F Curnen. Rochm v. D'Ambra—John W. Romer.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. In re Gillroy—John H Taylor. Mut Life Ins Co v. Goldberg—Eli Rosenberg. In re City N Y, (unnamed st)—Wilson B Brice. Natl Surety Co v. De Celcco—Wilber Larremare. Fidelity Dev Co v. Mahler—Nathan Perlman.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT.—Platt, J.—252—Hargrow v. Hart. 237—Desalvo v. Record Pub. Co. 225—Linehan v. New York Tel. Co. 236—Taylor v. Braccini. 186—Lunnia v. Catuso. 240—Proctor v. Rogowsky. 250—Ayles v. Bradley. 206—Coon v. Coon. 235—Adams v. Rutledge. 241—Brewer v. Mohr.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Awarded Honorable Mention.—Acting Detective Sergeants, First Grade—Charles S. Corrao, Edward J. Castano, and Peter Dondero, Detective Bureau, Manhattan.

Pensions at $700 Per Annum.—Patrolmen—Andrew Maroney, Bridge Precinct A, on his own application. Appointed April 21, 1882. On Police Surgeons' Certificate—Owen McNamee, 20th Precinct; appointed Jan. 28, 1891. George Rogan, 77th Precinct; appointed June 26, 1889. George W. Hammond, 151st Precinct; appointed March 6, 1893. Joseph S. White, Special Court Squad; appointed April 2, 1889.

Appointment.—Probationary Patrolman—John E. Sheedy, Jr.

Transfers.—Lieutenants—William Capper, 15th to 29th Precinct; Thomas H. F. Kelly, 29th to 15th Precinct; Antonio F. Vachris, 63d to 77th Precinct; Charles N. Farley, 77th to 63d Precinct.

Traffic Sergeants—M. F. O'Neill, 1st to 18th Precinct; J. Barry, 2d to 18th Precinct.

Patrolmen—P. H. Dimond, 276th to 35th Precinct; M. Harvey, 277th to 35th Precinct; H. E. Weber, 277th to 35th Precinct; D. P. Stapleton, 287th to 35th Precinct; E. Webb, 278th to 21st Precinct; T. A. O'Brien, 281st to 26th Precinct; J. Murphy, 281st to 26th Precinct; E. Krohn, 282d to 146th Precinct; F. Hansen, 282d to 146th Precinct; H. G. Corell, 23d to 63d Precinct; L. Gambardella, 12th Precinct to C. O. Squad; M. Imbriale, 146th to C. O. Squad; P Lynam, 150th to 148th Precinct; J. F. Haggerty, 26th, and T F. Donohue, 28th, to Detective Bureau, as Acting Detective Sergeants, second grade; W. J. Kidney, 7th to 25th Precinct, as driver of patrol wagon.

Probationary Patrolmen, School for Recruits to precincts indicated: J. J. Ackerman, 31; P. Berkery, 32; J. Byrnes, 146; G. T. Daggett, 26; D. H. Eberle, 35; H. G. Ford, 28; W. G. Gieselman, 32; H. S. Greene, 21; T. Jeffrey, 31; W. J. Kenny, 146; B. Laventhal, 35; T. A. Malley, 26; F. G. Marron, 146; E. D. Munson, 146; J. O'Rourke, 26; C. H. Reilly, 29; L. Rickes, 35; H. H. Schwarz, 32; C. F. Scheid, 31; E. L. Smith, 32; W. S. Whipple, 28; T. Berry, 34; I. Brush, 26; J. J. Connors, 35; J. Doran, 39; P. Fee, 21; F. J. Gieselman, 5; F. J. Gorman, 6; C. Innes, 43; F. E. Johansson, 9; A. Kollmer, 25; F. F. Long, 1; W. J. Manning, 15; A. Mealli, 16; J. W. McDonough, 17; I. B. Reeder, 26; J. Renz, 35; H. Rohkohl, 43; T. J. Shea, 39; W. Sinnott, 31; E. F. Whelan, 32; W. J. White, 29; A. Johnson, 1.

Patrolmen remanded from drivers of patrol wagons to patrol duty in precincts indicated: E. J. Keating, 276; F. A. Smith, 277; W. C. Vail, 278; A. C. Fash, 281; W. A. Pohlers, 282; F. E. Buckley, 283; H. Klomberg, 290; E. Dunn, 276; E. McDonald, 277; J. H. Whalen, 278; M. J. Dollard, 281; P. Hant, 282; W. H. Hurley, 283; J. J. Coz, 290.

Permitted to leave city: Patrolman H. J. Heemsath, 35th Precinct, for 30 days sick leave.

Relieved from suspension, Probationary Patrolman Hugo Mayer, School for Recruits.

Revocation of appointment as special patrolman, J. W. Maher, Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company.

Fire Department.

Pensioned after more than twenty years service: Fireman William Casiman, Engine 79, at $700 per annum.

Appointments: Thomas J. Coldie, steamfitter to repair shops, Manhattan; J. P. Coyle, pipe fitter to Bureau of Repairs, Manhattan.

Detailed continued: Firemen John D. Halloran, Engine 23 to Engine 20 for twenty days.

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Will Open for the Lakewood Resort Season on Saturday, September 30th.
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IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY.
Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by tram or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

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The Ferns, Napanoch, N. Y.—First-class house, all improvements, beautifully located; delightful months in mountains; special rates until February.

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to really know the possibilities of that most delightful season, under ideal conditions.
Climate Just Right — Bright, Snappy Days; Cool, Delightful Nights.
Cuisine and Hotel — Just to your liking, Comfortable, Cozy, Homelike.
For the Days — Tennis, Golf, Motoring, Riding, Hunting.
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White Sulphur Springs Hotel
On the Main Line of C. & O. Ry.
Open Until October 15th
For booklets, terms, reservations, etc., address Geo. F. Adams, Mgr., White Sulphur Springs, W. Va
If you prefer the Seashore,
Hotel Chamberlin, Old Point Comfort, Virginia, is also under the management of Mr. Adams. New York Office, 1,122 Broadway. Telephone 1872 Madison Square.

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Enjoy Autumn's charms and attractiveness at THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE,
WATER GAP HOUSE
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Highest altitude, overlooking all other hotels and surrounding country. Acknowledged to be unquestionably the finest hotel in every respect in this region; entertains 500 guests. Interesting Sept. and Oct. rates. Write for handsome booklet and auto maps. JOHN PURDY COPE.

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DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Leading hotel; steam heat, open fires, etc. Write for Booklet, Auto Maps. Special September and October rates. Cafe and Grill. G. FRANK COPE.

SURROGATE CITATION.

DURR, LOUIS.—THE PEOPLE OF THE State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to LEISEL DILGER SAMEY, Jane Dilger Samey, Eda Dilger Koehler, Dr. Anton Dilger, Pauline Dilger Durr, Josephine Dilger Keyser, Carl Dilger, Emmie Dilger, Louis Dilger, Eric Dilger, Hubert Dilger, Jr.; Hubert Dilger, Jr., Executor of the last will and testament of Hubert Dilger, deceased; Arthur D. Weekes, Executor of the last will and testament of Richard L. Parish, deceased; Sophia Farrelly, Executrix of the last will and testament of James Farrelly, deceased, if living, and if dead, her executors, administrators, heirs at law, and next of kin, and to all persons interested in the one-sixth part of the estate of Louis Durr, deceased, held in trust for Hubert Dilger, as creditors, persons claiming to be creditors or as issue of Hubert Dilger, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records in the County of New York, on the 15th day of October, 1911, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Henry de Forest Weekes as Trustee for Hubert Dilger under the last will and testament of Louis Durr, deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said [Seal.] County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. ROBERT LUDLOW FOWLER, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 11th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven. DANIEL J. DOWDNEY, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

WEEKES BROTHERS, Attorneys for Petitioner, No. 45 William Street, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

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FALL RIVER LINE via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., ft. Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

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NEW BEDFORD LINE To New Bedford, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket and Cape Cod points. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. of Clarkson St., week days only at 6:00 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

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Tickets, &c., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and Piers.

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Sailings from Pier 15, North River, foot Barclay St., New York, Daily and Sunday, at 4 P. M. All-the-Way-by-Water. For full information apply to
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The Most Charming
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Sailings from New Pier 20, East River, New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 5 P. M. For full information apply to
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BOSTON, via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
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From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
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From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St.
For NEWBURGH, POKEEPSIE, & KINGSTON, Week-days, 4:00 P. M. West 129th St., 4:30 P. M.
For NEWBURGH, week-days, 5:00 P. M.; SUNDAYS, 9:00 A. M. West 129th St., 5:30 P. M.

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From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for Illustrated Folder.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
S. S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC. (25,000 TONS.)
SAILS SEPT. 28, 10 A. M.

GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA
S. S. HAMBURG (11,000 TONS.)
SAILS SEPT. 26, 1 P. M.

ATLAS SERVICE
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO
CUBA, JAMAICA, PANAMA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, COSTA RICA
New Prinz Steamers (5,000 Tons).
Next Sailing Prinz Aug. Wilhelm, Sept. 23 At 2 P. M.
To SANTIAGO (in 4½ days); KINGSTON, COLON (PANAMA), BOCAS DEL TORO, PORT LIMON.
Connecting PERU-CHILE To and From PANAMA.
—Special Round Trip Rates—
For Berths in all locations excepting Suites,
SANTIAGO, JAMAICA, $65.
PANAMA CANAL, $112.50.

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
CINCINNATI.....Sept. 23, 11 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..Sept. 28, 10 A. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN.....Oct. 3, 9 A. M.
VICTORIA LUISE.....Oct. 7, 10 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
§S. S. HAMBURG.....Sept. 26, 1 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.....Oct. 12
‡S. S. CLEVELAND (World Cruise).Oct. 21
‡Will have accommodations for limited number of passengers to ITALY via MADEIRA and GIBRALTAR.
§Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

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ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD

TRIPLE SCREW 45,324 TONS 882½ FT. LONG
OLYMPIC
SAILS OCT. 21, 11 A.M. NOV. 11, Noon
French a La Carte Restaurant.
Turkish and Electric Baths, Swimming Pool, Four Elevators, Gymnasium, Verandah Cafe, Palm Court.

St. Paul, Sept. 23, 9:30 A. M.
Finland, Sept. 23, 10:00 A. M.
Oceanic, Sept. 23, 12:00 Noon
Minnewaska, Sept. 23, 10:30 A. M.

American Line Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul.....Sept. 23 | St. Louis.....Oct. 7
Philadelphia.....Sept. 30 | New York.....Oct. 14

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnewaska..Sept. 23, 10:30 AM | Minnetonka..Oct. 7
Minneapolis..Sept. 30, 11:30 AM | Minnehaha...Oct. 14

Red Star Line Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Finland.....Sept. 23 | Lapland (new).....Oct. 7
Vaderland.....Sept. 30 | Kroonland.....Oct 14

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherb

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Two Big Deals in the Fort Washington Section Aggregate Over $1,000,000—Corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street Reputed Sold—Bronx and Suburban Sales.

Two big sales of Fort Washingtonnue, recently occupied by the Shaus Gallery, has been rented to Caroline Himebaugh, bookseller, under a short-term lease with a cancellation clause.

The Frank L. Fisher Company has leased for Annie Roundey the three-story Queen Anne private dwelling 165 West Seventy-fourth Street for a term of years.

Edward J. Hogan has leased for Dr. Nathan Bozeman the premises 67 West Forty-ninth Street for a term of years to Mrs. Mary F. Smith. Columbia College leasehold.

William A. White & Sons, in conjunction with the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, have leased to the S. M. Robins Company the store and basement 35 Broadway for a long term of years.

William A. White & Sons, in conjunction with the Duross Company, has leased for Elizabeth A. Halligan to the Autocar Sales Company for a term of years the building 437 West Nineteenth Street.

$1,000,000 West Side Apartment.

Plans have been filed for a $1,000,000 twelve-story apartment house on the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and 114th Street for the Riverside Drive Realty Company, of which Arlington O. Hall is President. It will have a frontage of 184.4 feet on the street by 76.1 feet on the drive, with accommodations for eighty-seven families. C. Ajello is the architect.

Animal Society To Build.

Plans have been filed for building a one and two-story garage, stable, and animal shelter on the southwest corner of Avenue A and Twenty-fourth Street for the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. It will have a frontage of 98.9 feet and a depth of 81.5 feet. Renwick, Aspinwall & Tucker, the architects, estimate the cost at $40,000.

• Notes.

N. Sorracino has been commissioned to prepare plans for the Convent of the Sisters of St. Ursula of the Blessed Virgin. Building to be erected on a plot 45 by 99.11 feet, situated on the north side of 142d Street, 180 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue. The structure will be five stories and cellar, Gothic style, light gray brick, limestone trim, and copper cornice.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

105th St, 323 and 325, n s, 280 ft e of 2d Av, 40x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale to Julius Bachrach, a party in interest; $33,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Monroe St, 257, n s, 200.8 ft w of Jackson St, 24.10x93.1x25.2x93.5, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Johanna Bach; $26,500.

At 3,156 3d Av.

By Joseph P. Day.

Anthony Av, 174 and 176, e s, 200 ft s of Prospect Place, 50.2x90x83.6x92.4, two two-story dwellings; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Lena Sternstein, for $1,000 over prior liens.

Nelson Av, s e corner of Seton Av, runs s 125x e to Amundson Av x n 125x w 200; also, Nelson Av, s e corner of Amundson Av, 200x100; also, Hill Av, w s, 298.4 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 50x100; also, Hill Av, e s, 87.9 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 75x100; also, Hill Av, e s, 475 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 25x100; also, Kingsbridge Road, s s, 89.3 ft e of Hill Av, 29.1x84.3x25x101.1; also, Kingsbridge Road, s s, 91.11 ft w of Monticello Av, 29.4x145.10x25x181.3; also, Amundson Av, w s, 180 ft s of Jefferson Av, 50x100; also, Amundson Av, w s, 200 ft s of Jefferson Av, 300x100; also, Murdock Av, e s, 139.6 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 300x100; also, Kingsbridge Road, s e corner of Murdock Av, runs s 159.6x e 200 to Hill Av x n 236.6x n w — x s w — to beginnings, Edenwald; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, North Central Realty Company; $22,875.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

96th St, n s, 51 ft e of Riverside Drive, for a one-story garage, 100x90; L. F. Mahoney, owner; R. T. Lyons, architect; cost....$20,000

17th St, n s, 300.3 ft e of 5th Av, for a seven-story loft, 25x67.8; J. A. Dansey Construction Co., owner; G. & E. Blum, architects; cost....$35,000

Avenue A, s w corner of 24th St, for a one and two story garage, stable, and animal shelter, 98.9x81.5; American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, owner; Renwick, Aspinwall & Tucker, architects; cost.....$40,000

Riverside Drive, n e corner of 114th St, for a twelve-story apartment house, 76.1x184.4; Riverside Drive Realty Co., owner; G. Ajello, architect; cost $1,000,000

152d St, 419, for a one-story brick store, 22x40; Stanley Ginsberg, 795 East 160th St., owner; Ginsberg & Risnyk, architects; cost.....$1,800

Aqueduct Av, s w corner of Van Courtlandt Park South, for a one-story frame store, 40x100; Charles Dickerson, 2 Rector Street, owner; M. J. Garvin, architect; cost $1,000

Aqueduct Av, n w corner of Sedgwick Av, for a two-story frame lodging house, 40x100; Mary L. Hillhouse, 2 Rector St, owner; M. J. Garvin, architect; cost $3,000

221st St, n s, 50.1 ft e of Carpenter Av, for a one-story frame storage building, 7x10; Wilhelmina Schmidt, 324 East 157th St, owner; M. J. Garvin, architect; cost $50

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 21.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 200 ft s of Prospect Place, 59.2x90x83.6x92.4, foreclosed and dated Sept. 21; to Max S. Levine, referee, to Lena Sternstein, 512 12th St, Brooklyn; attorney, J. A. Seidman, 61 Park Row.....$1,000

AUSTIN PLACE, n s, 72.8 ft e of 144th St, 175x irregular; Borough Cut Stone Co. to Southern Bronx Cut Stone Co., Austin Place, near 144th St, (mtg $17,000,) Sept. 20; attorney, M. Mayer, 52 William St.....$100

BEACH AV, 1,352, Henry Sonnet to John Sonnet, 1,354 Beach Av, Sept. 21; attorney, L. S. Quackenbush, 78 East 96th St.....$100

BELMONT AV, w s, Lots 248 and 249, map of Cambreleng and others, Fordham, 50x87.6; Meyer Goldberg and others to Carmela Buonggromo, 2,454 Belmont Av, (mtg $17,000 and all liens,) Sept. 21; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row.....$1

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, at centre line of 153d St, runs s 25x100; Floyd W. Davis to Samuel Green, 200 West 71st St, Sept. 19; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

GRAND AV, 2,535, w s, 50x106; Frederick C. Heizenroeder to Julia G. Clinch, 337 East 140th St, Sept. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

JOHNSON ST, e s, Lot 45, map of J. E. Bullard & Co., adjoining South Mt. Vernon, N. Y., 25x100; George J. Mosgrove to Robert McKeand, Mt. Vernon, correction of deed, July 27; attorney, Rolland B. Archer, 3d Av and 1st St, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.....$100

LAFAYETTE AV, 810 ft e of Whittier St, 50x92; Julius Berkowitz to Manuel B. Berkowitz, 27 Ridge St, Sept. 20; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A.....$1

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 100.11 ft n of 102d St, 44x100; Louis B. Hasbrouck, referee, to Van Dyck estate, 331 Madison Av, (foreclosure, Sept. 14, 1911,) Sept. 19; attorney, Charles P. Northrop, 31 Nassau St.....$4,000

LOT 97, map of Neill estate, Bronx; Louise Berge to David F. Hanigan, 143 West 98th St, (mtg $5,200,) Sept. 19; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St.....$100

LOT, being e ¼ of Lot 80, map of Olinville, 25x100; Mark Lurie to Lena Barbette, 678 Gun Hill Road, all liens, Sept. 6; attorney, R. C. Burlando, Williamsbridge Square..$100

NORTH 50 ft of Lot 32, map of Washingtonville, 50x33.4; Minnie Wollner to William W. Penfield, 730 East 242d St, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$100

ROGERS PLACE, e s, 350.1 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x90; Rachel Kantor to Max Canter, 1 West 133d St, ½ part, Sept. 19; attorney, Hy. Kuntz, 63 Park Row.....$100

TINTON AV, s w corner of 152d St, 100x46; Fanny Gruen to Wales Construction Co., 230 Grand St, (mtg $38,000,) Sept. 20; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON ST, n e corner of Morton St, 200.2x100; Greenwich St, n w corner of Morton St, 100.3x98.4; St. John Park Realty Co. to estate of Charles F. Hoffman, 258 Broadway, Sept. 20, (mtg $525,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

WASHINGTON ST, n w corner of Cedar St, 56.8x18.1x35.8x20.5; Henry H. Benedict to Helen B. Forrest, Rye, N. Y., Sept. 21; attorneys, Rounds, S. & D., 96 Broadway....$1

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n w corner of 241st St, 50x38.8; William D. Miller to William W. Penfield, 730 East 242d St, Sept. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$100

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 25 ft n of 241st St, 22.8x34; Magdalena Lieb to William W. Penfield, 730 East 242d St, Aug. 29; attorney, same $500

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n w corner of 241st St, 16.10x138.10, also, 50 ft of Lot 32, map of Washingtonville, 50x33.4; William W. Penfield to Arthur H. Murphy, 1,800 Crotona Park North, Sept. 20; attorney, same...

Other consideration and $500

5TH AV, e s, 75.5 ft n of 66th St, 25x100; Horace Havemeyer to Louisine W. Havemeyer, 1 East 66th St; Adeline H. Prelinghuysen, Morristown, N. J., and Electra H. Webb, Shelburne, Vt., as trustees of Henry O. Havemeyer, C. A. G., Aug. 4; attorneys, Parsons, C. & McI., 52 William St.....$1

9TH AV, w s, 61.9 ft n of 26th St, 18.6x70; William H. Wadhams, referee, to Ada B. Gardiner, 170 West 72d St, and others, executors of Andrew C. Gardiner, Sept. 15; attorney, C. F. Adams, 165 Broadway.....$13,200

19TH ST, 22 to 28 West, 89.11x—; estate of Charles F. Hoffman to St. John Park Realty Co., 50 Pine St, Sept. 21, (mtg $400,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

32D ST, n s, 545 ft w of 5th Av, 43x98.9; City Real Estate Co. to Thirty-Nine West 32d St. Co., 5 Broad St, Aug. 21; attorneys, Stetson, J. & R., 15 Broad St.....$1

40TH ST, 231 to 235 West, 50x98.9; Minnie E. Hurst to Leopold Feist, 222 Loring Av, (mtg $35,000,) Sept. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

41ST ST, n s, between 2d and 3d Avs, Lot 55, part of Lots 57 to 62, also fractional part of Lot 54, lying n of centre line of block between 41st and 42d Sts, on map of that part of Kips Bay farm called Quarry Hill Lot; Flora C. Woodruff to Brainerd T. Norris, 110 West 47th St, and New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., trustee, 52 Wall St, quitclaim, all liens; Sept. 6; attorneys, Hedges, E. & F., 165 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Franklin C. Woodruff to same, all liens, quitclaim, Sept. 6 .....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Elinor W. Pennington to same, quitclaim and all liens, Sept. 6; attorneys, same $1

44TH ST, 317 East, n s, 26.4x100.5; Salvatore Di Caprio to Giuseppa Volpe and another, 307 East 45th St, ½ part, (mtg $13,050,) Sept. 16; attorney, Hibson Co., 237 Lexington Av.....$2,375

49TH ST, 532 West, n s, 25x100.5; L. Millhauser and Lena, his wife, to Clara Millhauser, 1,567 Madison Av, (mtg $20,000,) Sept. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

52D ST, n s, 256.6 ft e of 1st Av, 20.10x81.3; Gregory Paul and another, executors, to Max Marks, 839 West End Av, (mtg $9,000,) Sept. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $12,000

97TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Morris Brady to Louis Gordon and another, 890 East 163d St, 1-3 part, (mtg $8,800,) Sept. 20; attorney, M. Carl Levine, 110 Nassau St. $1

143D ST, s s, 225 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11; E. A. Stegel to Samuel S. Kaplan, 68 Lenox Av or 475 Broadway, (mtg $31,000,) Sept. 21 .....$1

170TH ST, 881 East, 100x37.6; Fleischmann Realty Construction Co. to Eli M. Cohen, at Far Rockaway, N. Y., Sept. 19, (mtg $25,000;) attorneys, Hays, H. & W., 115 Nassau St.....$1

218TH ST, s s, 105 ft e of Bronxwood Av, 25x113; Melrose Realty Co. to Concetta Bonogiovi, 511 West 145th St, (mtg $800,) Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

219TH ST, s s, e ¼ of w ½ of Lot 172, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Stanislaus Pietras to Robert Wallace, 752 East 220th St, Sept. 21.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Robert Wallace to Stanislaus Pietras, 912 East 219th St, Sept. 21; attorney, Robert Wallace, 752 East 220th St. $1

219TH ST, s s, w ¼ of Lot 172, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Stanislaus Pietras to Frank Jasinski, 4,005 Bronx Boulevard, Sept. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BARBETTA, Lena, to Mark Lurie, East Schodak, N. Y.; eastern one-quarter of Lot 80, map of Olinville, 2nd mtg, Sept. 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hilliard & H., 320 Broadway $513

BONOGIOVI, Concetta, to Melrose Realty Co., 4,380 3d Av; 218th St, s s, 105 ft e of Bronxwood Av, 25x113, Sept. 16, due Dec. 30, 1912; address, 4,380 3d Av $250

CARTER, William H., to Abraham F. Cohen, 766 Cauldwell Av, 183d St, s s, 200 ft w of Webster Av, 25x100, prior mtg $6,500, Aug. 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. L. Henry, 1,948 Bathgate Av.....$1,000

CHARLES BROGAN, INC., to Margaret Knox, 478 Mott Av.; Cambreling Av, e s, 125 ft n e of Bayard St, 75x155.10x75.1x151.1, Sept. 15, due March 15, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Knox, 198 Broadway $4,500

CLINCH, Julia G., to Frederick C. Heizenroeder, 30 West 40th St, Bayonne, N. J.; Grand Av, 2,535, w s, 50x106, Sept. 20, due as per bond; attorney Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

COHEN, Samuel, to Rebecca Blum, 115 East 113th St; 113th St, 117 and 119 East, 42.8x100.11, Sept. 21, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Kahn, 366 Broadway.....$1,500

COHEN, Eli M., to Emilie Mehlich, 1,248 Clay Av; Charlotte St, 887, 37.6x100, Sept. 21, 3 years; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St. $29,000

DALY, Mary E., to Bank for Savings, 280 4th Av; 12th St, n s, 124.4 ft e of 1st Av, 24.4x70.1; Stuyvesant St, s s, 108.6 ft n e of 1st Av, 25x62.7, Sept. 21, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 37 William St.....$12,000

DANREE, Pauline, to Public Bank, 87 Delancey St; Prospect Av, s w corner of 150th St, 24.11x100, Sept. 19, due as per bond; address, 87 Delancey St $4,000

DARVAS, Alader, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; College Av, 949, w s, 20x100, Sept. 21, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $3,500

DOUGHERTY, Margaret, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 119th St, 127 East, 20x100.11, Sept. 21, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $7,000

FEIST, Leopold, to Minnie E. Hurst, at Milton Point, Rye, N. Y.; 40th St, 231 to 235 West, 50x98.9, Sept. 21, prior mtg $35,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$40,000

FOCARILE, John, to Joseph Focarile, 285 Pleasant Av; Pleasant Av, 285, w s, 15x74, prior mtg $2,500, Sept. 21, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, A. H. Schwartz, 130 Fulton St. $2,000

GILLEN, John J., to Celia P. Murphy, 11 East 35th St; 10th Av, 130 and 138, e s, 44.8x100, prior mtg $35,000, Sept. 21, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. F. Johnson, 111 Broadway $4,500

JOHN H. BUSCALL CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway; Brook Av, e s, 168.1 ft s of 169th St, 45.6x irregular, Sept. 20, due as per bond; address, 200 Broadway.. .....$30,000

JORGENSEN, Anna, to Helen J. Johnson, 844 Bedford Av, Brooklyn; 145th St, s s, 125 ft e of Whitlock Av, 25x100, Sept. 20, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,000

KAN, Max, to Gustav D. Baum, 537 East 180th St; 180th St, 500 East, n s, 22.6x50, leasehold, Sept. 19, due as per notes; attorney, Ernest Rolph, 535 East 172d St.....$1,500

LANDEEN, Anna S., to Paul J. Grener Co., 55 East 20th St; Creston Av, w s, 24.8 ft s of 198th St, 25x100.4, Sept. 20, due July 1, 1913; attorney, John T. Booth, 271 Broadway $2,500

McCAFFREY, Agnes M., to Eva Sarfaty, 505 West 124th St; 43d St, n s, 80 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.5, Sept. 21, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Simpson, W. & C., 111 Broadway.. .....$500

McLAUGHLIN, Jane, to Ellen McK. Gunning, 464 West 142d St; Grand Av, n e corner of 183d St, 50x100, Sept. 21, due as per bond; address, 464 West 142d St.....$1,000

PALUMBO, Maria A., to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av; College Av, e s, 50 ft n of 141st St, 25x160, Sept. 18, due Dec. 1, 1914; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St... .....$2,000

PENFIELD, William W., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; White Plains Road, n w corner of Becker Av, 116.6x92.7x 116.6x88.6, Sept. 20, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $12,000

PERFECT HOME CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 225th St, n s, 405 ft e of Barnes Av, four lots, each 25x114, four mtgs, each, $4,000, Sept. 21, 4 years, 6 p. c. and 6 p. c.; address, 176 Broadway $16,000

PULLMAN, Mary S., and another to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; Park Av, 1,032, w s, 20x70, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, Sept. 21; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$6,000

ROBINSON, Rose, to Public Bank, 87 Delancey St; Beck St, 669, n s, 33.4x125, Sept. 19, due as per bond; address, 87 Delancey St. $4,000

SANT, Ella Giuseppe, to John R. Wheaton, executor, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Garden Place, s s, Lot 433, map of Washingtonville, 85.10x127, June 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Rolland B. Archer, Mount Vernon, N. Y. $1,000

SCHMITT, George, to William J. Amend, executor, 38 West 74th St; Perry Av, e s, 175 ft s of Woodlawn Road, 25x100, Sept. 20, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St $500

SOLOMON, Emanuel, to Murray Goldberg, 161 West 136th St; Forest Av, e s, 24.3 ft s from division, Lots 18 and 19, map of G. Morris, 62x100, prior mtg $44,000, due as per bond, Sept. 15; attorney, L. J. Obermeier, 31 Nassau St.....$8,000

SONNET, John, to Agnes C. Murray, 1,805 McGraw Av; Beach Av, 1,352, Sept. 21, due as per bond; attorney, L. S. Quackenbush, 78 East 96th St.....$2,500

SOZIO, Silvestro, to Raffaela D'Acunto, 192 Spring St; Spring St, 193, n s, 19.8x75, due as per bond, Sept. 21; attorney, A. Ferme, 192 Broadway $2,500

ST. JOHN'S PARK REALTY CO. to New York Life Insurance Co., 346 Broadway; 19th St, 22 to 28 West, 89.11x—, 5 years, Sept. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$550,000

ST. JOHN'S PARK REALTY CO. to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; Washington St, n e corner of Morton St, 200.2x100, Sept. 21, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; address, 135 Broadway. $350,000

ST. JOHN'S PARK REALTY CO. to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; Greenwich St, n w corner of Morton St, 100.8x98.11, Sept. 21, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; address, 135 Broadway. $175,000

TINSLEY, Ada V., to John Cornell, Newport, R. I.; Cauldwell Av, 1,028, e s, 17.6x76.7, Sept. 21, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, T. L. Bailey, 622 William St $4,000

VANCE, Helen E., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 131st St, 107 West, n s, 18.9x99.11, Sept. 11, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$7,000

WEINBERG, Joseph, to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 4th Av; Avenue A, 230, e s, 19.1x72.4, due as per bond, Sept. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. .....$3,000

ZENDMAN, Isaac, to Charles Dorn, 861 3d Av; 1st Av, 418, s e s, 24.8x100, prior mtg $14,500, Sept. 21, 5 years; attorney, J. J. Dorn, 141 Broadway $4,500

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

AVENUE A, s s, 119 ft east of White Plains Road, being lots 11 and 12, map of the new village of Jerome, 50x100; also lot 53, same map, bounded on the northwest front by Maple St, 25 ft and southeast rear by lot 52, 25 ft, x n e on one side by lot 54, same map, 100 ft, x s w on other side by Avenue A, 100 ft to beginning, July 5, 1907; Leonardi Lombardi and Raffaela M., his wife; Gennaro Lombardi and Angela, his wife, owners, residing on East 214th St., to Eastchester Savings Bank of Mount Vernon; J. Mortimer Bell, Mount Vernon, N. Y. $2,000

AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS, n w corner of 153d St, 32.9x41 to n s of 153d St and 25.1 w from point of beginning x 25.1, May 9, 1911; M. R. L. Building Co to Chelsea Realty Co, 135 Broadway; Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway. $180,000

BECKER AV, n s, 38.6 ft west of White Plains Road, 50x116.6x92.7x50x38.6x50, July 11, 1908; William D. Muller to John W. Fincke, 3,461 White Plains Road, trustee; owner, William W. Penfield, 730 East 242d St; Lawrence E. French, 41 Park Row $12,000

BECKER AV, n s, 38.6 ft w of White Plains Road, (hereinbefore described,) Feb. 2, 1909; Thomas F. Plunkett to Minnie Wollner, 2,100 Broadway, Parker & Ernst, 170 Broadway $2,000

BROADWAY, 2,352, mortgage on fixtures, &c., May 6, 1910; Aaron Chinitz and Samuel Gelles (firm of Chinitz & Geiles) to Harry Cohen; Samuel Shimans, 140 Nassau St. $1,437

BRYANT ST, 1,224, e s, 20x89.8xirregular, Aug. 16, 1909; John J. Ryan, owner, Denver, Col., to Charles H. Beatcher, 99th St. and East River; Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000

CROTONA AV, corner of 183d St, mtg on fixtures, March, 1911; Audubon Improvement Co, n w corner of Amsterdam Av and 156th St, to Colonial Mantel and Ref. Co.....$500

ELLIOT AV, 400 ft s of Elizabeth St, being Lots 57 to 60, Map 2 of Olinville, runs w 250 ft to Barker Av x s 200 to land of Brevoort x s w along said land 121.1x n e along same 111 to Elliot Av x 230 to beginning, July 22, 1907; John O'Brien to Elbert L. Todd, Cornwall, N. Y.; owner, John Riegelman, Graham Court, 116th St and 7th Av; George Love, 630 East 149th St.....$8,000

ELLIOT AV, 400 ft s from Elizabeth St, being Lots 57 to 60, Map No. 2, Olinville, (hereinbefore described,) July 22, 1907; John O'Brien to Elbert L. Todd, Cornwall, N. Y.; George Love, 630 West 149th St. $8,000

FRANKLIN AV, 1,415, 90 ft n of 170th St, mtg. on fixtures, (C. B. S.,) June 10, 1911; Hodes Realty Company to Leon Mayer (Leon Mayer & Co.), 1,304 Boston Rd; Oliver E. Davis, 3,210 3d Av.....$300

JAMES ST, 96, mortgage on personal property, Feb. 27, 1906; Louis La Croix, Jersey City, to Hy. Fisher $525

JEROME AV, w s, 130.11 ft n of Mosholu Parkway North, 100x30, July 5, 1906; John J., Charles A., Joseph E., and Frederick C. Doren, owners, Whitehall, Washington County, N. Y., to Elbert H. Dickinson, Gloucester, Mass.; Stimson & Williams 2 Rector St. $3,750

JEROME AV, w s, 186.11 ft n of Mosholu Parkway North, 50x100; same to William Pierrepont Williams, 550 Park Av, trustee; Mary L. Hillhouse & Co.; attorneys, same. $37.50

LOT 18, map of Williamsbridge, June 30, 1908; A. Shatzkin & Sons, Inc., to Isaac and Lena Singer, 829 Jackson Av; owners, S. di Paola and V. Mucciacciaro, 2,325 Prospect Av; $612

LOT 17, same map, June 30, 1908; A. Shatzkin & Sons, Inc., to Isaac and Lena Singer, 829 Jackson, Av; owners, S. di Paola and V. Mucciacciaro, 2,325 Prospect Av.....$612

LOT 33, map of 370 lots of McGraw estate, Van Nest, May 14, 1904; Hy. Sonnet and Margaret, his wife, to Thomas A. Murray, 1,805 McGraw Av; owner, John Sonnet, 1,354 Beach Av; Quackenbush & Adams, 25 Broad St. $1,000

LOT 276, Map 143 of Wakefield, April 30, 1908; Agnes L. Lester to Sound Realty Co., 128 Broadway; owner, Perfect Home Co., 449 Willis Av; Max Marx, 128 Broadway..$3,000

LOT 498, Map 238, Village of Melrose South, begins at Morris Av, 50 ft n of 153d St, 50x100, July 2, 1909; James Cunningham, owner, 324 East 116th St, to Addie A. Sullivan; M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St. $3,450

SAME PROPERTY, Jan. 5, 1906; Raffaele Marrazzi and Felicia, his wife, to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,803 3d Av.; owner, same; Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St.....$7,000

LOTS 66 and 67, map of property occupied by the Ursuline Convent, Lot 66 being bounded westerly by Eagle Av, Lot 67 begins at e s of Eagle Av at n e corner of Lot 66, each lot 25x115, Feb. 5, 1908; Hyman Construction Co. to Emily Dorland; owner, G. Evans Construction Co., 664 Eagle Av; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$4,000

LOTS 143 and 144, Map 1,274, part Trask estate, Clason's Point, June 22, 1908; Victor E. Elfendahl to Sarah S. S. Sturges; Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$588

MORTGAGE on personal property, April 7, 1911; Zust Motor Co to Albert H. Stout and Walter R. Senior $1,050

PYNE ST, n s, 125 ft n e of Bayard St, being Lot 34, map of property of Cambreling and others, Fordham, 25x152.8x25x151.1, Feb. 1, 1905; Charles Brogan, owner, 251 4th Av, to Arthur Knox, attorney, 198 Broadway. $1,440

PYNE ST, e s, 175 ft n e of Bayard St, being Lot 32 of property of S. Cambreling and others, 25x155.10x25.1x154.2, Feb. 1, 1905; Charles Brogan, Incorporated, owner, 251 4th Av, to Arthur Knox, attorney, 198 Broadway $1,440

SHERIDAN AV, s w corner of 164th St, 34.5x 62.7x34.4x62.2, June 19, 1911; Hurley Construction Co to M. J. Sullivan; M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St.....$1,500

SHERIDAN AV, w s, being Lot 325, map of lands of William H. Morris, 34.4x62.7x34.4x 62.1; Patrick Hurley and Mary, his wife, to Harry C. Bryan, 2,796 3d Av; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$1,200

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of Woodlawn Road, 75x100x44.4x104.7, Sept. 9, 1909; George L. Harbauer to Jakobina F. F. Schuh, Hawthorne, Westchester County, N. Y.; Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av $3,500

WENDOVER AV, 417, n s, 37.6x83.5, April 15, 1909; Helen F. Montegriffo to the Gaines-Roberts Co.; owners, John B. and Amalie Schadel, 55 East 176th St; Lese & Connolly, 35 Nassau St $1,000

WHITE PLAINS RD, n w s, being part of lot 31, map Washingtonville, 25x88.9, June 11, 1906; William W. Penfield, owner, 730 East 242d St, to Anna E. Sharp; Title Guarantee Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,400

1ST AV, 418, s e s, 24.8x100, Feb. 14, 1898; George Spindler and Bertha, his wife, to Charles Dorn, 361 3d Av; owner, 222 Riverside Av; Maxwell Lustig, 2 Rector St..$4,500

12TH ST, n s, 124.4 ft e of 1st Av, 24.4x70.1x 50x24.4; Stuyvesant St, s s, 108.6 ft from s e corner of 1st Av, 25x62.7x25.3x58.8, Jan. 4, 1887; Dennis Smith and Mary Ann, his wife, to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; owner, Mary E. Daly, 61 East 91st St; Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St. $8,500

21ST ST, 218 and 220 West, s s, 40.10x104.5x 40.10x105.5, Aug. 2, 1911; Brookmire Realty Co., owner, 34 Pine St, to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and Isaac Schorsch, 38 West 97th St; Lese & Connolly, 35 Nassau St. $12,800

29TH ST, n s, 68 ft w of 9th Av, 32x98.9, Dec. 1, 1870; George D. Ingersoll to Edith La Bau Dyer and others, executrices &c., of Alice V. La Bau, deceased; owner, V. L. Haines, 192 Arlington Av, Brooklyn..$12,500

SAME PROPERTY, July 11, 1910; Virtus L. Haines to John C. Creveling, 235 Arlington Av, Brooklyn, (or 375 Fulton St, Brooklyn.) $1,000

SAME PROPERTY, May 27, 1905; V. L. Haines and Alice, his wife, owners, 192 Arlington Av, Brooklyn; address, 375 Fulton St, Brooklyn $1,500

50TH ST, 232 East, s s, 20.10x100.5, Nov. 27, 1905; Leonie Bois to Joseph A. Mitchell, executor for Mary J. Mitchell, deceased; owner, Pierre Bois, 16 East 37th St; J. A. Mitchell, 213 East 62d St $3,500

57TH ST, 543 West, n s, 25x100.5; Sept. 30, 1908; Virginia Coyne, owner, 111 Townsend Av, Stapleton, S. I., to Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

67TH ST, s s, 375 ft west of 8th Av, 25x100.5, April 23, 1886; Myron Fox to Mary E. Hutchinson; owner, Lizzie Wentworth, 672 West End Av; Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $22,000

97TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11, Dec. 10, 1908; Morris Brady to Louis Gordon and Elias Edelsack; M. Carl Levine, 119 Nassau St. $800

100TH ST, 164 East, s s, 25x100.11, Dec. 18, 1908; Rosie Perlmutter, owner, 1,632 Madison Av, to Bernhard Meyer, 5 Beekman St. .$500

131ST ST, n s, 112.6 ft w of 6th Av, 18.9x 99.11, March 15, 1886; Kate E. Rapp and Charles G., her husband, to Frederica H. and Mary E. Rosendale; owner, Helen E. Vance, New Milford, Conn.; Rosendale & Dodd, 52 Broadway.....$8,500

136TH ST, s s, 287.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 87.6x99.11, Dec. 19, 1908; A. N. McInnis Realty Co. to Solomon Mayer, owner, Caroline Ross, 514 West 136th St; C. Ross, 514 West 136th St. $8,000

152D ST, n s, 325.5 ft west of Broadway, 24.9x 99.10, March 9, 1911; Nellie A. Kelly, owner, 623 West 152d St, to Bronx Investment Co.; Merrill & Rogers, 128 Broadway.....$1,500

153D ST, West, n s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 152.8x¼ block x188.4x99.11, May 9, 1911; M. R. L. Building Co to Chelsea Realty Co, 135 Broadway, (and following as collateral security) $180,000

153D ST, n s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 219.10x102.2x98.4x99.11, Jan. 12, 1909; Friedrich Britsch to Cornelia G. Chapin; owner, M. R. L. Building Co., 238 West 105th St.; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$55,000

178TH ST, 936, s s, 100 ft w of Vyse Av, mortgage on fixtures, (C. B. S.,) April 28, 1911; C. K. Realty Co., on premises, to Colonial Mantel Co., 494 Dumont Av.....$262

Assignments of Mortgages.

FELLOWS, Edward B., and another, executors, to Sarah D. Cooper $11,000

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST CO. to Lawyers Mortgage Co.....$60,000

WENTZ, Theodore, to Charles Hoffman....$1

FRANK GASS, INC., a corporation, to George Russell $2,000

KURTZ, James N., to Seligmann Publ. .$2,000

LEITNER, Jacob, to David Gordon....$100

WELLMAN FINANCE AND REALTY CO. to Elenora Bash $1,000

SAME to same $1,000

RUBINGER, Max B., to Ida Stein.....$100

MUTUAL ALLIANCE TRUST CO. to Sora Silver $100

COMMERCIAL FINANCE CO. to Wellman Finance and Realty Co. $1,000

SAME to same $1,000

WIDMERE, Charles, to Arthur Kenor, 2 assignments $1,440

WEIL, Max S., to Celia Grabenheimer....$100

HAUSSTEIN, William, to Jacob Leitner..$100

GOLDSTEIN, Belle, to George W. Silberhorn. $1

SCHUCHMAN, George, to Cath. Muller, administratrix $7,145

JAROS, Pauline, to Lawyers Mortgage Co. $18,000

DE GAUW, Mary E., to Agency Realty and Mortgage Co.....$1,000

KLEPPER, Louis, to Charles H. Blohm..$4,300

AMEND, William J., to Emily Forder..$7,000

FORDER, Emily, to Hermine Hess.....$7,000

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST CO. to Annie S. Jandorf $22,500

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO. to Edgar Whitlock $9,500

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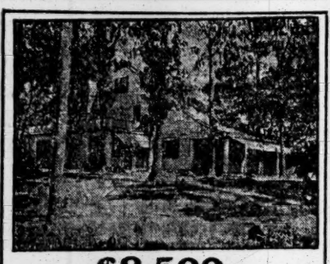

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3 Rooms and Bath, 4 and 2 Baths, 7 and 3 Baths,
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Rooms and Apartments Furnished, with Bath, permanently or transiently.
Every bedroom has a bath with outside window.
Restaurant and Cafe with Superior Cuisine and Moderate Prices.
PAUL W. ORVIS GEO. C. HOWE

Hotel Renaissance

512 Fifth Ave., cor. 43d St.

APARTMENTS

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

PAYSON McL. MERRILL,
481 5th Avenue. Telephone 7417 Bryant.
Offers for Rent from October 1st, single and duplex apartments in the following buildings:

EAST SIDE

925 PARK AVE., N. E. Cor. 80th Street. 10 rooms, 4 baths. $4,250.
829 PARK AVE., S. E. Cor. 76th Street. 4 to 9 rooms, 2 & 3 baths. $1,800 to $3,600.
823 PARK AVE., at 75th Street. 12 rooms and 4 baths. $4,000 to $5,500
130-4 EAST 67TH, S. E. Cor. Lex. Av. 2 to 7 rooms and bath. $900 to $1,600.
1,192-8 PARK AVE., S. W. Cor. 94th Street. 6 to 7 rooms and bath. $300 to $500.
565-9 PARK AVE., Adj. Cor. 62d Street. 7 and 8 rooms and bath. $800 to $1,000.
18 EAST 57TH ST., Bet. 5th and Mad. Avs. 2 and 3 rooms and bath. $1,000 to $1,200.
62 WASHINGTON SQUARE SO., Furnished. 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Rent, $900.

WEST SIDE

112 WEST 47TH ST. Bachelor Apartments. 2 and 3 rooms and bath. Rents $840 to $900.
140 WEST 57TH ST. 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath. $900 to $1,200. Studio $800.
257 WEST 86TH, Adj. N. E. Cor. West End Av. 8 rooms to 8 rooms and 2 baths, $1,000 to $2,500.
502-8 WEST 113TH ST. Apartments of 4, 5, 6 rooms.....$480 to $720

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
West Side.

600 West End Ave.

NORTHEAST CORNER 89TH STREET

12 Story Steel Constructed Building,
Soundproof and Fireproof Throughout.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

Housekeeping Apartments

OF THE

Highest Grade Suites of 10 and 11 Rooms with 3 Baths

The unique arrangement of the apartments, the extra large chambers and living rooms, the abundance of large closets, extra large foyers, the delightful outlook, place this building in a class by itself; every possible improvement has been installed, including electric attachment for cooking, etc., separate dining hall for servants, porter and valet service; cold storage, refrigeration and electric light are included in the rent. Service of the highest standard day and night.

Rental on Application

RESIDENCE MANAGER ON PREMISES

Telephone, 5535—Riverside.

West End Construction Co.
73 East 90th Street. Tel. 1850—Lenox

The BELNORD

BROADWAY TO AMSTERDAM AVENUE
Eighty-sixth to Eighty-seventh Street

¶ The Belnord is not only the greatest apartment house in the world in point of size, it is the greatest in equipment and efficiency. It has more distinctive features.

¶ Belnord Court, which is enclosed by the building, is the largest apartment house court in existence and is a small park with grass plots, shrubs and playing fountains.

¶ Every room in the Belnord is an outside room. Each suite, 7 to 11 rooms, includes all the latest devices for greater comfort and convenience. There is absolutely no noise or vibration—the engine rooms are not located under any portion of the building proper.

¶ Yearly rentals are from $2,400 up. Reservations can now be made for October 1st.

W. H. DOLSON & CO., Agents
Office on the Premises
2364 Broadway, at 86th St. *Telephone 10400—River.*

NEW APARTMENTS JUST FINISHED

OREGON

54th St. & 7th Ave.

12 STORY FIREPROOF HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

Only a few choice apartments left

4, 5 & 6 Rooms, $1,200-$1,800 per annum

OPEN EVENINGS.

RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES

or Gibbs & Kirby, Agents, 103d St. and Broadway.

TRINITY COURT,

518 West 111th, bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av.

High-class elevator apartment; new building; all up-to-date improvements; parquet flooring throughout; best value in this section; rents, 6 and 7 rooms, $75 to $92 per month; renting agent on premises.

DAWSON ARMS,

225 West 110th St., facing Central Park.

New building, just completed; high-class elevator apartment; finest and best built house in this section; 2, 3 and 5 rooms; the 2 and 3 rooms suitable for bachelors; rents $35 to $65 per month. Renting agent on premises. Open evenings.

GRAMERCY COURT,

152 East 22d St., near Lexington Av.

Elevator Apartments, 4 and 6 rooms, with bath; all up-to-date improvements; rents $43 to $63 per month. Renting agent on premises.

MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

The Saxony, 250 W. 82d St.	8 Rooms and 2 Baths
De Witt Court, 252-4 W. 82d St.	9 Rooms and 3 Baths
The Waramaug, 629 W. 115th St.	7 Rooms and 2 Baths
202-6 West 86th Street	8 Rooms and Bath
The Rexmere, 330 W. 85th St.	8 Rooms and Bath
2730 Broadway (Cor. 105th)	6-7 Rooms and Bath

For Information Inquire on Premises, or
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
250 W. 81st St. and 128 B'way, New York

SONOMA

BROADWAY AND 55TH ST.
MOST CENTRAL LOCATION IN TOWN.

Apartments of 4, 5, and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; exceptionally large, light rooms, with high ceiling, decorated to suit; superior hall and elevator service. Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Also 1 furnished apartment of 8 rooms and 2 baths.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS

222 WEST 59TH ST.

DUPLEX STUDIO TO LEASE.

Also Apartments of three rooms and bath to lease from $1,200; ideal for bachelor or couple; furnished and unfurnished.
JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

THE ADRIAN,

58 West 72d St., Corner.

Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300. Also four-room apartment and bath, $50.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE AYLSMERE,

60 West 67th St.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

Ormonde-Dudley,

101 West 86th St., 100 West 87th St.
N. W. Cor.—Columbus Av.—S. W. Cor.
Seven extra large outside roms and bath.
ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
$50, $55, $60, $65.

65 Central Park West

N. W. CORNER 66TH ST.

Ideal 8 room Suite, large, light, sunny, facing Central Park; high class service; rent $1,700; also 2 room bachelor Apartment. Apply Supt.

LIFE BUILDING,

West 31st St.

Open fireplaces; steam heat; meals served in apartments; 2 rooms and bath; rents $600 up. W. HARVEY, Mgr., on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 524

Opposite Grant's Tomb; 5-6-8 beautiful rooms; magnificent view Hudson; $720-$1,300.

9 Rooms & 3 Baths

THE
CLEARFIELD

Riverside Drive and 103d St.

Absolutely the finest on the west side. Rents very low.

Call and inspect.

Gibbs & Kirby, Agents,
B'way and 103d St.

HOTEL WOODWARD

HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX

Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.

CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.

Furnished if Desired.
'Phone 5000 Columbus.

The Oakdale

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
36-38 West 35th St.,
NEAR 5TH AV.
Suites of 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
Hotel service.
Rents $500 to $1,000
Superintendent on premises, or
FT. AMSTERDAM REALTY CO.,
59 Wall St. Tel., 6650—Broad.

BACHELOR APARTMENT
OVER 5TH AVE. BANK

5TH AVE. AND 44TH ST.
3 VERY LARGE ROOMS AND 1 BATH FRONTING ON 5TH AVE.

HERBERT A. SHERMAN

532 5th Av., cor. 44th St., and 9 Pine St.

THE STRATHMORE

52d St. and Broadway
7 & 8 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, WITH BATH
HORACE S. ELY & CO.
21 Liberty St. 27 West 30th St.

45 FIFTH AVENUE,

Between 11th and 12th Sts.

Attractive apartment; 7 large, light rooms and bath; possession October 1st.
RENT, $1,250.

Hall service. Opposite First Presbyterian Church. Apply Superintendent, on premises, or
WILLIAM HENRY POLSOM,
927 Broadway. Tel. 5929 Gramercy.

44 WEST 77TH STREET.

LUXURIOUS APARTMENTS.
Half Block from Central Park.
Suites of 9 & 10 Rooms, with 3 baths
APPLY TO OWNER ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN

West Side.

McVICKAR, GAILLARD REALTY CO.

444 Columbus Ave., Near 81st St.

Offer the Following High-Class Elevator Apartments For Rent

At Liberal Concessions.

Stadium View and Shore View
445-448 Riverside Drive
Just North of 116th St.
9 Large, Light Rooms
With Foyer and 3 Bathrooms, $1750.
Also 6 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1200—$1700
New 12-story, fireproof building, block from Subway Station. Two apartments on a floor.

Concord Hall
Riverside Drive
Cor. 119th St.
7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 Baths and Extra Lavatories, $1200—$1600.
High-class, fireproof apartments in the most attractive location on the Drive.

The Cherbourg
1 West 92d St.
Cor. Central Park West
9 and 10 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1600—$2400.
Modern high-class apartments, one block from "L." Excellent location, overlooking the Park. All large, sunny, outside rooms.

Cathedral Court and Park View
229-237 West 110th St.
Opposite Central Park
7 Rooms and 2 Baths, $1000.
High-class apartments overlooking Central Park. Convenient to Subway and Elevated. Very desirable location.

Gainsborough
112 Riverside Drive
Near 84th St.
7 and 8 Rooms and Bath, 2 Toilets, $1300—$1700.
Ideal location, overlooking the Hudson; high-class house with unusually large rooms.

Pease & Elliman

165 West 72d St. | 340 MADISON AVE. Near 43d St. Tel. 6200 Bryant. | 156 Broadway

Offer the following high-class Apartments for rent:

1 Lexington Ave. Gramercy Park New Building
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, Single..$3,700
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, Duplex.. $3,500—3,900
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, Duplex. 2,800
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Duplex. 2,100

145 East 35th St. The Southfield At Lexington Av.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Single.$2,400
7 Rooms and Bath, Duplex. 1,800

116 East 58th St. Near Park Av.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths..... $3,100
9 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 3,500

40 East 62d St. New Building Near Madison Av.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths.$2,200—$3,000

316-318 West 84th St. Near West End Av.
7 Rooms and Bath..... $1,000
8 Rooms and Bath..... 1,200

780 Madison Av. Semi-housekeeping At 66th St.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths.$3,500—$3,900
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, Furnished .....$4,000— 4,500

830 Park Ave. New Building Corner 76th St.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, Private entrance.....$2,750
9 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 3,500
12 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 4,000
12 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 4,500
13 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 4,500
15 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 5,500
Individual Laundry with each apartment.

454 Riverside Drive Oxford Hall at 116th St.
NEW BUILDING.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front) $1,300—$1,500
5 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front) 1,100— 1,400
4 Rooms (Front & Rear) 750— 900

320 Central Park West Ardsley Hall Cor. 92d St.
2 Rooms and Bath..... $600
7 Rooms and Bath..... 1,800
8 Rooms, 2 Baths..... $1,400—2,100
9 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 2,500
12 Rooms, 3 Baths.$3,000—3,800

Chatham Court,

71 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
N. W. Cor. 67th St.
VERY DESIRABLE
10-Room Corner Apartments
overlooking Central Park; large outside rooms, southern exposure; modern building, possessing every possible convenience that goes to make up a strictly high class residence; the location is perfectly ideal.
RENTS ON APPLICATION.
Resident Manager on Premises.

STANLEY COURT

West End Ave. and 106th Street.
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS,
TEN ROOMS AND THREE BATHS
RENTS $2,000 TO $2,820.
Apply Manager on Premises.

A FEW
Two, Three, and Four Room
APARTMENTS,
furnished and unfurnished, in the exceptionally located
Schuyler Arms
307 West 98th St.,
on terms that will surprise you.
Two doors from Riverside Drive. Near Express Subway station. Convenient for elevated and surface lines.
Maid service included.
Restaurant in building.
'Phone 3964 Riverside.

BERKELEY ARMS,
326 to 332 West 95th St.
Handsome up-to-date apartments. All light, airy rooms; Subway express station.
RENTS, $45-75.
Telephone 4174 Riverside.

THE Metropolitan
S. W. Cor. 88th St. & Broadway
A thoroughly modern and absolutely fireproof apartment house. Suites of 7 & 8 Rooms and Foyer
Generous closets, separate laundries and drying rooms; complete day and night service. Electric Light Free.

THE CHACORNAC,

5-7 WEST 91ST ST.

High-class elevator apartments, 7 and 8 large, light rooms, with 2 baths; very attractive; convenient location; rent $1,200 to $1,500.

The Prasada Central Park West, Corner 65th Street.
Apartments of 8 & 10 rooms, 2 & 3 baths; every convenience and improvement, including foyer, pantry, free refrigeration, etc.

Orienta,

302-306 West 79th St.,
NEAR WEST END AV.
Modern, Fireproof Building.
Handsome entrance hall, large and attractive reception room. The apartments are excellently arranged and have new parquet floors and all the latest improvements and conveniences.
6 Rooms & Bath, $70 to $80
7 Rooms & Bath, $95 to $110
C. F. Bedell Co., Agents,
Broadway and 87th St. Tel., 3010—River.

The Wendolyn

S. E. Cor. 100th St. and Riverside Drive
A new twelve-story fire and sound proof building.
The only house of its kind on the west side. A few of the 10 and 11 room apartments left. Rent from $2,800 to $3,500.
Inspection invited.
J. AXELROD, Owner, on the Premises.
or SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 West 72d Street.

On Beautiful Central Park

Eight	PARLOR, 16x17. DINING, 13x18. LIBRARY, 11x13. CHAMBERS, 13x14. KITCHEN, 11x13.
Large	PARQUET FLOORS. PLENTY CLOSET ROOM. SANITARY PLUMBING. DECORATIONS TO SUIT.
Light	ONLY $1,600 TO $1,800. LIBERAL CONCESSIONS.
Rooms	ALCLYDE APARTMENTS, 2 W. 94, SOUTH CORNER. AGENT ON PREMISES, OR GOODWIN & GOODWIN, LENOX AV. & 123D ST.

CAMBRIA

347-355 W. 55TH ST.,
BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.
1 Room, Bath & Kitchenette, $40 to $42.50.
2 Rooms, Bath & Kitchenette UNFURNISHED, $47.50 TO $60.
FURNISHED, $57.50 TO $70.
Satisfactory References Indispensable.
Absolutely fireproof; extra large rooms; exceptional closet space.
Restaurant on premises. Agent on premises.

THE
LOMBARD

WEST END AV. & 76TH ST.
VERY SELECT
9 Room and 11 Room Apartment
Telephones {1282 Murray Hill, 6300 Columbus

148 West 72d Street.
Duplex Studio Housekeeping Apartment. Superior to any private house; every room light and sunny; scientific heating and ventilation. Most delightful apartment in New York City. Drawing room 20x26, ceiling 20 feet high.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

321 West 94th Street

NEXT TO COR. OF RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, 4 AND 5 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER; RENTS, $45.00 TO $65.00.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
West Side.

NEVADA

Broadway, 69th to 70th St.

Here is an apartment which makes its strongest appeal to those who seek the pleasures of a private home combined with the comforts and service afforded by the best type of apartment.

Large rooms, with open fireplaces, spacious halls, broad corridors, finished and decorated in the most effective manner and always in accordance with the demands of good taste, are only a part of its advantages.

Every room is an outside room. There are two elevators. The apartments of six or seven rooms and two baths are light, airy, and very conveniently arranged.

Apartments rent for $1,500 to $2,200

THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY
115 Broadway. Phone—Cortlandt 5830

The superintendent of the Nevada may be seen on the premises.

Holland Court

315 West 98th St.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Finest rooms in this section.
ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
7 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths;
4 Rooms and Bath;
3 Rooms & Kitchenette.
$600 TO $1,800
Lewis M. Thiery,
2,780 Broadway, Cor. 107th.

RENTING REMCO SYSTEM

AMIDON,
93d St., (n. w. cor.) B'way, 7 rooms and bath; exceptionally large, light rooms; all outside apartments; $1,300 to $1,500; all improvements.

LINLAUGH,
2,647 B'way, (101st St.;) 6, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; all night elevator; 'phone and hall service; $67.50 to $80.

Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

Albert Court and Eleanor Court,

309-317 West 93d St.
Magnificent Fireproof Apartments of 5 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rentals, $45, $50, $75 & $80 per month.
Elevator and superior service.
Agent on premises, or
De Peyster Realty Co.,
185 Front St. 'Phone, 5547—John.

The Millard

18-20 West 107th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments
4-5-6-7 & 8 Rooms
Rents $36 to $70
Best in New York at Price

THE CRITERION
60 West 10th.—High-class elevator, all-night service; prettiest four-room apartments in city; tiled kitchen, convenient, exclusive; $50-$55. Lease only. References required. Apply Manager, premises.

A SUB-LEASE CHANCE

Clarendon, Riverside Drive, 86th; ninth corner apartment; eleven rooms, four baths. Owner, broker or Huberth & Gabel, 147 4th Av.

St. Augustine

264 West 57th Street, near Broadway. Corner apartment, 9 rooms and bath. Rent $1,400. Superintendent on premises.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

NATHAN HALE

Fort Washington Ave. & West 181st St.
Three blocks from 181st Broadway Subway.
5-6-7-9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
Rents $600 to $1,500
Individual needle spray shower baths, sunken sanitary Roman tubs, vacuum cleaning, service elevator and entrance, and all the minor improvements.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS,
Morningside Park East
118th to 119th Sts West
on the line of the elevated.
116th St. Express Station.
Modern elevator building, with housekeeping apartments of

4 Rooms and bath	$40, $45
5 Rooms and bath	$50, $55 & $60
6 Rooms and bath	$60, $65 & $70

FRANK L. FISHER CO., Agents,
Tel. 9010 Columbus. 148 West 72d St.

Evelyn Court, 611-19 W. 114th St.
8 exceptionally large, light rooms, 2 baths; all night elevator service; Subway station, 116th St. Rentals moderate; unexcelled service.

Annamere Court, 609-15 W. 115th St.
7 and 8 unusually large and airy rooms, 3 baths. Rents moderate; all night elevators and telephone service.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

See These Before Renting.

High-class elevator apartment, all improvements; night service; convenient to all cars.
$75.00 7-room apartment..... $57.50
65.00 6-room apartment..... 52.50
Superintendent, Rosemont, 126A West 127th St.

SHELBURNE HALL,

90 Morningside Drive, Cor. 121st St.
Elevator Apartments; excellent service.
6 Rooms, $60 to $70.

Cathedral Heights $45

5 rooms, elevator, telephone. 509 W. 112th.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Campolyn & Wenonah,

521 & 523 W. 112th St.

JUST COMPLETED

Two New 8 Story Fireproof Apartment Houses.

Erected by the Theodore Starrett Company, which is a guaranty of superior construction, these buildings contain conveniences found in very few Apartment Houses in this city. Vacuum cleaning, indoor clothes dryers, commodious clothes closets, servants' bath. No long halls; unusually large rooms and entrance foyer.

Very attractively arranged in suites of

5 & 7 Rooms and Bath

Rents $770 to $1,400

Representatives on premises day and evening, or

HUSTON & SPRAKER CO.

25 LIBERTY ST. TEL., 5827—JOHN

STRATHMORE

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, S. E. CORNER 113TH STREET

A Few Choice Apartments to Let

100 Feet Frontage on the Drive

Two apartments to floor; 10 rooms, 3 baths and large foyer, 14 closets, pantry. Parlors 18x22. Dining room 17x21; Master bedroom 17x20; other rooms large.

No other apartments on Riverside Drive, with similar rental, can compare with these. The sunlight, air and view are really unusual.

Apartments may be seen at any time, and on request by letter or telephone (John 5567 or Morningside 488) our representative will call on you with plan and prices.

HALL, HAWKES & PRENTICE,

32 NASSAU STREET.

AMESBURY HALL,

610 West 115th Street,

Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.

Nine story, high class modern Apartment Just Completed. Tastefully arranged in suites of

3, 4 and 5 Rooms.

3 ROOM APARTMENTS HAVE KITCHENETTES.

Accommodations include uniformed hall attendants, continuous telephone service, steam clothes dryers, vacuum cleaners, day and night service. All the apartments are beautifully finished and decorated.

RENTS FROM $42 UP.

Manager on premises, or

Braisted Goodman & Hershfield

2901 BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 113TH ST.

New Fireproof Elevator Apartments

THE ALABAMA

550 Riverside Drive, N. E. Cor. 127th St.

One block from Manhattan St. Subway Station & B'way Surface Cars.

An apartment house of unusually substantial construction, containing every up-to-date improvement and convenience including vacuum cleaners, etc. Service of the Highest Standard.

3-4-5-6 and 7 Rooms & Baths

3 Room Suites Have Kitchenettes.

Rents from $40. up Manager on premises

SOUND VIEW

Northwest Corner

140th STREET and CONVENT AV.

Convenient to Subway and Elevated. Restricted Private House Neighborhood.

JUST COMPLETED

10 Story Fireproof Building

3, 4, 5 and 6 ROOMS

Rentals, $540 to $1,200 Yearly

Every Improvement, Including Mail Chute, Filtered Water and Vacuum Cleaner, Laundry and Steam Clothes Dryers. Outlet for small Electric Stove in every kitchen.

Unobstructed View in all Directions.

Opposite St. Nicholas Park and City College Campus

'Phone, 6127—Audubon.

Heathcote Hall

609 West 114th Street

Between Broadway and Riverside Drive

Nine story, high class modern Apartment, just completed. Tastefully arranged in suites of

3, 4 and 5 Rooms

3 Room Apartments Have Kitchenettes

Accommodations include uniformed hall attendants, continuous telephone service, steam clothes dryers, vacuum cleaners, day and night service. All the apartments are beautifully finished and decorated.

Rents from $45 Up

Inspection Invited

Manager on Premises

La Valenciennes

404 West 116th St.,

One block East of Amsterdam Ave.

Directly opposite President of Columbia's Residence.

Highest Class of Elevator Apartments.

6 & 7 Large, Light Rooms.

Rents $780-$1,080.

Chester Hall

201 West 107th St.,

Cor. Amsterdam Avenue, near Subway and "L."

Elevator and all the latest improvements.

5 & 6 Large, Light Rooms.

Rents $540-$720.

AGENTS ON PREMISES.

THE SAVOY,

610 WEST 111TH ST.

5 and 6 room Apartments, with foyer; RENTS $720 TO $1,200.

THE MARKENFIELD,

605 TO 611 WEST 111TH ST.

4, 5, 6 room Apartments; RENTS, $600 TO $1,020.

Both of the above houses are located between Riverside Drive & Broadway.

Convenient to 110th St. Subway.

LEROY COVENTRY, 156 West 72d St.

Prince Humbert

214 to 220 Cathedral Parkway

110th St. at Broadway.

New Fireproof Buildings

4 & 5 ROOMS

ALL FRONT APARTMENTS

Tiled kitchens with cement floors, covered in best linoleum—one of many features.

Rents $870 up. Agent on premises

Cambridge and Oxford

Madison Av.,

N. W. Cor. 124th St.

High class elevator Apartments of 7 and 8 Rooms and Bath.

$62.50, $66.66, $75 and $83.33 per month.

Facing Mount Morris Park.

Superior Service.

Agent on premises or

De Peyster Realty Co.,

135 Front St. 'Phone, 5547—John.

ROSALIND COURT

510 West 144th St.

Between Amsterdam and Broadway.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

Near Subway, Elevated, & Crosstown Cars.

3 Rooms and Kitchenette $30

4, 5 and 6 Rooms, $40 to $55

See Superintendent on premises, or

Duff & Brown, 1,715 Amsterdam Av.

THE MINERVA,

365 WEST 118TH. ST.

8 rooms, baths; elevator; improvement; $960 yearly.

VERSAILLES PALACE

605-607 W. 113TH ST.

Exceptionally large, light 6, 7, 8 room apartments.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

SENIOR ARMS

535 West 113th St., nr. Broadway.

New, eight-story fireproof.

2 & 3 Rooms and Kitchenette.

4 & 5 Large Rooms.

all outside.

Rent $510 to $930.

PHAETON

539 West 112th St., nr. Broadway.

6 & 7 Rooms, Two Baths.

Very large, plenty closets.

Rent $1,100 to $1,450.

QUIDNET

526 West 113th St., nr. Broadway.

New, fireproof.

4, 5 & 7 Rooms, All Large.

Light; no hall; large closets.

Rents $660 to $1,400.

530 West 113th St.

near Broadway.

New, fireproof, unusual plan.

5 Rooms and Bath.

Most attractive.

Rent $900.

FAIRHOLM

503 West 121st Street,

between Amsterdam Ave. and Broadway. Opp. Columbia University.

4 & 6 Very Large Rooms.

Rent $600 to $780.

GALANTHEA

510 West 113th Street.

No elevator, but all other service of an elevator house.

5 Large Rooms.

Rent $540.00.

THOS. J. O'REILLY

BROADWAY & 109TH STREET.

Phone Riverside 9265-9266.

Oxford Hall

454-456 Riverside Drive.

(116-119 STREETS.)

FRONT APARTMENTS.

5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500

REAR.

4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900

APPLY ON PREMISES OR

PEASE & ELLIMAN,

165 W. 72nd St. Tel. 8300 Col.

HILLCREST

APARTMENTS

430 West 116th St.

One block from 116th St. and Broadway Subway Station.

8 Outside Sunny Rooms

2 and 3 baths

Living rooms.....18x23 feet

Dining rooms.....14x19 feet

Bedrooms, southern exposure..13x16 feet

Spacious foyers. Wide halls. Ample closets.

Elevator and all Modern Conveniences.

RENTS $1,500 TO $2,000.

Open for inspection until 10 P. M.

Hamilton Terrace

65-75 Hamilton Terrace

2 BLOCKS EAST OF AMSTERDAM AV.

Two minutes' walk to Subway station at 145th St. and Broadway.

A new, high-class Apartment House, situated in a select, quiet residential neighborhood which is restricted to private houses, and has all modern improvements.

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 10 rooms.

Rent $30 to $110.

YORKTOWN COURT

Cor. Fort Washington Ave. and 162d St.

New Apartment House, recently completed, 3 to 7 rooms, $37.50 to $75.

SUPT. ON PREMISES.

REED HOUSE

121st St. and Broadway

5 Rooms, $540- $660

6 Rooms, $720- $840

7 Rooms, $840-$1,200

This property is held and managed by an individual owner as a permanent investment.

APPLY ON PREMISES.

Hague Apartments

547 Riverside Drive

overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.

High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.

Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.

APARTMENTS, $900 to $1,500.

ST. ORIMAND

417 WEST 114TH STREET.

CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS

MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT, 6 ROOMS.

Personally managed by owner. Rents $720-$780.

Hendrik Hudson Annex

Broadway & Cathedral Parkway (110th St.)

12-Story Fireproof Building at Express Subway Station.

6, 7, 8 Rooms and 2 baths. 9 Rooms and 3 baths.

RENTS.....$1,200 to $2,500

Manager on premises. 'Phone, 4302—Morningside.

AMERICAN REAL ESTATE CO., Owner, 527 Fifth Avenue.

141st St., 221 West.—Near 7th Ave.

Elegant 4-6 large, light room elevator apartments; modern; near L and Subway stations; $32.50 to $45; concessions desirable tenants; investigate.

ST. REGIS COURT

BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 152D ST.

Choice outside 5 and 7 room apartments, all facing street, $55-$65.

James Conway, agent, on premises.

STANLEY COURT,

519-527 W. 154TH ST.

3—4—5—6 ROOMS, $25 to $37.

Telephone, electric light, high-class; view on 3 streets. H. BOWIE, Agt. Tel. Morning.—640.

202 WEST 130th STREET

7 large, light rooms, $45 to $55.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Ready for Occupancy

3 NEW High Class Fireproof Buildings. "The San Maria" "The Tennessee" "The Arizona"

508-520 W. 114th St.

Between B'way & Amsterdam Ave.

Choice Private House Block.

Overlooking the Campus of Columbia University.

Extra Large Rooms—Splendid Arrangement—Abundance of Large Closets.

5 Rooms & bath....$700 to $840

6 Rooms & bath....$780 to $960

7 Rooms & bath..$1,100 to $1,300

Best Values on West Side.

Open for Inspection until 10 P. M.

Owner on Premises.

The Campus

39-41 Claremont Ave.,

Just above 116th St.,

New 11-Story Fireproof Building

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

Convenient to Broadway Subway and Surface Cars and Riverside Drive.

Apartments of 5 and 6

Rooms overlooking the Campus of Barnard College and Columbia University. Exceptionally Large, Sunny, Outside Rooms, handsomely finished, possessing appointments of the highest grade.

Rents Very Moderate

V. Cerabone Con. Co.

Owner and Builder on Premises.

Vernon Hall

146-156 West 118th St.

near 7th Ave.

Subway Sta. at 116th St. & Lenox Av. L Sta. at 110th St. & 8th Av.

Private Block—Select Section.

Possessing all the latest features embodied in the highest grade of apartment house construction, including combination wall safes, electric light and telephone in each apartment. Day and night elevator and hall service. A few choice apartments left.

5-7 and 8 Rooms

VERY LIBERAL CONCESSIONS.

REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES

Before Deciding

Be Sure to See These

CLARENDON

Large Light Sunny Rooms

7 ROOMS & BATH

Cheery and Homelike.

605 West 112th St.

Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.

No better Location on the West Side.

Two blocks to Subway.

AT THE VERY ATTRACTIVE FIGURE OF $1,150.

Apply to Superintendent, or

Huston & Spraker Co.,

25 LIBERTY ST. Tel. 5827 John.

HeatherdellCourt

Northwest Corner

Broadway and 179th St.

Why Pay Big Rent,

when you can get a beautiful apartment in this modern Elevator Building with every up-to-date convenience, filtered water, etc., only couple minutes from 181st Subway?

4 Rooms.....$37 to $40

5 Rooms.....$50 to $58

7 Rooms.....$65 to $70

KNAP & WASSON, Agents, BROADWAY & 178TH ST.

Columbia Co-operative Apartments

411 West 114th St.

8 large rooms. 2 baths. All light. Unique floor plan. No long hall. On the Heights, overlooking Morningside Park. Convenient to 116th St. Subway. Rents $1,100 to $1,400.

Apply to Superintendent, or

PEASE & ELLIMAN,

165 W. 72d St. Tel. 8300 Columbus.

EL MORA & MIRAMAR,

606 to 612 West 137th St.

Subway Station

Elevator Apartments.

5, 6 and 7 Rooms,

Every Modern Improvement;

$50 to $65 Per Month.

COLONIAL & EDGECOMBE

375 & 377 Edgecombe Ave.

152d, near 5th and 9th L Stations.

Beautifully situated, overlooking Colonial Park.

Hall service, electric lights, showers, etc.

6 Front Rooms, $35 to $42.

Owner on premises.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

The Mayfield

15 East 10th St.,

NEAR FIFTH AVE.

Exclusive neighborhood, accessible location, convenient to L, subway, surface and 'bus. Extra servants' rooms if desired.

7 and 8 Rooms & Bath.

Rents $1,300 to $1,800.

Booklet, with floor plan and further particulars, on application.

Huston & Spraker Co.,

25 Liberty St. Tel. 5827—John. Superintendent on Premises.

The

Stuyvesant

17 Livingston Place

CORNER EAST 17th ST.

Overlooking Stuyvesant Park

6 AND 7 ROOMS

large, light and airy; 'phones, elevators, electric light, uniformed hall attendants, separate servants' toilets.

RENTS $800 TO $1200

Also physician's corner first floor Apartment, seven large outside rooms and bath.

APPLY TO SUPT. ON PREMISES.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.

100 feet east of 5th Av.

THE MASON,

6-12 East 58th St.

Attractive Apartments of 8 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.

VERY LOW RENTS FOR CHOICE LOCATION

$1,600 to $1,750

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

MUST SUBLET

Very Desirable Apartment

9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.

All large, light rooms.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Modern improvements, elevator service; outside corner, facing Madison Av.

Rent Very Moderate.

SUPERINTENDENT,

1,239 Madison Ave., Corner 89th St.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.

FOR RENTS, ETC.,

See Superintendent on Premises.

Swannanoa,

105-107 East 15th St.,

Overlooking Union Square,

At 14th St. Subway express station.

High Class Apartments,

1-3 and 5 Rooms and Bath.

Every Room Sunny.

Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service.

C. F. BEDELL CO., Agents,

Broadway and 87th St.

Representative on premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof.

43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av. Seven rooms, one and two baths, $1,200 to $1,700. Two and three rooms and bath; $420 to $600. All-night elevator; hall and 'phone service; all improvements; resident Superintendent.

Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

"La Casa Blanca"

55 East 76th St.

NEAR MADISON AV.

7-8-11 rooms, bath, and servants' bath; rent $1,000-$1,250; also corner apartment, all light rooms, $1,400; white enameled woodwork; parquet floors, electric lights, telephone each apartment. Telephone 1690 Lenox.

Doctor's Apartments.

Have been occupied several years by successful physicians; now to rent.

7 ROOMS.....$1,000

11 ROOMS.....$1,700

55 East 76th St., near Madison Av.

43 East 27th St.

Near Madison Ave.

QUITE DISCOURAGING ! !

So it is with KITCHENNETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking—if not one thing, then another. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES. FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maid's rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900. VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

THE LEXINGTON

144-146-148 East 22d St.

To lease, attractive large apartments, 5 & 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.

MODERATE RENT.

References, lessee. Superintendent on premises.

WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,

927 Broadway. Telephone 5929—Gramercy.

THE ALVARADO,

S. E. cor. 80th St., Park Ave.

In exclusive neighborhood, high-class, modern equipped apartments of nine extra large, all light rooms, two baths, abundance of large closets; also one ground floor, suitable for doctor; rents $1,700 to $1,900. Supt.

COLONIAL HALL,

1,361 Mad. Av., N. E. cor. 90th St.

Nine exceptionally large, light, airy rooms, two baths; all latest improvements; rents $1,800 upward. Apply on premises. Tel. 3092 Lenox.

223 LEXINGTON AVE.

Suites of 2 Rooms & Bath, $40.

Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

39-43 E. 27th ST.

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

Six or seven large, sunny rooms, bath; elevator; all modern conveniences; fireproof; $1,200-$1,400.

A—CORONADO—A

High-class fireproof apartments, Park Ave. corner; suites 6-7 rooms; yearly rents $800 upward; service unexcelled. 75 East 81st St.

THE SUSSEX

55 EAST 65TH ST.

Apartment, 6 rooms and 2 baths; rooms all sunny; also 8-room suite, $1,600; extra maids' rooms if required. Apply Supt.

715 MADISON AV., (NEAR 63D ST.)

Non-housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; elevator, electric light, steam heat; good service; rent, $60; references required.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

MOOYER & MARSTON

477 FIFTH AVENUE, COR. 41ST ST.

515 Madison Ave., Cor. 53d St.

Handsome light corner apartment, 11 rooms and 3 baths. Rent $3,800.

1270 Madison Ave., Cor. 91st St.

Seven rooms and bath; light apartment; elevator. $75 per month.

108-110 EAST 91ST STREET.

Thoroughly renovated apartments, 7 rooms and bath; light and airy; all improvements; moderate rent. Inquire on premises, or Carl Jacobs, 135 West 117th St.

THE CLEVELAND,

126-130 East 24th St.

Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street

Handsome parlor apartment; seven large, light rooms.

BRONX.

ECONOMY

IN

Mestanique Court,

735 E. 160th St.,

CORNER FOREST AV.;

NEAR PROSPECT AV. SUBWAY STATION.

A FEW 6 AND 7 ROOM APARTMENTS.

PRICE $42 TO $49.

ELEVATOR. ELECTRIC LIGHT. TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.

DOCTOR or DENTIST

In same house on ground floor.

10 Rooms, 2 Baths, 2 Telephones.

RENT $69.

FRANKLIN AV., 1408-1414

2 blocks E. 169th St., 3d Av. L Station; 1 block to park and school.

LARGE, LIGHT APARTMENTS OF 4 AND 5 ROOMS;

new building equipped with steam heat, electric light throughout; modern plumbing, hardwood trim.

RENTS $20 TO $26.

5 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe. All modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High schools. Small select families desired.

950 TRINITY AVE., Near 183d St.

RENT $22 UP.

Apply on premises.

MORRIS AV. SOUTH OF TREMONT AV. READY OCT. 1ST

3-4-5 Extra Large Rooms.

Electric light, telephone, parquet floors, &c.

Refined, quiet neighborhood.

TWO MONTHS FREE.

Must sublet exquisite apartment, 7 all outside rooms; electric light, parquet floors; only $35.

1,239 Franklin Avenue.

Two blocks 169th St. 3d Av. Elevated.

Suitable Physician or Dentist.

BOSTON ROAD

1,024, nr. 165th.

Elegant 5-6-7 rooms; all improvements; electric light, parquet floors, telephone, etc.; reasonable rent.

2,650 Marion Av., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station, apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

198d Street and Marion Avenue.

The Willow Apartments, just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

1999 MORRIS AVE.

Corner 179th St., 6 and 8 roms in 2-family house; select neighborhood, rents reasonable.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

The Grampion,

182 St. Nicholas Ave.

NEW ownership. NEW management. NEW Dining Room.

1-2-3 Rooms, with baths, furnished or unfurnished, by the month; near transit; refined home for small families; prices very moderate. Diagrams and particulars of Superintendent, on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

BROOKLYN.

Park Slope Duplex Houses

Seven large, all light rooms with bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65 and $70. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that Rental. 20 minutes from Park Row. Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.

WALTER L. JOHNSON

386 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn

184 JORALEMON ST. TEL. 7551 MAIN.

396 McDonough St., Brooklyn.—Apartment, 8 rooms and bath, steam heat and hot-water supply; all light rooms; price $35.00. Inquire on premises.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT, City of New York.—Map and profile showing manner of obtaining from the Ten Mile River, Dutchess County, New York, an additional supply of water for the City of New York.

Public notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York, held on August 31, 1911, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity of the City of New York has duly prepared a map and profile showing the manner of delivering a temporary additional supply of water from the Ten Mile River in Dutchess County, State of New York, to the northerly end of the Croton Watershed, so as to increase the supply of pure and wholesome water for the use of said City of New York in pursuance of the provisions of Chapter 466 of the Laws of 1901 as amended, and

Whereas, The Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity of the City of New York has transmitted the aforesaid map prepared by him to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York for its approval, be it

Resolved, That a public notice be given of a hearing to be held by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York in the Old Council Chamber, Room 16, City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of September, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place a full opportunity shall be given to any and all persons interested to be heard respecting such map and the acquisition of the real estate shown thereon, and be it further

Resolved, That such public notice be published in the "City Record," in two papers published in Dutchess County, and in two papers published in Putnam County, (in which counties the real estate to be taken and acquired is situated,) and in two daily papers published in the City of New York, once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the 28th day of September, 1911.

Dated August 31, 1911.

Telephone 2280—Worth.

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary, 277 Broadway, New York City.

SURROGATE CITATION.

MORROW, MARGARET.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to ELIZA ANN BLAKELY, Samuel McMurdie, John McMurdie, Robert McMurdie, Eliza Jane McMurdie, Mary Isabella Russell, Cecilia Ian Duncan, Harriet Carson, Maria Morrison, Eliza Faris, Fanny Faris, Alfred Morrow, Emily Faris, Maggie Faris, Isabella Beatty, Mary Anne Faris, (now Foster.) Mary Jane Jessup, Maud Isabella Russell, Jane Elizabeth Russell, Margaret Carolina Russell, Mary Martin Russell, Abraham Russell, Edith Marion Russell, Thomas John Russell, Evelyn Henrietta Russell, Joseph Samuel McMurdie, Eliza Jane McMurdie, Isabella McMurdie, Robert Joseph McMurdie, Bella McMurdie McGowan, Minnie McMurdie, John McMurdie, Archibald McMurdie, Catherine Euphemia McMurdie, Isabella McGowan, Edward Henry Lambert Carson, Ian Graham Carson, Violet Duncan, James Duncan, and also to all the unknown living descendants of Isabella McMurdie, a deceased sister of testatrix, whose names and places of residence are unknown and cannot, after diligent inquiry, be ascertained by the Executors hereinafter named, and to all persons interested in the estate of MARGARET MORROW, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said County, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 20th day of October, 1911, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Schuyler Schleffelin and Henry S. Clark, as Executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Robert [L. S.] Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 23d day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

VER PLANCK, PRINCE & FLANDERS, Attorneys for Executors, No. 149 Broadway, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

LEGAL NOTICES.

New York, Aug. 24, 1911.

THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK, N. Y.

The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

UNCLAIMED BALANCES.

MAIN BANK.

Brown, F. G., Assignee, 6 Locust St., Flushing, N. Y., October 6, 1896	$157.00
Delaney, D. A., Assignee, (J. Lloyd & Co.,) 206 11th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., September 15, 1903	309.74
Estate of C. H. Cleland, 23 E. 23d St., N. Y. C., prior to 1902	164.50
Estate of Van Deusen Mairs, 5 Nassau St., July 6, 1900	69.75
Gerard, Jr., J. E., address not known, October 25, 1904	262.08
Hosmer, Ed. S., 32 Nassau St., November 18, 1905	59.93
Heydon, H. S., General Agent, 403 Decatur St., Brooklyn, N. Y., December 16, 1905	71.21
Logansport & Wabash Valley Gas Co., no address, Nov. 3, 1902	143.45
Ohio & Indiana Con. Nat. & Ill. Gas Co., dividend account, 45 Broadway, N. Y. C., May 15, 1905	494.20
Osgood & Co., F., 21 State St., N. Y. C., prior to 1900	82.39
Wilson, William C., 55 Liberty St., N. Y. C., May 31, 1906	77.32

ASTOR PLACE BRANCH.

Murray, George S., Assignee, 454 Broadway, 1896	240.34
Baldwin, S. S., Agent, 77 Spring St., prior to June 28, 1905	384.25

EAST SIDE BRANCH.

Bain, Lizar, 143 E. Broadway, more than five years	70.69
Munes, Loeb, 365 Brook Ave., Bronx, prior to 1904	101.82

ELEVENTH WARD BRANCH.

Lichtenberg, Sig., 146 Water St., N. Y. C., Dec. 3, 1900	805.00

FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH.

Stanley, Allen Matthew, 36 E. 23d St., N. Y. C., April 13, 1906	749.68

HUDSON RIVER BRANCH.

Burnham, Olivette, Hotel St. Andrew	February 9, 1906	$112.45
Church, M., Hotel St. Andrew	December 19, 1898	71.25
Clark, Horace, 128 W. 82d St	January 5, 1894	51.36
Est. F. A. Schroeder, 603 Washington St	March 12, 1905	424.40
Friedman, Herman, 342 Columbus Ave	February 2, 1899	60.00
Edw. F. Gibbons, Trustee, 118 W. 78th St	January 3, 1901	122.94
Hansen, Emily L., 117 W. 89th St	August 26, 1895	52.25
Herreshoff, E. D. L., 40 W. 69th St	June 16, 1905	53.55
Kern, Ad., 140 W. 65th St	October 6, 1903	53.40
Lenane, Margaret J., 18 West 82d St	August 26th, 1904	715.17
Levey, J. P., 562 West End Avenue	February 20, 1904	222.60
McNamee, Sarah, 138 W. 61st Street	January 11, 1902	58.79
Martine, Lillian, 134 West 70th St	May 9, 1899	140.58
Moore, Nellie E., 83 Riverside Drive	December 2, 1903	77.40
Parsons, Florence S., 242 West 71st St	October 28, 1903	554.02
Prentiss, Ellen B., 172 West 77th St	February 27, 1903	142.50
Simpson, Louise D., 41 West 73d St	February 9, 1897	152.00
Starrett, Belle, 326 West 80th St	May 17th, 1906	118.67
Tilden Club of N. Y., 2,130 Broadway	March 25, 1905	58.15
Ware & Gibbs, 451 Columbus Ave	June 28, 1900	97.03
Williams, Henrietta H., 120 W. 78th St	December 30, 1901	69.02

QUEENS COUNTY BRANCH.

Seminole Manufacturing Co., Deland, Fla	February 10, 1903	65.62

UNION SQUARE BRANCH.

Estate Chas. Thyson, 26 Cornelia St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	August 5, 1902	93.45
B. Reichman, Cooper Square, N. Y.	September 10, 1901	100.15
Phil. Schild, 64 Market St., Newark, N. J.	Jan. 9, 1898 (attached)	62.71
Philip Nehrbas, (deceased,) 64 Avenue B, N. Y. C.	March 30, 1900	52.53
Perea Brothers, (both deceased,) 124 East 14th St., City	January 25, 1897	103.88

State of New York, County of New York, ss:

WILLIAM H. KETCHUM, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Assistant Cashier of The Corn Exchange Bank, N. Y., and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

WM. H. KETCHUM, Asst. Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of August, 1911.

[Seal of Notary.] THOS. NASH,

Notary Public, No. 40, Kings County, N. Y.

Certificate filed in New York County: K. 1417, N. Y. 3008.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL taxes on real estate and personal property in The City of New York for the year 1911 are due and payable on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911,

at the office of the Receiver of Taxes in the Borough in which the property is located, as follows:

Borough of Manhattan, 57 Chambers St.

Borough of The Bronx, Municipal Building, corner of 3d and Tremont Avs.

Borough of Brooklyn, Rooms 2, 4, 6, and 8, Municipal Building.

Borough of Queens, Court Square, Long Island City.

Borough of Richmond, Borough Hall, St. George.

All taxes become liens on the day due and payable.

TO AVOID PENALTY TAXES MUST BE PAID IN OCTOBER.

On all taxes which are unpaid on the first day of November, interest shall be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum, from October 2, 1911, the day on which taxes become due and payable.

When checks are mailed to the Receiver of Taxes they must be accompanied by addressed envelopes WITH POSTAGE PREPAID IN order to assure return of receipted bills by mail.

Checks dated October 2 should be mailed to the Receiver as soon as possible after bills have been received by the taxpayer.

DRAW CHECKS ONLY ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE TO THE ORDER OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES.

FRED. H. E. EBSTEIN, Receiver of Taxes.

New York, N. Y., August 30th, 1911.

METROPOLITAN BANK.

The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

H. D. Pierce	Balance April, 1903	$238.45
Rosemary MacGinniss	Balance April 30, 1906	221.86
H. N. Luesins	Balance Dec. 19, 1905	156.27

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

A. C. CORBY, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Cashier of the Metropolitan Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

A. C. CORBY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of August, 1911.

Seal. J. R. WRIGHT, Notary Public.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE STEINLEIN-RABOURN COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, appointed to be held in and for the County of New York on the ninth day of October, 1911, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to MANHATTAN LINOTYPE COMPANY.

Dated New York, September 21, 1911.

THE STEINLEIN-RABOURN COMPANY,

By JOHN STEINLEIN, President.

WILLIAM J. BOWMAN, Attorney for Petitioner, No. 38 Park Row, New York City.

To employes:

Would the fact that some employer will pay you more money than you are now earning interest you?

If ambitious to better your position the Situation Wanted columns of The New York Times loom up important as the means of obtaining the right situation.

Situations Wanted advertisements in The Times have placed many worthy men and women in line for advancement by gaining interviews with the better class of employers.

The New York Times

Go to any Advertising Agency or telephone

Bryant 1000 Want Department

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Between Grand Central Terminal and Lake Mahopac, N. Y.; either on Hudson Division or Putnam Division of the New York Central & Hudson R. R. during week beginning Sept. 11, two (2) checkbooks, one of Bankers' Trust Co. and one of National Nassau Bank. Finder will please return to Henri A. L. Hoguet, 154 Nassau St., Manhattan, New York.

LOST—Between 80th and 87th Sts., bunch of keys and small padlock; finder will be rewarded by returning same to the ADAMS REMEDY CO., 130 West 32d.

LOST—Gold watch stem, watch fob; initials "J. A. D.," South Brooklyn; reward, $10. Return Maryland Storage Office, 343 East 138th St.

LOST—On Thames St., between Broadway and Church St., check book of an estate. Finder please communicate with Henry A. Leland, 241 Clifton Av., Newark, N. J.

LOST.—Small diamond ring, mermaid setting, on leaving city, Sept. 13, 72d St. Subway or Grand Central Station; liberal reward. L. H. Vories, 425 West 15th St.

LOST or STOLEN.—Bankbook No. 602,675, Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; payment stopped. Please return to bank, No. 51 Chambers St.

LOST.—Delta, Delta, Delta fraternity pin bearing owner's name; reward. 150 5th Av.

LOST—Lexington Av., 57th, 6th Av., 50th; gold eyeglasses; reward. 125 East 57th.

$100 REWARD for return of lost pet dog, French bat ear brindle bull; no white marks; answers to name of Duke; lost in vicinity of West 86th St. Reward given if returned to P. J. Bonwit, 834 West 86th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Female bulldog, black and white, sore on back; responds to name Jewel; liberal reward. Dr. Spier, 1,670 Lexington Av.

LOST.—White female fox terrier; answers to name Nellie; liberal reward. 114 West 111th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—Sum money, restoration owner proving ownership, paying advertisement. F. T. Kent, Federal Post Office.

FOUND, Sept. 21.—POLICE DEPARTMENT, Room 9, 300 Mulberry St.; Fob, cash. Branch 269 State St., Brooklyn; Eyeglasses and case.

FOUND, Sept. 20—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Cards, collars, trousers, salt cellar.

FOUND, Sept. 21.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.; Pocketbook, 4 umbrellas, 4 packages, valise, book.

FOUND, Sept. 21.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Mesh bag, overcoat, veil, 4 umbrellas, pair of shoes, pair of eyeglasses, silk bow and pin, book.

FOUND, Sept. 21.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package, hosiery, sweater, trowel.

FOUND, Sept. 21.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Three packages, 6 umbrellas, pocketbook.

FOUND, Sept. 21.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.—On Trains: Umbrellas, 2 rolls of music, parasol, overcoat, valise. JERSEY CITY STATION: Two books. MANHATTAN TRANSFER: Pair of eyeglasses. DESBROSSES STREET BOAT: Two packages. LEHIGH VALLEY R. R.: Overcoat.

FOUND, Sept. 21.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Suit of pajamas, pin, overcoat, 2 brushes, comb and eyeglasses, rubbers, derby hat, book, match box, hatpin, nightgown, overcoat, Ingersoll watch, beads, slippers, mesh bag, cap, nail file, kimono, pipe and tobacco, parasol, silk handbag, keys, raincoat, umbrella, soap dish, gloves, hat, dress suitcase, eyeglasses

FOUND, Sept. 19.—LEHIGH VALLEY R. R. Apply General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn.: On Trains—Umbrella, package, hat, pin, bag.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BEST & CO.,

1 WEST 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE EXPERIENCED HANDS ON MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S TAILORED AND FANCY COATS.

HOUSEWORK.—Maid for general housework; no washing; must have references. Apply 316 West 84th St.

LADIES.—$15 per week and upward for intelligent workers; new educational device, delivered on approval to every family; no samples to carry. Call or write, Mr. Carter, Room 926, 225 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, high-class law office; Smith Premier machine; must have some experience and be well educated; state age, experience, and salary desired at start. B 209 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Capable woman for special work. Excellent opportunity for future. Spencer Company, 13 West 38th Street.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A FEW ENERGETIC MEN of education and good appearance are desired as salesmen for one of the highest class established residential developments in the city; best season is just opening and an aggressive advertising campaign is planned; liberal commission paid and personal assistance given; previous experience not necessary; splendid returns for hard workers. Call to-day, before 11 A. M., Mr. Green, 334 Fifth Avenue, Room 217.

CUTTER.—First-class, to go to St. Louis. Gauchy & Blum, 121 West 27th.

LONDON SHOP, Atlantic City, require the services of experienced men's furnishing salesman and window trimmers. Address London Shop, Atlantic City.

MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS SALESMAN, familiar with city trade. State age and experience. X 213 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

Auditor, $35; bookkeeper, cashier.
Bookkeeper, furs, $15; furniture, $12.
Female bookkeeper, $12; stenographers, $12; $15; saleslady, $10.
Boys ($) offices, errands; $5.
Employers Reference Service,
144 West 23d St.

Domestic.

MRS. MALMBERG'S Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly at 352 4th Av.—Reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—A young woman of executive ability, with 11 years' experience as bookkeeper and confidential clerk, desires a position of trust and responsibility; stenography, filing, and all office details; speaks German; high-class testimonials. Address M., Box 25 Times

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

DRESSMAKER.—A dressmaker desires a few customers, (by day, $3;) absolutely high-class cut and style. Box B 187 Times.

ENGLISH LADY desires position; nursery governess or companion. D. Y., Box 8, Westwood, N. J.

LAUNDRESS.—First-class in all branches; German; good city references; wishes position in private family; wages, $40. Address Mrs. Hill, 402 West 47th St.

REFINED young Southern lady, highly educated and cultured, would consider position as private teacher or governess; exceptional references. B 162 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptional beginner, accustomed difficult dictation; rapid, accurate, intelligent; moderate salary. Martha Decker, 605 Madison Av. Phone 5368 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, ambitious, desires position; will work hard to get a good start; small salary accepted. E. B., Box 235, Elmhurst, L. I.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, take dictation rapidly, transcribe accurately; six years' business experience. A. 313 Times Downtown.

STEWARDESS OR MANAGER, excellent caterer, long experience, wants position in club or school. M. G., 187 East 71st St.

VISITING HOUSEKEEPER; $10 per month; fine caterer. B 160 Times.

YOUNG GENTLEWOMAN, 25, desires position as traveling companion or secretary to lady of refinement. X 37 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; keeps your books always in balance; simple, practical system; moderate charge. Expert, 501 West 14th St.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, specialty opening, closing, adjusting, complicated accounts, corporation work. Schultz, 89 Delancey St.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO RECOMMEND HIS VALET TO ONE WISHING A RELIABLE, EFFICIENT MAN. TELEPHONE 6770 BRYANT.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant; two years' experience, seeks position with importers; salary no object. Address Future, Box 34 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; writes up balances, audits books regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 316 Canal.

CARPENTER and cabinetmaker, by day or contract; good mechanic; reasonable. Benmard, 427 4th Av.

CHAUFFEUR wants position; married; city or country; best references. Fitch, 1,075 Park Av

CHAUFFEUR.—First-class driver; do any ordinary repair; excellent reference. Camden, 219 East 40th St.

CORRESPONDENT or assistant in sales department; four years' selling experience. J. T. Sullivan, 1,062 Park Place, Brooklyn.

EVENING EMPLOYMENT wanted by young man of education and ability; experienced accountant. E. J., 276 Times Downtown.

INSTRUCTOR.—For 3 months, by non-commissioned officer U. S. Army, on furlough, position as instructor boys' or other military school or organization. Sergeant, 137 West 145th St. McAlpine.

INTELLIGENT, able, and honest young man; thoroughly experienced manufacturer of cloaks and suits; also good salesman; seeks position; no objection to other lines; can produce results. B 170 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, familiar with details of costs, manufacture, and sales of railroad and industrial specialties, open for immediate employment. B 141 Times.

PARQUET, hardwood floors cleaned, refinished, polished equal to new, by expert; references; reasonable; city or country. Mehrtens, 353 West 44th St.

PRACTICAL business man wants position requiring initiative, tact, and trust; references; bond. B 123 Times.

SECRETARYSHIP, or responsible opening, by thoroughly reliable, competent college graduate, age 24; excellent business experience in other lines; no stenographer; well recommended. Address Box 51 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG JAPANESE wants position morning and afternoon; any kind work. Oka, 47 Prospect Place, Manhattan.

YOUNG MAN, 23, high school graduate, neat appearance, of sober habits, experienced, desires position with reputable concern where opportunities exist; nominal salary to prove ability. B., 158 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position, with advancement, in mercantile house; several years' business experience; reference. H. G. Berge, 15A Woodbine St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) college graduate, excellent character, thoroughly experienced, wishes clerical or secretarial position; excellent references; will leave city. B 140 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, (24,) capable and thoroughly experienced, seeks position of responsibility. J. R., 337 East 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, 22; handy in store; wants work any kind. English, 601 West 132d St.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN, 29, now employed, nine years' buying and selling experience, familiar with office detail, desires position as assistant purchasing agent; faithful, conscientious; excellent references. B 107 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

A1 COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,329 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

COMPETENT colored help, all trades, supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

COOK, general workers, day workers, porters, elevator man. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th Street. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large room; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

33D ST., 4 WEST.—Apply Room 32; $12, elegant room, private bath; dainty, delicious meals; $20 for two; $30 secures for two magnificent suite of parlor bedroom, private bathroom, private telephone, and unusual table. Located in nearby suburb. Well worth investigating. Bring this.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms in well-kept Southern home; persons with reliable references.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; telephone, exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Beautiful large room; southern exposure; small room, parlor floor; both have running water; reasonable; excellent table; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, (near Central Park West.)—House, newly decorated and furnished; large rooms, $12 for one person; $16 to $18 for two.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST, (near "L" and Subway.)—Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths, electric lights; table guests; references.

63D ST., 133 WEST.—Lady having beautiful private house will board two gentlemen or married couple; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

64TH ST., 182 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, private bath; excellent table board; telephone.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large and single rooms; comfortably furnished; private baths; superior table; references.

68TH ST., 64 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath or adjoining; excellent table; gentlemen, couples; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, medium, single rooms; private baths; well appointed; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months, desirable rooms, with board; references.

72D ST., 261-263 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—First-class boarding house; newly decorated; private baths, steam; private telephone.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent table; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated; single and double rooms; private bath; hot water; parlor dining, excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Large and small room, with board; reference.

79TH ST., 132 WEST, (The Bonheur.)—Newly renovated, newly furnished, steam heated; telephone in every room; large reception room; references.

79TH, 131 WEST.—Board and rooms, with or without private bath; high grade.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large south room, adjoining bath; parlor dining; table guests; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class rooms and board; table guests.

82D, 50-52 WEST.—Suite of two rooms, with sleeping porch and private bath, open plumbing; electric light. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

82D ST., 136 WEST.—Large and single rooms, with good board; quiet American house; reference.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Very desirable, sunny front room; reasonable terms if permanent; table guests.

83D ST., 55 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, bath adjoining; table guests; reference.

85TH ST., 202 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms, beautifully furnished; suitable for two bachelors; telephone service; late suppers, if desired; every convenience. West.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; select house; parlor dining; table guests accommodated; telephone.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms, handsomely furnished; private bath; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

92D ST., 54 WEST.—Renovated rooms, large, small; handsome second floor; private bath; telephone; references.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Suite of two rooms; hot and cold water; single room; table board.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Nice large front room, second floor, also other rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; pleasant surroundings; near Park and "L" station; table guests.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms, excellent board; table guests; parlor dining; references; telephone.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms; baths; refined, private, modern home; excellent table; Subway express.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; excellent table; refined surroundings; phone; table guests.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table guests; references.

264 WEST 107TH ST.
Attractive rooms; good home cooking; table guests.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large corner rooms; Morningside Heights; glorious view; near Columbia; celebrated table; room and board, $12 to $14; references.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintly served; Subway, trolley.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Students' dining hall, $5 per week, 3 meals.

477 MANHATTAN AV., (120TH.)
Large and small rooms; good table; reasonable.

123D, 148 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; excellent table; reference. Telephone 6289 L Morningside.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large front room overlooking Columbia with bath; excellent table; table guests.

123D ST., 439 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, board; every convenience; elevator apartment; private; reasonable. Apartment 11.

123D, 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

142D ST., 623 WEST.—Young bachelor has in his private residence (near Riverside) vacancies for a few young men of refinement.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike, accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Bright, well-furnished room; running water; good table; private house; one block from Subway; gentlemen; telephone 4678 Audubon.

157TH ST., Subway, Washington Heights.—Pleasant outside room, overlooking Hudson; home cooking. Telephone 203 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE,
258-260 West 44th St.
Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

LENOX AV., 251—Beautiful large, small rooms; excellent table; homelike conveniences; Subway; Christian house in high-class neighborhood; catering to select people only.

WEST END AV., 240.—Large room, all conveniences; private neighborhood; near 72d St. Subway express.

WEST END AV., 764, (97th St.)—Room and board; homelike; modern conveniences; electricity.

ELDERLY LADY can secure large room, first-class board; University Heights. Reasonable, Times Downtown.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101.—Large and small rooms; private bath; parlor dining; telephone.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor; private bath; two large connecting rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH, 218 EAST.—Desirable large, small rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; telephone; references; board optional.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park,)—Desirable front rooms; excellent table; references; telephone; park privilege.

63D ST., 23 EAST, (corner Madison Av.; 694-696 Madison Av.)—Second floor; three sunny rooms and bath; other rooms; excellent board.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal location; table a specialty; table guests; telephone.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath or separate; elevator, steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

Brooklyn.

THE TERRACE HOTEL—HEIGHTS.
Office 5 Montague Terrace; high-class private hotel; overlooking river; most accessible locality Greater N. Y.; Subway 5 minutes, Wall St., beautiful, spacious apartments; bath; telephone; small rooms, $9 to $10 per week; connecting mansions; cuisine unique in quality and style. Telephone 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795—Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Gentleman and wife, with child and governess, desire accommodations for Winter with private family; Brooklyn Heights preferred. B 208 Times Downtown.

ENGLISH WOMAN, teacher, wishes room, with or without board, between 61st and 80th Sts., west of Lexington Av. S 105 Times.

LARGE SUNNY ROOM.—Two adults, near 96th St. and Central Park West; references. 880 Hudson Terminal Building.

ROOM AND BOARD, brother and sister, with private bath; state price; steady. B 157 Times

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Westchester

EDGEHILL INN, Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson. Summer and Winter accommodations of the very best; fine grounds; tennis courts; suites with private bath; Subway and Central. Miss Mary E. Huntington.

New Jersey.

VILLA CRESCENT, 46 Walnut Crescent, Montclair, N. J. Newly decorated house, beautifully located; comfortably furnished, running water in rooms, electric lighting, telephone, excellent table. Within few minutes' walk of Golf Club. References.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite, accommodate 3 or 4; electric lights; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Desirable rooms; hot, cold water; private baths; single room, $3.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.
VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Elegantly furnished alcove room, adjoining bath; others newly furnished and decorated.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; particular people; reference.

13TH, 104, (West 6th Av.)—Exceptionally desirable square and hall rooms; adjoining bath; gentlemen.

23D, 458 WEST.—American lady offers large, small, pleasant rooms; superior table; reasonable; reference.

46TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, bath; gentlemen only; references.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Attractive, large room; southern exposure; house strictly first-class; references.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Attractive, large room; running water; southern exposure; house first-class; references.

50TH ST., 70 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath, $8; also hall rooms; steam heat; telephone.

55TH ST., 103 WEST.—Large outside rooms in high-class apartment; refined surroundings; references. Tappan.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Large, small newly decorated; electric lights; hot water; board optional; telephone.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath, telephone; parlor, with piano; all conveniences.

66TH ST., 6 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, suitable for two; heat, bath. Roche.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 273 WEST.—Unusual accommodations for bachelors seeking quiet, permanent home in elegantly furnished private residence; every modern convenience; references required.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Rooms, suite, separate; every comfort; beautiful location; meals optional; refined home.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen only; references.

70TH ST., 202 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; near Subway.

71ST ST., 147 WEST.—Room; hot and cold water; bath adjoining; gentleman.

73D ST., 160 WEST.—Pleasant room in private house; all modern conveniences; near Subway and "L" express; gentlemen only; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Large double room for two gentlemen or couple; excellent table; references.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Handsome second floor and other rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive, large and single rooms; baths; delightful location; Subway and L.

78D, 173 WEST.—Desirable rooms; refined surroundings.

$5 TH, 15 EAST.
Large, small rooms, all conveniences; reasonable.

74TH ST., 100 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite; telephone; references; reasonable.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large front rooms on second and third floors; electric lights; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—A bright room, well furnished, in high class apartment. Mathison.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable front room, attractively furnished; all conveniences; suitable one or two.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large rooms, adjoining bath; attractive private house; breakfast optional; references required. 'Phone.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large room, 2d floor; private bath; 2 gentlemen preferred; permanent; reasonable.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors; superior accommodations; attractive to gentlemen appreciating private, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large front rooms with and without bath; newly furnished; private family.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references; "L" Subway.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

81ST ST., 131 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; all conveniences; private baths; together or separate.

81ST ST., 134 WEST.—Two front rooms; clean, quiet; telephone, "L" station; gentleman; private house.

81ST, 147 WEST.—One attractive room, private bath; well appointed house; references.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large and small room; well furnished; private house; references. 5297 Schuyler.

82D, 327 WEST, Riverside Drive.—Private house, second floor, shower, telephone, gentlemen; moderate. Campbell.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Large front suite, suitable studio, furnished, unfurnished; use piano; board optional.

85TH ST., 106 WEST, (formerly 152 West 80th St.)—Large and small attractive rooms; every convenience.

86TH ST., 310 WEST.—Desirable second floor; will separate; other rooms; southern exposure; reasonable; references.

87TH ST., 175 WEST.—Refined home; two or three large rooms; also small, $2.50. Bruns.

90TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally clean room; running water; single gentleman; board optional. Munker.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable rooms; clean, select house; all conveniences; "L," Subway; telephone.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Large and small communicating rooms, adjoining bath; together or single; overlooking Central Park.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Very desirable accommodations; back parlor floor for physician or dentist.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Attractive clean rooms, large and small, newly furnished, running water; "L" station.

93D ST., Riverside, 316.—Exceptionally large, light rooms, bath; beautiful apartments; one, two gentlemen. Campbell.

94TH ST., 172 WEST.—Private house; private family; large, handsomely furnished room; Christian gentleman; telephone.

96TH ST., 128 WEST.—Attractive, homelike room; good location; Subway, L expresses; breakfast optional. Muir.

97TH ST., (west of Broadway.)—Select two-room suite; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone 6780 Riverside. Apartment 1—B.

247 WEST 98TH ST.
Desirable, med. sized room; tel.; breakfast op.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Fastidiously furnished rooms, with adjoining bath; private residence; gentleman; references.

101ST ST., 230, (corner Broadway.)—Large, sunny room; running water; elevator apartment; gentlemen; references. Reilly.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

102D, 211 (Corner Broadway.)—Attractive, large outside room; homelike; private family; moderate; references. Fradkin.

102D ST., (21 Manhattan Av.)—Large, airy, nicely furnished room; telephones; elevator; good transportation. Close.

102D ST., 211 WEST.—Large outside room, suitable for two; Subway; exclusive; accessible. Inquire Superintendent.

102D ST., 303 WEST, Near Riverside Drive.—Very desirable rooms; private house; all conveniences; reference.

103D ST., 216, (corner Broadway.)—Unusually large, handsomely furnished outside room; private family. Apartment 2.

104TH ST., 247 WEST.—Private family, rent attractively furnished rooms; lavatory; 1 block Subway, 2 "L," two doors west Broadway. Walker.

104TH ST., 228 WEST.—Neatly furnished room; running water; board optional; "L," Subway; reasonable.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Exceptionally large, light room, private bath, in high-class apartment with family of three adults; gentlemen only. Janvier.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Comfortable single room; English family; gentleman preferred; call evening; references. Moore.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, Near Broadway.—Single light rooms, adjoining bath; elevator; telephone; references. Wells.

114TH ST., 508 WEST, (Apartment 62.)—Elegant room, adjoining bath; high-class elevator apartment; gentlemen.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Rooms; bachelor apartment; one block Subway; newly furnished. Hoag.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms, near Columbia; elevator; kitchen; ladies; permanent desired. Teed.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; elevator; telephone; references. Fort.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway, trolley. Smith.

121ST ST., 420 WEST.—Newly decorated, outside rooms; telephone; elevator; $4 to $8. Apartment 25.

122D ST., 309 WEST.—Front, attractive, modern rooms; telephone, electricity, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Miller.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Suites, private baths, showers; beautiful elevator apartment; single rooms; $3. Carter.

123D ST., 545 WEST.—Large, sunny room; also smaller one; near Subway; meals optional. Miller.

124TH ST., 429 WEST.—One, two well-furnished rooms; couple, business woman; conveniences; evenings. Castner.

130TH ST., 106 WEST.—Desirable, neatly furnished rooms; quiet neighborhood; all conveniences; telephone.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Well furnished large rooms; every convenience; attractive neighborhood; telephone, Subway, elevated.

160TH ST., 539 WEST.—Well-furnished, large; Subway, "L"; private family; home comforts; reasonable. Riegel.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 58, (120th.)—Front hall room, facing park; near bath; one flight. Gifford.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (127TH.)
Large, light room; phone Morningside 7028. Button.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 8, (opposite Washington Square.)—Large and small rooms; also front parlor elegantly furnished; electric light; telephone, &c.; moderate rates; gentlemen; references.

East Side.

11TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished; running water; southern exposure.

17TH ST., 180 EAST.—Well-furnished, pleasant rooms, large and small, for gentlemen.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers free; electricity; $5 weekly and up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming, large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, sunny front room; running water and telephone; gentlemen.

35TH, 15 EAST.
Large, small rooms, all conveniences; reasonable.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome suite, parlor, bedroom, bath; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Furnished rooms, with baths; gentlemen; references.

49TH ST., 50 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Very attractive rooms; clean, airy, and comfortable; telephone; references.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms; large, small; all improvements; telephone.

62D ST., 38 EAST.—Furnished rooms in private family.

COTTAGE, like country; young couple will rent one room, three windows; no other roomers; $6; references. 7493 Lenox. 18 East 90th St.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Box spring bed; special rates for tourists; front room; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Large, handsomely furnished parlor floor; suitable for physician or light business.

LEXINGTON AV., 622.—Large, furnished rooms, front, back; scrupulously clean; private bath; 1-2 people.

MADISON AV., 87, Near 28th.—Large room, suitable two gentlemen; other rooms; reasonable; comfortable, well-kept house; steam heat, telephone; reference.

MADISON AV., 115, near 30th St.—Desirable rooms; reasonable; references; telephone; gentlemen.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 1,041.—Physician can share office extension and waiting room; all handsomely furnished.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

BACHELOR of middle age would share with refined man of like age, large, double room, with closets, bath, &c.; good neighborhood, central west side. C 2 Times.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 66.—Elegant, sunny room, superior house, convenient Subway, $3.50; hall-room, $2.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 11.—Handsome rooms, overlooking water; accessible and aristocratic neighborhood; Wall St. ferry.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3; Heights.—Handsome rooms with private baths; instantaneous hot water; gentlemen; Wall St. Ferry.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

253 West 72d St.—Large second floor in private house; southern exposure; four large windows in front; private bath; suitable for bachelor apartments; convenient to Subway, Elevated, and cars.

58TH ST., 226 WEST.—Suite three rooms; hot and cold water, bath; yearly lease.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

GENTLEMAN wants large outside room or two smaller rooms with bath; only in first-class house and select neighborhood on west side, between 70th and 86th Sts., on or near Riverside Drive; state price and full particulars. E. K., Post Office Box 7, Station D, New York.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Apartment, seven outside rooms, with two baths, in one of the largest and finest apartments in the world, the Belnord, 86th and Broadway; electric lights, vacuum cleaning service, and refrigerator included; rental $2,700; will sublet at attractive figure to Oct. 1st, 1912. M. F. Murphy, 1,776 Broadway, New York.

102 WEST 93D ST.,
ADJOINING AQUEDUCT PARK.
Desirable corner apartment of seven large rooms, (opening direct on park or street;) hall attendance; rent $65.00.
Superintendent on premises,
or FIRM L. J. CARPENTER,
25 Liberty St.

Nicely furnished; mahogany; rugs; 6 rooms, southern exposure; all conveniences; delightful location; for one year; $90.00 per month; references required. Apply on premises, Apartment 33, 251 West 87th St.

CENTRAL PARK WEST,
NEAR 82D ST.
Eight large rooms, bath, steam heat, &c.; rental $780 per year. Apply THE MAZE REALTY COMPANY, 148 East 49th St.

471-473 CENTRAL PARK WEST.—LARGE, HOMELIKE APARTMENTS, EIGHT ROOMS AND BATH; COOL IN SUMMER, WARM IN WINTER; $720 to $

FLIES 96 MILES IN 69 MINUTES

Rodgers, Resuming Coast-to-Coast Trip from Middletown, Halts at Hancock.

ENGINE WORKING BADLY

That and an Approaching Storm Makes Him Discontinue Trip — Biplane Beats Special Train.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Sept. 21.—After being delayed three days by two accidents, the first of which smashed his biplane and necessitated new parts from the factory at Dayton, Ohio, Aviator Rodgers, who is seeking to win W. R. Hearst's prize of $50,000, resumed his coast-to-coast flight at Middletown, N. Y., at 2:29 this afternoon, but had to stop again because of engine trouble near Hancock, covering a distance of 96 miles in 69 minutes.

Rodgers made a circuit of Middletown before starting, and went close to the State asylum, so that the inmates might see him in the air. He turned westward and arrived at this city at 2:50, making twenty-one miles at the rate of a mile a minute. He did not follow the Erie tracks, but struck across the northern part of the city, thereby saving several miles.

Business was suspended as he flew past here. The Erie shop whistles announced his arrival. School children were excused, and hundreds crowded the tops of buildings.

Rodgers's flight west of this city was much faster than east of here. His speed was so great that a special train following him at a speed of a mile a minute was left far behind. In thirty-two minutes after leaving this place Rodgers was at Callicoon. This was a scheduled stopping place, but the machine was working well and he decided to make up for lost time, but as Hancock was to be seen in the distance, the spark plug of the engine began working badly and the aviator decided to make a landing. In doing so the biplane struck hard and the frame was slightly damaged.

The special train soon arrived at the scene. An approaching storm caused early darkness, and Rodgers was forced to abandon his trip for the day, having gained eleven miles on Ward, who flew eighty-seven miles, from Addison to Attica.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 21.—The flight from this city made by Rodgers at 2:20 this afternoon was one of the most successful ever made by an aviator. He went up from the fair grounds in the presence of thousands, and reached Port Jervis, a distance of twenty-eight miles, in less than twenty-seven minutes. Thence he continued his flight high above the mountains until he was lost to view. When Rodgers left this city whistles were blown and bells rung. Before leaving here Rodgers received the following telegram from Ward at Addison:

"Hope you are ready and have best of luck. I expect to leave here in a few minutes. Had bad luck last night. Hope it changes for both of us."

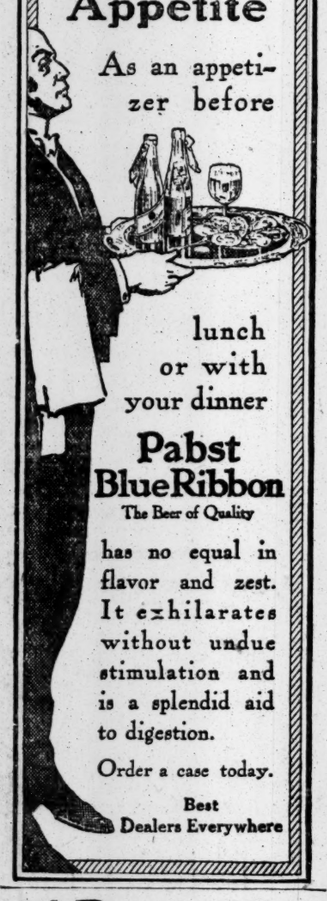
Rodgers was determined that everything should be all right before he started, and several times when his men declared that the machine could not be improved he ordered that something be changed so as to increase his chances of making extra good time and insure greater safety among the clouds. He said he did not intend to take any chances even if he was compelled to remain here a week in further preparation.

No Hope for ex-Gov. Proctor.

PROCTOR, Vt., Sept. 21.—There is no hope for the recovery of ex-Gov. Fletcher D. Proctor, who has been suffering from endocarditis since July. An official statement to that effect was issued to-day by his physicians.

Whet Your Appetite

As an appetizer before



lunch or with your dinner

Pabst Blue Ribbon

The Beer of Quality

has no equal in flavor and zest. It exhilarates without undue stimulation and is a splendid aid to digestion.

Order a case today.

Best Dealers Everywhere

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St

nother Smart Derby

Low crown, wide brim.

Flexible, Feather-weight.

$1.90.

They are real $3.00 quality.

French Sof. Hats (*3 colors*) $2.90.

They have foreign style touches and of feather lightness.

Stitched Cloth Hats $1.25 & $1.90.

All Middlemen's Profits Saved!

WOMAN ON SUBWAY TRACKS.

Found Unconscious Against a Pillar, Suffering from Serious Injuries.

A track walker on the Subway found the body and limbs of an unconscious woman wrapped about a pillar in the Subway between the downtown local and express tracks about twenty-five feet from the Southern end of the Ninety-sixth Street Express Station soon after 8 o'clock yesterday morning. About the same time a platform man at the station picked up a woman's hat and a parcel believed to have belong to the woman.

When the trains on both downtown tracks had been flagged and she had been carried to the station it was seen that she had been severely injured. A hurry call brought an ambulance from the J. Hood Wright Hospital. The surgeon found the woman suffering from a cut in the leg, internal injuries, and contusions almost all over the body. The police thought she must have been thrown against the pillar and cut and bruised by passing trains. How she got there they could not tell. A man on the uptown platform said he had seen a woman on the opposite station staggering as if from dizziness, but in the rush of the crowd lost sight of her.

She was taken to the hospital, where she remained in a semi-conscious condition throughout the day. Late last night, however, the house surgeon succeeded in learning from her that her name was Susan Coyle, but the address in West 158th Street proved to be erroneous.

The police do not think she attempted suicide, and no charge has been made against her. Her condition is critical.

EXPLOSIONS UNDER CARS.

Passengers on Two Cars of the Franklin Line Feel the Shocks.

Two explosions under passing cars of the Franklin Avenue line of the Brooklyn & Coney Island Railroad Company occurred last night, within a few minutes of each other. The first was in Franklin Avenue, between Crown and Montgomery Streets, about 7 o'clock, and the other occurred ten minutes later, near Lincoln Place, six blocks away. No one was injured, and the damage was slight.

Car 504 of the Franklin Avenue line was passing on the northbound tracks when the pasengers were frightened by a loud report directly under it. The conductor and motorman could find no trace of the explosive. Car 348 was pasing on the southbound tracks when the second explosion occurred under it, shattering the car windows. Pasengers left the car, preferring to walk for the rest of their journey.

These explosions were only two of a series that have occurred on the tracks of the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company in the last few weeks. No damage has been caused beyond the smashing of a few windows.

There was a strike on all the lines of this company, with the exception of the De Kalb Avenue branch of the road, on Aug. 5. The strike was lost. Neither the railroad company nor the police intimate, however, that the explosions have any connection with the strikers, but it was intimated that the work may have been done by strike sympathizers.

DIGNITY VINDICATED.

City College Sophs Give Notice of a Notable Victory.

"I am the President of the upper sophomore class of the City College," said a voice over the telephone last night. "To-day my class avenged the freshman insults of yesterday. We went up on the campus 100 strong, and routed the freshmen, keeping them from their classes and capturing 75 hats and caps, not of the variety which freshmen are required to wear, according to upper class rules.

"We took three freshmen prisoners and proceeded to haze them. We clothed them in nightgowns, painted their faces, and placarded them with their class numerals. Then we marched them through 135th Street, down Lenox Avenue to 110th Street, over to Fifth Avenue, and up to Mount Morris Park. There we made them swim races on the grass, push pennies on the sidewalk with their noses, and fight pencil duels.

"I think we have defended the dignity of our class from the afronts of the freshmen on Wednesday, reported in to-day's TIMES.

PAROLE FOR JOHN R. WALSH.

Chicago Banker to be Released from Leavenworth Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 21.—Confirmation of a report that John R. Walsh, former Chicago bank President, is soon to leave his prison cell in Leavenworth, Kan., and return to his home was received by his personal attorney, George P. Buckingham, to-night. Mr. Buckingham got a semi-official communication from the Department of Justice in Washington to the effect that a parole would be granted the aged banker when the Parole Board meets in Leavenworth next Monday.

Walsh is expected to be back in Chicago with his family by Wednesday or Thursday of next week.

Richard Walsh, son of the banker, who has fought persistently for his father's release, is planning to be the first to greet him as he steps out of prison. Walsh's health is good, and prison life does not seem to have injured him physically in spite of his advanced age.

SOLD DEFENSE SECRETS.

Employe of Shipbuilding Company Indicted by Federal Jury.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—Joseph A. Barraja Frauenfelda, a draughtsman employed by the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, who was arrested to-day on the charge of disclosing National defense secrets, having been secretly indicted by the Federal Grand Jury, was arraigned before Judge Dodge and bail was set at $3,000. As it was not furnished, the defendant was sent to the Charles Street Jail to await trial.

Frauenfelda has been an employe of the Electric Boat Company, and is accused of having sold a New York magazine story in which he disclosed certain secrets of submarines.

STOWAWAYS ON CARPATHIA.

Eight Italians, Who Wanted to Go Home, Sent Ashore on a Pilot Boat.

When the Cunard liner Carpathia left her pier yesterday for the Mediterranean the officers began to find stowaways. By the time the vessel had passed Quarantine eight were marshaled on the upper deck. The men, mostly young Italians, all said life in America was hard and they wanted to return home now the frost was coming. They expected to be discovered, and they expected to work.

Most of them were hidden in the coal bunkers.

As the pilot had not left the vessel he volunteered to land the eight, so all went over the side, and two hours later were landed by the pilot boat New Jersey on Staten Island.

John S. Church's Will Filed.

MINEOLA, L. I., Sept. 21.—The will of John S. Church, for many years a member of the clothing firm of C. M. Church's Sons of 120 Park Row, New York, who died at his country residence at Rockville Centre, L. I., on May 28, was filed for probate here to-day in the Surrogate's Court. The will gives to the wife, who is appointed executrix, the decedent's individual interest in the premises and building at 120 Park Row.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:30—116 West 14th St., Dix estate	None
12:45—346 East 76th St., Charles Peroni	$10
1:50—540 West 47th St., Philip Canfield	$100
8:00—239 5th St., John Ginto	$10
8:05—122-124 East 113th St., William Daniels	Slight
8:19—350 Pearl St., owner unknown	Trifling
11:15—308 East 46th St., Margaret Riester.	Slight
P. M.	
12:50—2 Decot Place, John Marquette	$150
12:50—508 East 117th St., Consolidated Dyeing & Cleaning Co.	Trifling
1:30—600 11th Av.; Frank Lenon	$110
3:05—3,541 White Plains Road; R. Shields.	$25
4:20—734 East 9th St.; Abraham Stark.	Trifling
5:48—401 East 60th St.; Mrs. I. Collins.	$50
6:55—2,506 2d Av.; J. Wallach	Trifling
8:15—445 West 32d St.; C. Schleich.	Trifling
8:25—567 Amsterdam Av.; J. Whalen.	Trifling
9:30—4th Av. draw bridge; New York Central Railroad	Trifling
10:30—972 3d Av.; G. Schaeffer	$2,000
10:40—292 Bleecker St.; G. Thaenl	Trifling
11:10—770 10th Av.; Louis Bull	$200

MEDICAL SCHOOLS THAT NEED CLOSING

Abraham Flexner Thinks Many of Them Turn Out Low-Grade Physicians.

PUTS BLAME ON HOSPITALS

Says They Tend to Encourage Small Colleges of Doubtful Standing in the Profession.

A feature of the session yesterday of the American Hospital Association at the Murray Hill Hotel was the renewal by Abraham Flexner of the Carnegie Foundation of his fight on small and inefficient medical colleges.

According to Mr. Flexner, there are many small colleges turning out medical students who obtain their admission to these particular colleges on a flimsy grammar school education, and leave the school of medicine with an equally insecure footing in the profession

Mr. Flexner pointed with pride to the fact that twenty of the medical colleges of this class were put out of business in the last year, mainly, he asserted, as a result of a campaign among the hospitals that permitted them to flourish. He said that the main supporters of such medical schools are the hospitals in their respective towns, which permit the students to glean what knowledge they may from the institutions. In many instances, Mr. Flexner said, this assistance is given grudgingly. If withdrawn altogether, he said, the result would be for the betterment of the profession.

"Hospitals cannot subserve the purposes for which they are established," Mr. Flexner said, "unless well-trained doctors can be found to man them. Well-trained doctors must be educated largely in hospital wards. If hospitals do not afford medical schools abundant facilities for clinical instruction the hospitals must find themselves unable to discharge the function for which they exist."

He pointed out that hospitals are local institutions and that "it is as much the business of the community to look after its own wear and tear in human life as it is the business of the same community to keep its own streets in repair."

"Before the hospital opens its wards to educational uses," the speaker said, "it not only may, but must satisfy itself that the medical school applying for its privileges has in the first place enrolled a competent student body, that it has provided adequate facilities for instruction in the underlying medical sciences, both in the way of laboratories and teaching staff, and that it is prepared to take upon itself whatsoever financial obligation is incurred by introducing teaching and research into hospital wards."

Mr. Flexner named several medical colleges which, he said, ought to be closed. In the discussion which followed Mr. Flexner's address, Mrs. Margaret Engelhart, President of the Association of the Frances E. Willard Hospital of Chicago, rose at the end of the discourse and said:

"I think Mr. Flexner must be mistaken in his opinion of some of the colleges he has spoken about. At least one, to my knowledge, produces as fine a student body as could be desired, and any graduate of that school is welcome on our staff if there is a vacancy."

WIDE SEARCH FOR SLAYERS.

Jewelers Determined to Get Men Who Killed Adolph Stern.

All of the 10,000 manufacturing, jobbing, and retail jewelers in the United States will aid in the search for the three men who killed Adolph Stern, the jeweler's clerk, and robbed his employer of gems valued at $5,000 six weeks ago, if plans of the associated jewelers are approved.

Any part or all of the $10,000 "fighting fund" and more is to be used to run the murderers down. The associated manufacturers have law firms in every city, and in turn the lawyers have agents in their employ. This is part of the machinery that is to be set at work.

Stored away in the files of 30,000 names there is a record of every crook in the country who has been convicted of defrauding the trade. Close watch is kept on these men, and the agents can usually hit their trail on short notice.

AN BELMONT ARROW Notch COLLAR

"Get the knack of the NOTCH"

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. AROUND THE WORLD. SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES. DALY'S, B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w 2:15. New Song-Play. WHEN SWEET SIXTEEN. Marie Elliott's Thea., 39th, Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Mat. To-m'w 2:30. Ev. 8:30. Last 2 Weeks. HENRIETTA CROSMAN in THE REAL THING. William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-morrow 2:30. An Auto-Comedy. SPEED. 39th Street Thea. 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last 2 weeks. Mat. To-morrow 2:15. JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas' greatest work, AS A MAN THINKS. LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evenings 8:20. Mat. To-morrow 2:20. EVERYWOMAN. OWING TO PREVIOUS BOOKING ARRANGEMENTS, THE ENGAGEMENT OF "EVERYWOMAN" WILL TERMINATE ON SEPT. 30th. WEST END, 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15. Wm. Faversham in the Faun. Next Week—POMANDER WALK. Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Twice daily, 2:30 and 8:30. KINEMACOLOR MOTION PICTURES of the Coronation. 25c., 50c.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:10. Mat. To-morrow 2:10. New Viennese Operetta, THE KISS WALTZ. BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. LEW FIELDS Last Week THE HEN PECKS. BIJOU, B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w. CYRIL SCOTT in MODERN MARRIAGE. WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th. Tel. 411 Columbus. Nights 50c. to $2.50. Mats. Tues. and Sat., 50c. to $1.50. Smoking Permitted. Beginning WED. EVE. SEPT. 27. GABY DESLYS in "LES DEBUTS DE CHICHINE." REVUE OF REVUES. COMPANY OF 200. AUCTION SALE OF SEATS AND BOXES AT THE CASINO TO-DAY AT 2:30. MLLE. DESLYS AND OTHER FAMOUS STARS AS AUCTIONEERS. PLAYHOUSE 48 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:10. Last 2 nights—THE RACK. Last Mat. To-m'w. Next Tuesday—BOUGHT AND PAID FOR. MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th St. & 8th Av. Robert B. MANTELL To-night 8:15. MERCHANT OF VENICE. Next Week BABY MINE MARGUERITE CLARK And Original Cast. MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. Kinemacolor Motion Pictures of the Coronation. 25c., 50c.

ASTOR Broadway, 45th St. Evenings 8:20. First Matinee Saturday 2:15. WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED. The New Comedy by A. E. THOMAS. WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:20. "Not since the curtain was drawn on the careers of Henry Irving and Richard Mansfield has a New York audience witnessed a performance that could approach it."—Louis De Foe in The N. Y. World. GEORGE ARLISS IN DISRAELI. "'Disraeli' is an artistic triumph for both Mr. Arliss and Mr. Parker. It will be one of the few really popular plays of the new season."—Acton Davies in Evening Sun. CENTURY (Formerly NEW THEATRE). 62d St. & 8th Av. Tel. 8800 Col. Evgs. 8:20. Mat. Wed. 3:30. Sat. Mat. 2:20. PRICES 50c. to $2. THE BLUE BIRD. LAST 11 TIMES in NEW YORK. Before Leaving for a Year's Tour. REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. "A SENSATION AND A NOVELTY"—ACTON DAVIES. "FIRST REAL SUCCESS OF THE SEASON"—ALAN DALE. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN. A New Comedy Drama by William C. de Mille. BELASCO Theatre. 44th St., near B'way. DAVID BELASCO presents for 4 Weeks only, ending Oct. 14. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. The Concert. COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Irene Franklin, Jack Wilson & Co., Edgar Atchison-Ely & Co., others. ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Amelia Bingham, Alda Overton Walker & Co., Clarice Vance, others. BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. Wm. Courtleigh & Co., "A Japanese Honeymoon," Cliff Gordon, others. GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre, B'way, 43d St. Ev. 8:15. Last Matinee To-morrow 2:15. NEXT MONDAY. Seats Now Selling. GET-RICH-QUICK WALLINGFORD. NEXT MONDAY. Seat Sale To-day. GEO. M. COHAN in "THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE." GRAND Opera House, 23 St. & 8 Av. 7 DAYS Mat. To-morrow. Next Week—THE COUNTRY BOY. MINER'S 8TH AVE. BOWERY BRONX. BARGAIN MATINEE EVERY DAY. THE GAY WIDOWS. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT. B'WAY GAIETY GIRLS. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT. THE BIG REVIEW. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT. MUSIC HALL. AMERICAN THEATRE. 42d, W. of Broadway. 8:15 P. M., 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts. Baseball games reported by innings at the Matinee. 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c. Continuous Vaudeville. PROSPECT THEATRE. Prospect & Westchester Aves. Mat. To-day. Next Week—"THE THREE OF US." THE KREUTZER SONATA. HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th St. Matinee Daily. TAXI GIRLS & Farrell-Taylor Trio. Next Week—THE MAJESTICS. 5TH AVE. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. B'way, 28th St. LILLIAN RUSSELL, Stepp, Mehlinger & King, Ed. Wynn, Kalmer & Brown. HAMMERSTEIN'S. 42 St. Ev. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. Dope (realistic playlet), Frank Fogarty, Willard Simms, Yorke & Adams, &c. EDEN MUSEE. WORLD IN WAX. U. S. Presidents' Masks. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. CORONATION GROUPS AND PICTURES. ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 19, 20 & 30c. CARMEN. OLYMPIC. East 14th St. Mat. Today. Seats 25c. THE WORLD OF PLEASURE. MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15. THE SOCIAL MAIDS.

EMPIRE B'way 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success. A SINGLE MAN. HUDSON 44 St., near B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:30. THE LAUGH PENNANT WINNER. FRANK McINTYRE SNOBS. —IN— THE HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:15. ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success. MAGGIE PEPPER. FOLIES BERGERE 46 St., B'way. TO-NIGHT 8:15 to 11. First Time. The New Revue A la Broadway. And from 11:15 P.M. to 1 A.M., CABARET SHOW. Popular Prices. Matinees Wed. and Sat. Restaurant (a la carte) 6 P. M. to 1 P. M. KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8. Mat. To-morrow 2. "SIREN WALTZ INTOXICATES."—Alan Dale. DONALD BRIAN IN THE GREAT MUSICAL PLAY THE SIREN. Cast of 100, including Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, etc. CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. THE GREAT BIG HUMAN PLAY. "DESERVED SUCCESS."—World. "ENDURING SUCCESS."—TIMES. "POPULAR SUCCESS."—SUN. PASSERS-BY. C. HADDON CHAMBERS' GREATEST PLAY. "REAL SUCCESS."—EVE. WORLD. "POPULAR SUCCESS."—POST. "FASCINATING."—HERALD. THE GREAT CAST. LYCEUM B'way and 45th St. Evs. 8:15. First Mat To-morrow 2:15. "PICTURESQUE MELODRAMA WITH THRILLS."—TIMES. "WELL WORTH SEEING."—SUN. "WELCOME PLAY, ADDS TO YEAR'S SUCCESSES."—COM'C'L. "FINE PICTURE OF ORIENT."—JOURNAL OF COMMERCE. HENRY B. HARRIS presents THE ARAB. A PLAY OF THE ORIENT. By EDGAR SELWYN. NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe. THE PINK LADY. LIBERTY W. 42d St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-morrow & Wed. 2:15. POP. MATINEE WEDNESDAY 50c. to $1.50. JULIAN ELTINGE in THE FASCINATING WIDOW. GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30. Henry W. Savage offers the Laughter Carnival. EXCUSE ME. MAKES EVEN THE DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND LAUGH. NEED ANY MORE BE SAID? JOE WEBER'S B'way & 30 St. Evs. 8:30. EDMUND BREESE Matinees To-m'w & Wed. 2:30 in A MAN OF HONOR. Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE. Mat. Wed. 50c. to $1.50. COLUMBIA. BURLESQUE. Mat. To-day 15, 25, 50c. B'way & 47th Evgs. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1. Smoking.

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